

Computational Design Driven by Visual Aesthetic Preference

その他のタイトル	見た目の審美的好ましさを指標とするコンピューショナルデザイン
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crowdsourced human computation. The estimated preference distribution is then used in a novel design interface to facilitate manual design exploration.

2. The second method also estimates a preference distribution and uses it for facilitating manual exploration, but the estimation is based on the editing history of the target user. Along with this history-based preference estimation technique, we also propose a workflow to effectively gather and utilize the user's editing history in practical scenarios.
3. The third method directly searches the target design space for the best parameter set that maximizes aesthetic preference, without requiring the user of this method to manually tweak parameters. This is enabled by constructing an optimization framework using crowdsourced human computation.

We evaluated these three methods mainly in the scenario of photo color enhancement, but we also demonstrate applications to other various design domains, including lighting design for 3-dimensional computer graphics and facial expression modeling of a virtual avatar. The results showed that every proposed method was able to computationally handle either general or personal aesthetic preference, and worked in meaningful ways for supporting design activities. We envision that these methods and the lessons learned through this study will become fundamentals of future researches on computational design methods for more complex design scenarios beyond parameter tweaking.