

Preliminary Report
of
The *Hakuhō* Maru Cruise KH-75-4

June 21 - August 18, 1975
The northern North Pacific
and the Bering Sea

Ocean Research Institute
University of Tokyo
1977

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Preliminary Report of The Hakuhō Maru Cruise KH-75-4
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p.46, line 15	(Fig. 4)	(Fig. 3)
p.53, Table 35 title	Submarine irradiance and transparency in the Bering Sea	Submarine irradiance and transparency in the Bering Sea and the northern North Pacific
p.56, line 11 (from bottom)	for a 3 hr.	for 3 hr.
p.61, line 2	30 of the sea water	30 l of the sea water
p.64, line 5 (from bottom)	Three hydred	Three hundred
p.77, line 6	Tsuji (1975)	Tsuji et al. (1976)
p.87, line 5	Fig.15	Fig.14

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By
The Scientific Members of the Expedition
Edited by
Akihiko HATTORI
1977

Preface

The KH-75-4 Cruise of the R. V. Hakuho Maru of the University of Tokyo was conducted June 21 through August 18, 1975. This volume contains the hydrographic data obtained on the cruise and brief summaries of the research work carried out by individual scientists aboard.

The importance of integrated oceanographic research on such problems as why and how high biological productivity in the boreal areas of the northern North Pacific and the Bering Sea are maintained was discussed and recognized in the International Symposium for the Oceanographic Studies of the Bering Sea* held in Hakodate in 1972 and the succeeding US-Japan Seminar** held in Fairbanks in 1974. This cruise forms an initial and preliminary phase of the integrated and international research program recommended by these conferences.

Twenty seven scientists from 8 universities and research institutions participated in this cruise, and the study was undertaken under an interdisciplinary coordination.

On behalf of the scientists aboard, I wish to express my appreciation to Captain I. Tadama, the other officers and the crew members of the Hakuho Maru for their capable cooperation. I also acknowledge Dr. D. W. Hood, Institute Marine Science, University of Alaska, and Mr. Kent Turner, the Captain of the R. V. Acona, for their kind assistance in making this cruise possible and successful, Drs. G. L. Pickard and T. R. Parsons, Institute of Oceanography, University of British Columbia, and Drs. G. H. Geen and M. Waldichuk,

* D. W. Hood and E. J. Kelley, eds, 1974. Oceanography of the Bering Sea. Occasional Publication No. 2, Institute of Marine Science, University of Alaska, Fairbanks, 623 pp.

** D. W. Hood and Y. Takenouti, eds, 1975. Bering Sea Oceanography: An Update. Institute of Marine Science, University of Alaska, Fairbanks, 292 pp.

Department of Environment, Canada, for their hospitality during our visit to Vancouver, and Miss Masaе Ohtsu, for her help in compiling this volume.

Akihiko Hattori

Chief Scientist

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Outline of the cruise

The cruise consisted of three legs: Leg 1, from Tokyo to Dutch Harbor, Alaska; Leg 2, from Dutch Harbor, Alaska, to Vancouver, B. C.; and Leg 3, from Vancouver, B. C. to Tokyo (Fig. 1). The location of the hydrographic stations and the dates are given in Table 1.

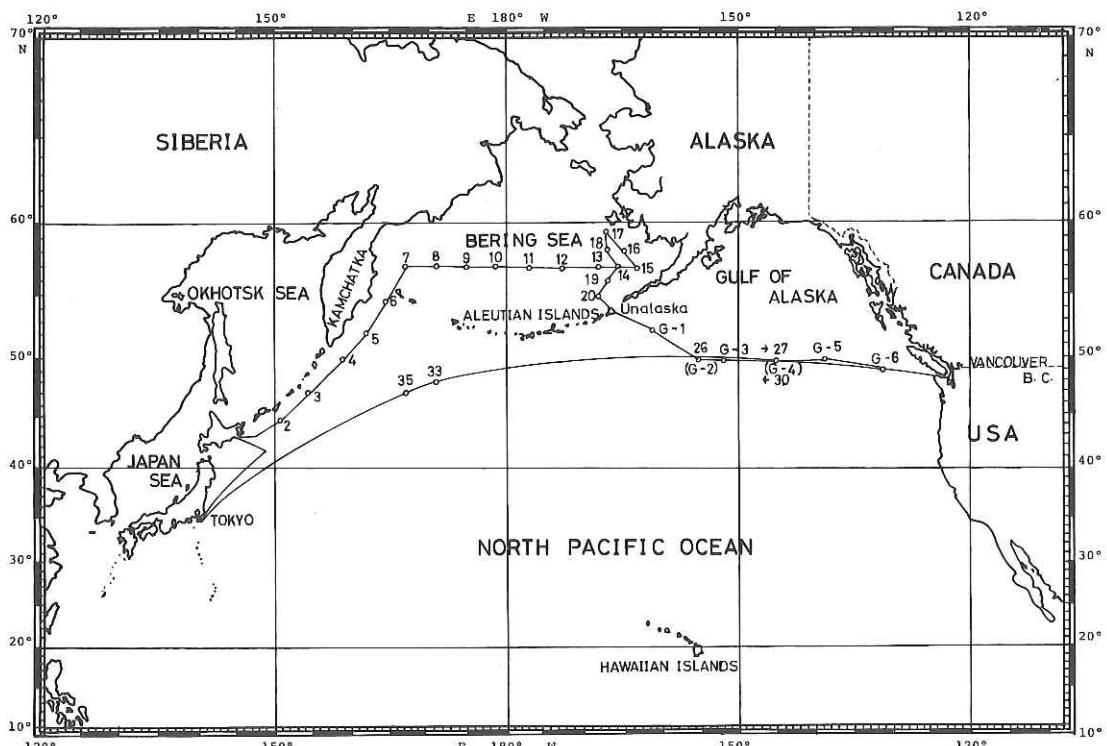


Fig. 1. Track chart of the KH-75-4 Cruise of the Hakuho Maru

Emphasis was placed on chemical, biochemical and biological aspects with special reference to cycling of biophilic elements. At each station, information was collected for: (1) distribution of temperature and salinity (2) distribution of oxygen, nutrients, chlorophylls, trace metals, dissolved and particulate organic matter, stable and radioactive nuclides, and (3) distribution of phytoplankton, zooplankton and micronekton. The ship board experiments were simultaneously carried out with respect to carbon, nitrogen and silica metabolism, using isotope tracer techniques. Experiments were also made to examine the possible effects of naturally occurring trace metals on the ecosystem.

At selected stations, some bottom sediment samples were collected using piston core samplers and/or gravity core samplers to examine their chemical and geological characteristics. Current meters and sediment traps were also installed to obtain direct information for water movement and vertical transfer of particulate matter. Solar radiation and gravity were continuously recorded throughout the cruise.

The names and specialities of the 27 scientists who participated in this cruise are listed in Table 2.

Table 1. Location of hydrographic stations and dates

Stations	Latitudes	Longitudes	Dates	
Leave Tokyo				
2	44°31.0'-44°34.5'N	151°01.0'-150°58.8'E	6/21	1400
4	49°30.7'-49°39.1'	158°03.5'-158°02.2'	6/26-6/27	2205-0328
5	51°59.8'-51°59.6'	161°59.6'-162°05.6'	6/29	0131-1214
6	54°30.4'-54°36.8'	164°25.0'-164°34.1'	6/30	0525-1555
7	56°59.3'-57°00.1'	167°00.5'-167°01.5'	7/ 1	0706-2044
8	57°00.1'-57°00.0'	171°00.4'-171°04.8'	7/ 2-7/ 4	0935-1706
9	56°59.9'-56°59.8'	174°58.7'-174°53.6'	7/ 5	0347-1243
10	57°00.7'-57°01.8'	178°59.9'-179°15.8'	7/ 6	0013-1403
11	57°00.3'-57°09.6'	177°00.0'-177°11.0'W	7/ 7-7/ 8	0105-1605
12	57°00.4'-57°01.0'	172°28.7'-172°28.2'	7/ 9	0519-1038
13	56°59.5'-56°58.5'	168°00.5'-167°59.6'	7/ 9-7/10	2259-0146
14	56°58.8'-56°59.4'	165°36.1'-165°31.6'	7/10	0903-1346
15	56°59.6'-56°59.6'	162°59.0'-162°52.7'	7/10	2045-2258
16	58°15.2'-58°17.2'	164°55.9'-164°54.3'	7/11	0644-0821
17	59°30.8'-59°34.5'	166°58.3'-167°00.3'	7/11	1707-1944
18	58°15.7'-58°17.2'	167°01.0'-167°00.1'	7/12	0548-0733
19	56°00.3'-55°59.6'	167°00.0'-167°01.1'	7/13	0029-0229
20	54°59.7'-55°02.2'	168°00.7'-168°08.5'	7/13	0830-1957
Arrive Dutch Harbor			7/14	0900
Leave Dutch Harbor			7/16	1400
G-1	52°09.9'-52°09.5'	161°01.6'-161°01.4'	7/17	0810-0857
G-2 (26)	49°59.7'-49°56.7'	155°00.1'-155°04.8'	7/18	0613-2153
G-3	49°57.5'-49°58.1'	151°38.9'-151°36.7'	7/19	0805-0844
G-4 (27)	49°59.6'-50°01.1'	144°40.9'-144°29.5'	7/20	0517-1005
G-5	49°54.5'-49°54.7'	138°48.1'-138°48.2'	7/21	0804-0837
G-6	49°20.3'-49°20.7'	131°20.8'-131°22.1'	7/22	0804-0847
30	49°59.2'-50°01.0'	144°28.2'-145°02.6'	8/ 2-8/ 4	1923-0954
33	47°55.9'-47°56.2'	171°00.7'-170°57.7'	8/11	0505-2150
35	46°58.1'-46°56.8'	167°00.8'-167°00.7'	8/12	1137-1557

Table 2. Scientists aboard

<u>Akihiko HATTORI</u>	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biochemistry
Chief Scientist		
Takahisa NEMOTO	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biology
Toshisuke NAKAI	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Physical Oceanography
Hirotaka OTOBE	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Physical Oceanography
Kenichi SATAKE	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biochemistry
Isao KOIKE	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biochemistry
Toshiro SAINO	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biochemistry
Hitoshi IIZUMI	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biochemistry
Takashi ISHIMARU	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Biology
Hiromi FUJIMOTO	Ocean Res. Inst., Univ. of Tokyo	Geophysics
Shizuo TSUNOGAI	Fac. Fisheries, Hokkaido Univ.	Geochemistry
Masao MINAGAWA	Fac. Fisheries, Hokkaido Univ.	Geochemistry
Shigeki KONISHI	Fac. Fisheries, Hokkaido Univ.	Geochemistry
Masashi KUSAKABE	Fac. Fisheries, Hokkaido Univ.	Geochemistry
Takayoshi SHINAGAWA	Fac. Fisheries, Hokkaido Univ.	Geochemistry
Megumu KAMBA	Fac. Fisheries, Hokkaido Univ.	Biology
Satoshi NISHIZAWA	Fac. Agr. Sci., Tohoku Univ.	Biological Oceanography
Toshihiro ICHIKAWA	Fac. Agr. Sci., Tohoku Univ.	Biological Oceanography
Kazuo ISEKI	Fac. Agr. Sci., Tohoku Univ.	Biological Oceanography
Yasuhiro SATOH	Fac. Sci., Yamagata Univ.	Geochemistry
Masaru MAYEDA	Tokyo Univ. of Fisheries	Geochemistry
Kenzo TAKANO	Inst. Phys. Chem. Res.	Physical Oceanography
Nobuhiko HANDA	Water Res. Inst., Nagoya Univ.	Chemistry
Katsuji MATSUNAGA	Water Res. Inst., Nagoya Univ.	Chemistry
Eiichiro TANOUYE	Water Res. Inst., Nagoya Univ.	Chemistry
R. J. Barsdate	Inst. Marine Sci., Univ. of ALASKA	Geochemistry
J. J. Goering	Inst. Marine Sci., Univ. of ALASKA	Biological Oceanography

Hydrographic observations

Nansen bottle casts were made to collect information for water temperature, salinity, concentration of dissolved oxygen, inorganic nutrients and others. Large volumes of water samples were simultaneously collected by van Dorn bottles (25 l), and chlorophyll content, mass of total seston, particulate carbon and nitrogen, and species composition of phytoplankton were determined. The names of the persons who conducted the measurements are given after each item.

Water temperature was measured by a pair of protected reversing thermometers. The sampling depths were estimated from wire lengths, wire angles and the differences between readings of protected and unprotected reversing thermometers (Nakai and Otobe). Salinity was determined using an Auto Lab 601 MK III inductive salinometer (Otobe, Iizumi, Koike, Saino and Kanba).

Dissolved oxygen was determined by the Winkler method (Maeda). pH was measured with a pH meter, and the alkalinity was estimated, according to Strickland and Parsons (1972), from the pH shift after the addition of a definite amount of HCl to sea water samples (Konishi, Ichikawa and Tsunogai).

Reactive silicate was determined by a modification of the method described in the Manual of Oceanographic Observations (Oceanographic Society of Japan, 1970) (Minagawa and Tsunogai); reactive phosphate by the method of Murphy and Riley (1962) (Kusakabe and Tsunogai); total phosphate by the method of Menzel and Corwin (1965) (Matsunaga). Nitrate was determined by a modification of the method of Wood, Armstrong and Richards (1967) (Shinagawa and Tsunogai); nitrite by the method of Bendschneider and Robinson (1952) (Koike, Saino and Iizumi); and ammonia by the method of Sagi (1966) as modified by Hattori and Wada (1971) (Koike, Saino and Iizumi) and by a modification of the method of Matsunaga and Nishimura (1974) (Shinagawa, Izeki and Tsunogai).

Particulate matter was collected on a Whatman type C glass fibre filter. Chlorophylls were determined by the spectrophotometric method and/or the fluorometric method as described by Strickland and Parsons (1972) (Tanoue and Handa), and C and N contents by a dry combustion technique using a Yanagimoto CHN analyzer (Handa, Matsunaga and Tanoue). Standing crops and species composition of phytoplankton were determined by direct counting under a microscope with aliquots of water samples treated with 5% formalin (Nemoto and Ishimaru).

The data available at present are tabulated in Tables 3 - 32, and cross sections of oceanographic parameters along 57°N are illustrated in Figs. 2 - 8.

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Table 3. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 2*

	Date	Time	Lat ^b	Long ^b	Depth																				
Dep.	Temp.	Sal.	σ_t (‰)	Δ_{st} (cl/ton)	O _t (ml/l)	O _{sat.} (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk	PO ₄ -P (μ g/l)	Tot-P (μ g/l)	SiO ₂ -Si (μ g at/l)	NO ₂ -N	NO _x -N	NH ₃ -N (μ g/l)										
0	7.9	32.921	25.68	232	7.166	7.285	106.8	108.6	-0.465	-0.574	8.292	8.273	2.274	1.10	1.06	1.43	39.5	45	9.3	9.6	0.12	1.9	2.0		
10	7.78	952	72	228	7.393	7.368	109.9	109.5	-0.665	-0.640	280	276	279	276	0.97	1.03	1.43	1.40	39	40	8.7	9.9	2.6	2.6	3.7
30	3.25	33.053	26.33	170	7.533	7.532	100.5	100.5	-0.038	-0.037	107	103	263	263	1.77	1.70	1.53	1.91	51	51	-	19.8	21.6	40	2.7
51	1.99	127	50	155	7.444	7.409	95.7	95.8	0.330	0.325	083	086	279	279	1.88	1.84	2.12	1.97	53	53	22.2	21.0	72	2.7	2.9
76	1.25	224	63	142	6.872	6.864	87.2	87.1	1.006	1.014	022	025	270	265	2.12	2.16	2.26	2.14	56	61	-	26.7	16	72	3.5
101	1.38	331	70	135	5.954	5.947	75.9	75.8	1.891	1.898	7.924	7.938	286	282	2.33	2.34	2.52	2.40	73	64	24.6	25.4	17	1.8	2.0
152	1.69	487	81	125	4.521	4.512	58.1	58.0	3.250	3.262	824	829	296	298	2.62	2.68	3.03	2.81	83	79	26.6	25.4	15	1.3	-
202	2.38	682	91	116	3.049	3.065	40.0	40.0	4.580	4.564	727	737	313	313	2.84	2.95	2.89	2.95	99	95	30.2	-	06	2.3	0.9
253	2.48	761	76	110	2.469	2.430	32.5	32.0	5.137	5.116	685	690	328	330	3.10	3.07	3.07	3.10	106	98	32.0	32.1	22	1.7	-
303	2.49	841	27.02	104	2.205	2.168	29.0	28.5	5.395	5.431	657	659	351	354	2.91	2.93	3.03	3.03	109	111	34.6	33.2	23	1.3	0.8
503	2.99	34.088	18	90	0.935	0.899	12.5	12.0	6.557	6.593	611	623	355	356	3.28	3.25	3.33	3.33	128	136	41.1	41.1	62	0.3	-
706	3.10	298	34	75	1.004	0.993	13.4	13.3	6.457	6.468	649	656	375	377	3.19	3.18	3.22	3.18	138	141	42.8	43.0	03	1.3	-
897	2.64	358	43	66	0.805	0.852	10.7	11.3	6.740	6.693	651	653	392	402	3.10	3.15	3.40	3.32	155	153	38.1	37.6	05	1.2	0.3
1081	2.45	431	50	59	1.003	0.999	13.2	13.2	6.574	6.578	661	661	409	407	2.97	2.98	2.99	2.97	150	150	-	28.2	28.9	01	1.2
1254	2.25	458	54	56	1.134	1.130	14.9	14.9	6.480	6.485	651	661	406	403	3.25	3.17	3.29	3.17	169	164	39.1	38.9	03	0.0	0.3
1392	2.12	469	56	54	1.343	1.322	17.6	17.3	6.296	6.317	676	678	417	418	3.26	3.15	3.28	3.13	167	167	37.2	38.4	03	0.0	0.3

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 4. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 4*

	Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth																						
(m)	Jun. 29, 1975	01:31-03:35	49°30'.7"-49°32'.4"N	158°03'.5"-158°01'.8"E	6300 m																						
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount																				
clear	5.8°C	E-3.0	1014.5	2	3	8	1																				
Dep.	Temp.	Sal.	σ_t	Δ_s	O ₂	O _{sat.}	AlO _U	pH		Alk.	F _{O₂} P	Tot-P	SiO ₂ -Si		NO ₂ -N	NO ₃ -N	NH ₃ -N	NH ₄ -N									
(m)	(°C)	(‰)	(Cl/two)	(‰)	(ml/l)	(%)	(mg/l)				(() ^{**}									
1	0	5.9	32.508	25.62	238	8.070	8.103	114.5	114.9	-1.020	-1.052	8.322	8.325	2.250	0.18	0.21	0.69	0.73	23	12	3.6	3.7	0.02	0.5	0.5	0.9	
10	10	5.82	498	62	238	8.095	8.101	114.6	114.7	-1.030	-1.036	8.325	8.327	2.261	0.20	0.19	0.86	0.70	16	22	0.2	0.1	0.05	1.6	0.6	0.9	
30	30	0.82	727	26.25	178	8.318	8.351	104.1	104.5	-0.324	-0.357	3.05	3.05	2.72	270	1.01	1.00	1.49	1.53	14	12	10.5	10	4.2	4.2	0.5	1.0
49	49	-0.44	870	43	161	7.982	7.976	96.7	96.6	0.276	0.282	1.92	1.85	2.70	272	1.67	1.62	1.69	1.77	37	47	19.4	19.5	13	3.6	1.0	1.0
74	74	-0.55	953	50	154	7.680	7.719	92.8	93.3	597	558	1.00	1.00	2.68	271	1.96	1.97	2.07	2.07	54	49	25.5	25.4	17	3.0	2.0	2.9
99	99	-0.24	33.045	56	148	7.455	7.497	90.9	91.4	748	706	0.01	0.01	0.39	273	2.13	2.15	2.04	2.25	65	60	27.2	27.0	21	1.4	3.7	3.2
148	148	0.02	123	61	144	7.246	7.263	89.0	89.2	897	879	0.024	0.025	0.25	274	2.31	2.29	2.30	2.33	78	66	30.2	29.8	19	0.5	0.8	0.6
197	197	0.39	155	62	143	6.996	7.002	86.8	86.9	1.065	1.058	0.03	0.03	0.00	279	2.33	2.32	2.32	2.37	67	85	30.6	30.3	0.8	4	1.9	1.7
247	247	1.46	385	74	132	5.290	5.314	67.6	67.9	2.536	2.513	7.861	7.855	2.80	279	2.67	2.62	2.62	2.63	79	76	33.0	33.9	14	4	0.3	0.0
296	296	2.85	657	85	121	2.896	2.894	38.4	38.4	4.644	4.646	719	710	3.02	300	2.98	2.90	2.97	3.01	97	86	39.8	39.9	0.9	4	5	0
493	493	3.44	34.053	27.11	96	0.761	0.786	10.3	10.6	6.649	6.624	572	561	3.48	346	3.52	3.41	3.40	3.39	129	118	45.2	45.4	0.3	4	5	4
690	690	3.25	216	82	477	474	6.4	6.4	6.960	6.963	567	584	3.85	382	3.54	3.55	3.51	3.51	153	134	44.9	45.1	0.4	4	5	0	
887	887	2.98	317	36	433	418	5.8	5.6	7.049	6.065	576	566	402	398	3.47	3.47	3.38	3.41	-	154	43.6	43.9	0.1	4	5	0	
1085	1085	2.71	367	43	635	619	8.4	8.2	6.896	6.912	602	598	406	407	3.43	3.24	3.25	163	153	42.1	42.6	0.3	4	0	0		
1282	1282	2.50	447	51	59	644	612	8.5	8.1	6.923	6.955	605	598	416	415	3.48	3.26	3.44	171	167	45.6	44.7	0.5	6.8	0	0	
1479	1479	2.28	504	57	53	863	866	11.3	11.4	6.743	6.740	612	611	422	424	3.48	3.45	3.24	3.31	179	167	41.9	43.8	0.3	0.5	0	0

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 5. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 5*

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t	Δ_{st} (cl/latm)	O_2 (ml/l)	Osat. (%)	AOU (cm/l)	pH	Alk.	PO ₄ -P (μ g at/l)	Tot-P (μ g at/l)	NH ₄ -N				
												NO _x -N	NO ₂ -N			
0	7.1	33.106	25.94	208	7.385	7.375	108.2	8.230	8.231	2.249	2.255	1.06	1.17	15.4		
10	7.00	0.96	94	207	7.492	7.461	109.5	109.0	-0.547	235	231	254	1.17	1.53	21	
30	4.18	107	140	249	7.740	7.718	105.7	105.4	-0.648	244	235	274	1.17	1.72	22	
50	1.49	140	150	154	7.622	7.591	97.3	96.9	-0.419	244	235	275	1.20	1.53	17	
75	1.21	172	59	146	7.554	7.534	95.8	95.5	-0.396	0.211	0.243	282	2.07	2.04	16	
99	0.87	203	63	142	7.333	7.320	92.0	92.2	-0.243	0.334	0.355	280	2.07	2.11	11	
149	2.03	470	77	129	4.637	4.616	60.2	59.9	-0.637	0.624	0.637	288	2.25	2.25	21	
199	3.44	853	95	111	1.305	1.283	17.6	17.3	-0.617	3.071	3.092	7.828	2.25	2.25	53	
249	3.48	953	27.03	104	0.853	0.772	10.4	10.5	-0.617	6.115	6.137	609	3.07	3.07	55	
298	3.45	34.023	0.9	99	674	651	9.1	8.8	-0.617	6.636	6.656	626	3.13	3.13	68	
497	3.28	200**	24**	84**	-	-	8.8	6.735	-	6.735	586	578	348	3.27	3.29	72
696	2.98	319	37	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	359	359	334	3.34	3.34	7
905	2.70	405	46	63	-0.406	0.385	5.4	5.2	-	7.612	7.597	2.400	3.38	3.39	146	
1093	2.46	464	53	57	485	472	6.4	6.3	-	7.076	7.097	414	411	414	145	
1292	2.26	512	58	820	810	11.3	7.7**	6.718	6.718	6.990**	632	623	425	3.20	3.20	165
1491	2.09	549	63	48	1.103	1.108	10.8	10.6	6.538	6.533	660	651	446	3.25	3.25	173

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

** Values interpolated.

Table 6. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 6*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth				
Jul. 1, 1975	07:06:02	54°30'44"-54°31'3" N	164°25'.0"-164°26'.6" E	4800 m				
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount	
clear	10.5°C	NNW 5.5	1011.3	2	3	8	2	
Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t (cl/ion)	Δ_{st} (ml/l)	O ₂ (ml/l)	O _{sat.} (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH
0	7.5	33.058	25.84	217	7.287	7.256	107.7	107.2
10	6.31	0.56	20.00	202	7.684	7.678	110.4	110.4
20	4.52	0.77	23	180	7.586	7.590	104.5	104.5
30	2.36	1.34	47	157	7.268	-	94.9	-
50	2.01	1.72	75	151	7.276	7.269	94.1	0.491
100	1.92	2.80	143	143	6.441	6.398	83.2	82.7
149	3.51	685	81	125	2.633	2.635	35.5	35.5
199	3.71	850	92	114	1.344	1.340	18.2	18.2
249	3.69	905	97	110	0.965	0.981	13.1	13.3
299	3.67	994	27.04	103	-	-	-	-
498	3.26	34.151	21	87	0.596	0.5774	8.0	7.7
698	3.11	284	33	76	477	473	6.4	6.4
897	2.88	363	41	68	477	456	6.4	6.4
1096	2.65	427	48	61	547	525	7.3	7.0
1296	2.40	478	55	626	622	8.3	8.2	9.938
1495	2.22	515	59	913	861	12.0	11.3	6.704
1534	2.18	534	61	721	924	12.1	12.1	6.703
1781	2.00	578	66	45	1.272	1.274	16.6	16.6
2028	1.86	606	69	42	1.617	1.619	21.1	21.1
2276	1.75	613	70	40	1.999	1.979	25.7	25.7
2524	1.68	645	73	37	2.285	2.291	29.7	29.7
2771	1.62	652	74	36	2.592	2.580	33.4	33.4
3019	1.58	662	75	35	2.840	2.813	36.4	36.4
3267	1.55	675	77	34	2.989	3.001	38.8	38.8
3515	1.53	681	77	34	3.164	3.152	40.7	40.7
3763	1.52	682	78	34	3.269	3.262	42.1	42.1
4011	1.49	688	78	33	3.374	3.347	43.2	43.2
4260	1.50	691	78	33	3.497	3.496	45.1	45.1
4508	1.49	690	78	33	3.578	3.579	46.2	46.2
4757	1.49	691	78	33	3.512	3.513	45.3	45.3

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 7. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 7*

	Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth																				
Dep.	(m)	(°C)	Sal.	σ_t (‰)	Δ_{sat} (‰)	O_t (ml/l)	$O_{\text{sat.}}$ (‰)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk	F_{O_2-P} (μ)	Tot-P	SiO_2-Si mg at/l	NO_2-N	$NO-N$	NH_3-N									
0	7.9	32.878	25.65	235	7.364	7.318	109.7	-0.606	8.362	8.371	2.275	0.70	1.12	28	54	3.1	3.4	0.04	1.4	2.1	2.7				
10	6.53	38.84	84	217	7.557	7.584	100.1	-0.627	-0.654	379	392	2.274	0.62	1.11	34	38	3.1	3.1	0.05	1.8	0.4	8			
30	-0.18	907	26.45	159	8.251	8.220	100.7	-0.053	-0.022	263	275	2.275	1.47	1.30	1.69	27	47	12.7	12.7	6.6	5.1	1.4			
50	-0.57	969	52	153	7.973	7.959	96.3	0.308	0.321	181	195	271	-	1.86	1.87	58	45	19.2	19.0	13	5.4	1.1	0.7		
75	-0.43	33.056	58	147	7.719	7.704	93.6	526	541	802	97	275	2.16	2.06	2.22	60	95	24.3	24.5	22	1.9	3.6			
99	-0.11	105	144	7.521	7.512	92.0	91.9	651	660	0.05	0.88	279	2.24	2.31	58	63	27.1	27.4	17	1.0	0.0	0.0			
149	-0.02	146	64	141	7.451	7.431	91.4	91.2	699	718	0.41	0.60	289	2.36	2.36	70	73	27.9	28.0	0.99	0.5	0	4		
199	0.37	195	66	140	7.160	7.149	88.8	903	914	0.03	0.37	293	2.22	2.38	71	67	29.3	29.3	0.05	4	3	7			
248	1.52	158	72	134	5.558	5.573	71.1	71.3	2.243	7.898	7.939	302	2.48	2.62	78	76	34.3	33.7	0.07	4	0	2			
298	2.69	590	81	125	3.430	3.427	45.3	4.144	4.146	787	801	316	2.86	3.06	99	96	38.6	39.0	0.05	5	5	1.1			
497	3.46	34.010	27.08	100	0.797	0.784	10.8	10.6	6.611	6.625	602	345	3.65	3.36	126	132	-	43.1	0.06	4	5	0.0			
695	3.31	190	23	85	447	442	6.0	6.0	6.980	6.985	605	372	3.53	3.57	161	161	45.7	45.6	0.04	4	8	1			
894	3.01	205	35	74	390	404	5.2	5.4	7.087	7.073	622	589	3.42	3.44	165	162	46.5	46.2	0.00	3	2	4			
1093	2.76	387	44	65	389	5.6	5.2	5.2	7.103	7.132	613	605	402	3.98	3.53	3.45	3.32	184	192	46.3	45.7	0.01	4		
1291	2.22	454	51	58	492	488	6.5	6.5	7.071	7.074	609	602	407	3.92	3.54	3.38	191	189	44.9	45.9	0.00	2	0	7	
1490	2.29	500	57	53	693	668	9.1	8.8	6.911	6.936	627	629	416	3.57	3.69	3.40	199	216	44.9	45.1	0.00	3	0	0	
1522	2.26	501	57	53	693	817**	9.1	10.7	6.917	6.794	641	639	419	3.61	3.69	3.36	186	185	-	42.3	0.01	3	0	0	
1766	2.06	550**	63	47	1.085	1.080	14.2	14.1	6.565	6.570	656	662	431	422	3.62	3.54	3.31	189	192	40.1	40.0	0.02	8	0	0
2011	1.90	589	67	43	1.260	1.273	16.4	16.6	6.415	6.403	703	692	443	437	3.62	3.67	3.20	-	39.8	40.3	0.03	5	7	1.2	
2256	1.80	612	70	41	1.521	1.518	19.8	19.7	6.173	6.176	724	702	449	446	3.63	3.70	3.24	205	208	38.5	39.1	0.02	1.1	-	
2202	1.73	631	72	39	1.712	1.718	22.3	22.3	5.995	5.984	751	741	453	448	3.56	3.62	3.25	210	204	38.9	37.7	0.02	0.5	0.9	-
2748	1.67	643	73	38	2.028	1.894	26.3	24.5	5.691	5.825	763	771	451	446	3.44	3.46	3.34	213	214	38.1	37.9	0.03	4	9	0.5
2993	1.64	655	74	36	2.101	2.103	27.2	27.2	5.623	5.621	783	788	449	449	3.44	3.37	3.07	217	215	37.2	37.5	0.03	4	0	0
3239	1.61	662	75	36	2.260	2.247	29.1	29.2	5.469	5.482	789	792	451	456	3.38	3.32	3.01	211	210	37.4	-	0.06	5	0	1.3
3485	1.59	679	77	34	2.521	2.522	32.6	32.6	5.211	5.210	799	800	454	457	3.34	3.23	2.93	198	196	-	36.8	0.03	5	-	-
3730	1.53	680	77	34	3.021	2.992	39.0	38.6	4.723	4.753	876	888	465	466	3.09	2.95	2.77	175	175	36.7	36.1	0.07	5	-	-

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

** Values interpolated.

Table 8. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 8*

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°O)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t	Δ_{sat} (cl/ton)	O ₂ (ml/l)	O ₂ sat. (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk	Po _t -P (C)	Tot-P ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	Sig _t -Si ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	NO ₂ -N ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	NO ₃ -N ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	NH ₃ -N ($\mu\text{g/l}$)	
0	6.3	32.832	25.83	21.8	7.181	7.193	103.0	-0.212	-0.224	8.308	8.305	2.253	0.90	0.90	1.31	
10	5.72	799	87	21.4	7.301	7.329	103.3	-0.234	-0.262	304	328	256	0.87	0.84	1.20	
29	0.29	962	26.47	157	8.024	7.983	99.1	98.8	0.069	0.100	212	228	262	1.53	1.55	1.86
49	0.16	33.036	54	151	7.946	7.928	97.9	97.7	171	189	177	192	265	267	1.73	1.72
73	0.10	108	60	145	7.637	7.623	92.4	92.4	489	502	099	165	264	272	2.04	2.05
97	0.09	136	62	143	7.506	7.482	92.1	92.1	621	644	079	165	276	276	2.11	2.25
146	0.13	169	65	140	7.437	7.442	91.6	91.6	679	684	029	059	272	277	2.24	2.34
194	0.59	224	67	139	6.958	87.0	86.8	86.8	1.044	1.057	012	017	276	281	2.26	2.33
242	2.74	525	75	130	3.891	3.894	51.4	51.5	3.676	3.674	7.803	294	297	2.73	2.67	2.79
290	3.25	661	82	124	2.817	2.809	37.7	37.6	4.648	4.655	725	753	317	313	2.83	2.87
480	3.46	34.023	27.09	99	0.888	0.855	12.0	11.5	6.520	6.553	602	595	347	351	3.32	3.36
671	3.31	199	24	84	499	468	6.7	6.3	6.928	598	591	599	377	373	3.32	3.35
864	3.04	293	34	75	424	430	5.7	5.8	7.048	7.042	582	596	386	387	3.43	3.40
1058	2.08	182	43	66	472	468	6.3	6.2	7.041	7.044	608	611	402	395	3.34	3.30
1255	2.51	450	51	58	556	582	7.4	7.7	7.008	6.983	614	629	417	418	3.36	3.37
1454	2.30	493	56	54	731	698	9.6	9.2	6.872	6.905	638	644	418	420	3.20	3.28
1703	2.08	534	61	49	953	935	12.5	12.2	6.690	6.709	644	641	421	432	3.40	3.35

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 9. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 9*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth			
Jul. 6, 1975	00:10-03:49	56°59.9'-59°59.7'N	174°58.7'-174°55.9'E	3820 m			
cloudy	5.1	NNE-10.0	1016.9	3	3	6	8
fog	4.8	NNE-	1016.3	4	4	10	

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t (g/l ton)	Δ_{sat} (ml/l)	O_t (ml/l)	$O_{\text{sat.}}$ (‰)	AOI (ml/l)	pH	Alk	$\text{PO}_4^{\text{-}}\text{-P}$ (mg l^{-1})	Tot-P (mg l^{-1})	$\text{SiO}_4^{\text{-}}\text{-Si}$ (mg l^{-1})	$\text{NO}_x\text{-N}$	$\text{NO}_2\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_4\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_3\text{-N}$
0	5.7	33.168	26.17	186	7.290	7.234	103.4	102.6	-0.236	-0.181	8.233	2.285	-1.86	1.77	1.96	0.25
10	5.66	163	17	186	7.308	7.292	103.5	103.4	-0.247	-0.237	162	147	2.284	2.284	1.84	0.7
29	5.53	168	19	184	7.386	7.347	104.3	103.7	-0.303	-0.264	134	166	2.282	301	1.78	1.9
49	2.40	232	55	150	7.847	7.848	102.6	102.6	-0.199	-0.200	122	110	2.288	295	1.98	2.01
73	1.91	226	58	147	7.572	7.587	97.8	98.0	0.172	0.158	056	067	2.275	277	2.11	2.05
97	1.72	228	60	145	7.655	7.630	98.4	98.1	127	152	061	075	2.274	273	2.22	2.17
146	1.27	229	63	142	7.363	7.249	93.5	93.3	510	525	020	014	2.30	2.35	2.28	0.2
195	0.51	224	65	140	7.286	7.306	91.4	91.7	682	662	020	010	2.275	2.21	2.24	0.5
243	3.43	646	79	127	2.833	2.847	38.1	38.3	4.599	4.585	7.764	7.771	3.95	2.90	2.82	0.4
292	3.69	799	89	118	1.695	1.692	23.0	22.9	5.681	5.684	675	661	3.19	3.10	3.05	-
490	3.43	34.080	27.13	94	0.702	0.698	9.5	9.4	6.728	6.731	612	596	3.45	3.41	3.43	0.2
687	3.25	320	27	81	500	519	6.7	7.0	6.937	6.917	594	580	3.76	3.45	3.27	0.3
881	2.98	327	37	92	439	435	5.9	5.8	7.043	7.047	599	591	3.82	3.47	3.47	0.1
1085	2.73	400	45	64	517	496	6.9	6.6	7.008	7.029	624	588	408	3.42	3.44	0.0
1284	2.46	457	52	58	583	580	7.7	7.7	6.991	6.993	625	603	417	3.44	3.45	0.0
1482	2.26	507	58	52	723	728	9.5	9.6	6.887	6.882	654	620	425	3.50	3.37	0.2
1504	2.25	509	58	52	777	774	10.2	10.2	6.835	6.837	632	633	428	3.49	3.45	0.2
1746	2.05	557	64	47	999	1.001	13.1	13.1	6.649	6.647	658	662	462	450	4.37	-
1987	1.89	593	68	43	1.241	1.234	16.2	16.1	6.436	6.444	677	687	442	3.38	3.42	0.5
2229	1.78	614	70	41	1.480	1.434	19.2	19.3	6.218	6.214	698	698	446	452	3.48	0.0
2470	1.71	637	73	38	1.724	1.688	22.4	21.9	5.986	6.022	712	745	463	3.35	3.15	0.1
2713	1.65	647	74	37	1.858	1.847	24.1	23.9	5.864	5.875	736	641	472	471	3.27	0.2
2954	1.62	655**	75	36	2.064	2.058	26.7	26.6	5.663	5.668	661	658	474	480	3.28	0.1
3196	1.61	665	76	35	2.207	2.178	28.6	28.2	5.522	5.551	758	751	478	475	3.20	0.1
3439	1.60	667	76	35	2.245	2.255	29.0	29.2	5.486	5.476	750	749	466	472	3.19	0.1
3682	1.61	670	76	35	2.363	2.369	30.6	30.7	5.366	5.360	775	773	486	488	3.09	0.2

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

** Values interpolated.

Table 10. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 10*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth (m)
Jul. 7, 1975	01:05-03:57	57°00.7'N	178°59.9'E	3835 m
Weather	Air temp.	Barr. pressure	Sea	Swell
rainy	5.3	ESE-8.0	1007.0	3
overcast	-	E -6.5	1006.4	7

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t (cl./ton)	Δ_{st}	O_t (ml/l)	$O_{sat.}$ (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk	$PO_4^{3-} P$ (μ)	Tot-P	SiO_2-Si (μg al/l)	NO_3-N	NO_2-N	NH_4-N (μ)
0	5.5	32.948	26.02	200	7.405	7.401	104.2	104.3	-0.307	8.221	8.212	2.246	1.61	1.58	1.74
10	5.50	943	01	201	7.449	7.449	104.9	104.9	-0.350	203	201	2.247	2.51	5.54	6.4
30	4.59	33.089	19	184	7.539	7.543	105.0	105.1	-0.360	190	185	2.264	59	54	77
49	2.33	215	54	150	7.918	7.899	103.3	103.1	-0.255	147	160	2.278	265	91	2.16
74	1.80	222	59	146	7.651	7.668	98.5	98.7	0.098	111	112	2.264	2.06	2.09	17
99	1.53	217	60	145	7.506	7.476	96.0	95.6	0.115	0.098	0.072	274	269	1.3	12
148	1.07	219	63	142	7.401	7.399	93.5	93.5	51.4	51.6	0.067	272	271	1.7	23
197	0.85	222	65	140	7.332	7.332	92.1	92.1	62.9	62.8	0.068	280	277	1.8	26
247	2.34	421	71	135	5.070	5.409	66.3	66.0	2.580	2.601	7.881	2.88	50	53	54
296	3.35	631	78	127	2.998	3.019	40.3	40.5	4.449	4.428	7.763	7.73	318	304	82
493	3.48	994	27.06	101	1.012	1.005	13.7	13.6	6.394	6.400	628	632	340	337	3.27
691	3.38	34.161	20	88	0.535	0.545	7.2	7.3	6.888	6.871	606	603	365	359	29
888	3.07	290	33	75	429	424	5.7	5.7	7.038	7.042	611	607	378	381	33
1085	2.79	375	43	66	484	456	6.4	6.1	7.031	7.059	620	615	393	393	23
1282	2.54	442	50	59	525	507	6.9	6.7	7.035	7.053	637	631	398	413	28
1480	2.32	496	56	54	694	684	9.1	9.0	6.905	6.914	642	640	411	419	31
1490	2.32	502	56	53	707	694	9.3	9.1	6.892	6.905	641	641	408	419	31
1738	2.11	546	62	48	925	924	12.1	12.1	6.712	6.713	657	674	419	429	24
1974	1.94	584	67	44	1.356	1.340	10.1	17.7	6.313	6.358	709	705	440	335	21
2228	1.83	609	69	41	1.437	1.440	18.7	18.7	6.251	6.248	717	712	445	441	22
2472	1.74	639	72	38	1.618	1.587	21.0	20.6	6.087	6.118	729	723	443	440	16
2714	1.68	643	73	38	1.804	1.789	23.4	22.2	5.913	5.928	743	743	472	472	16
3191	1.62	662	75	36	2.105	2.068	27.2	26.8	5.623	5.659	779	769	460	466	0
3435	1.61	673	76	35	2.219	2.204	28.7	28.5	5.509	5.525	779	774	475	479	0.5
3679	1.62	680	77	34	2.175	2.154	28.2	27.9	5.551	5.573	835	831	492	496	-

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 11. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 11*

Date Jul. 7, 1975	Time 04:05-07:13	Lat. 57°02'6"-57°03.2'N	Long. 176°57'.8"-176°56.9'W	Depth 3650 m				
Weather	Air temp.	Wind SSW-10.0	Bar. pressure 1015.1	Sea 5	Swell 3	Visibility 4	Cloud amount 10	
drizzle fog	6.5 5.8	SSW-12.5	1016.5					
99	2.13	33.002	38	165	7.082	7.123	91.8	92.4
148	2.43	117	46	159	6.645	6.633	86.9	86.7
197	2.16	222	53	152	6.477	6.492	85.0	85.2
246	2.50	292	59	146	6.008	5.994	78.8	78.6
296	3.19	479	68	137	4.209	4.073	56.2	54.4
493	3.45	913	27.00	107	1.682	1.669	22.7	22.5
690	3.39	34.162	21	87	0.641	0.663	8.6	8.9
887	3.01	295	34	74	0.494	0.492	6.6	6.4
1084	2.72	383	44	65	494	526	6.6	6.4
1281	2.49	450	51	58	712	9.4	9.4	9.4
1478	2.26	505	58	52	766	768	10.1	10.1
1441	2.31	499**	57	53	743	735	9.8	9.7
1681	2.06	63	48	1.006	1.012	13.2	13.2	13.2
1922	1.92	577	66	44	1.194	1.179	15.6	15.4
2162	1.79	603	69	41	1.458	1.472	18.9	19.1
2402	1.70	621	71	39	1.669	1.664	21.6	21.6
2642	1.66	641	73	38	1.787	1.800	23.3	23.2
2882	1.62	649	74	37	2.034	2.012	26.3	26.0
3123	1.62	666	76	35	2.207	2.181	28.6	28.2
3363	1.60	675**	76	35	2.273	2.239	29.4	29.0

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t (cal/tom)	Δ_{sa} (ml/l)	O ₂ (ml/l)	Q _{sa} . (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk	PO ₄ -P (μ g/l)	Tot-P (μ g/l)	SiO ₂ -Si (μ g at/l)	NO _x -N	NO ₂ -N	NH ₄ -N (μ M)	
0	5.6	32.528	25.67	233	7.763	7.735	109.3	108.9	-0.662	-0.635	8.370	2.245	0.61	1.19	25	6.7
10	5.52	540	69	231	7.819	7.819	109.9	109.9	-0.705	-0.705	3.69	3.78	0.60	1.07	15	5.4
30	5.90	823	26.18	135	7.419	7.408	98.0	97.8	0.154	0.165	152	154	260	1.83	60	2.2
49	2.42	884	27	176	7.511	7.547	98.0	98.5	151	115	106	111	259	1.78	64	2.9
74	2.09	940	34	170	7.304	7.284	94.6	94.3	420	440	061	074	257	1.88	62	1.9
99	2.13	33.002	38	165	7.082	7.123	91.8	92.4	631	590	055	077	264	2.09	71	1.2
148	2.43	117	46	159	6.645	6.632	86.9	86.7	1.003	1.015	023	033	281	2.05	71	0.5
197	2.16	222	53	152	6.477	6.492	85.0	85.2	1.141	1.126	020	041	290	2.20	73	6
246	2.50	292	59	146	6.008	5.994	78.8	78.6	1.618	1.631	7.994	7.999	307	2.30	73	3
296	3.19	479	68	137	4.209	4.073	56.2	54.4	3.276	3.412	902	879	319	2.48	73	4
493	3.45	913	27.00	107	1.682	1.669	22.7	22.5	5.733	5.746	6.96	6.96	341	3.14	90	6
690	3.39	34.162	21	87	0.641	0.663	8.6	8.9	6.791	6.769	6.18	6.43	392	3.09	123	2
887	3.01	295	34	74	0.494	0.492	6.6	6.4	6.984	6.966	6.11	6.33	400	3.04	122	6
1084	2.72	383	44	65	494	526	6.6	6.4	6.984	6.966	6.11	6.33	404	3.35	120	1
1281	2.49	450	51	58	712	9.4	9.4	9.4	6.856	6.859	6.54	6.43	421	3.29	116	0
1478	2.26	505	58	52	766	768	10.1	10.1	6.844	6.842	6.68	6.68	430	3.38	116	3
1441	2.31	499**	57	53	743	735	9.8	9.7	6.858	6.866	6.50	6.70	427	3.38	117	4
1681	2.06	63	48	1.006	1.012	13.2	13.2	6.641	6.635	6.53	6.85	449	3.34	116	1	
1922	1.92	577	66	44	1.194	1.179	15.6	15.4	6.479	6.494	700	710	479	3.28	115	1
2162	1.79	603	69	41	1.458	1.472	18.9	19.1	6.239	6.224	737	735	483	3.27	115	0
2402	1.70	621	71	39	1.669	1.664	21.6	21.6	6.045	6.049	751	762	489	3.19	114	1
2642	1.66	641	73	38	1.787	1.800	23.3	23.2	5.933	5.921	767	765	484	3.25	113	2
2882	1.62	649	74	37	2.034	2.012	26.3	26.0	5.694	5.716	796	794	476	3.28	112	3
3123	1.62	666	76	35	2.207	2.181	28.6	28.2	5.520	5.546	804	800	479	3.10	111	4
3363	1.60	675**	76	35	2.273	2.239	29.4	29.0	5.457	5.497	824	825	497	3.07	110	5

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

** Values interpolated.

Table 12. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 12*

Date	Time	Lat. ^o	Long. ^o	Depth
		57°00.4'	-172°28.6'W	130 m
Jun. 9, 1975	05:17-05:55	57°00.4'	-172°28.6'W	130 m
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Swell
rainy	6.6	ESE 9.0	997.8	4
				5
				10

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	a _t (cl/m)	Δ _a (ml/l)	O ₂ (ml/l)	O _{sat.} (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk.	PO ₄ -P (µ)	Tot-P	SiO ₂ -Si (µg at/l)	NO _x -N	NO ₂ -N	NH ₄ -N	NH ₃ -N
0	5.4	32.4/73	25.65	7.465	104.6	-0.328	8.339	2.239	1.06	1.86	1.29	6	7	7.4	7.1	1.9
10	5.42	49.3	67	23.4	7.481	104.9	-0.348	8.331	2.238	1.06	1.86	1.21	6	7	7.0	1.9
20	5.41	49.9	67	23.3	7.654	7.481	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.86	1.21	7	8	6.8	-
29	5.18	51.3	71	22.9	7.392	107.3	-0.347	8.331	2.230	1.01	1.00	1.15	7	8	6.8	-
38	3.18	52.6	90	21.1	7.154	7.432	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
47	2.50	56.7	26.1	7.33	7.392	95.7	-0.343	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
56	2.16	60.2	07	19.6	7.426	7.394	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
66	2.04	66.2	12	19.0	7.017	0.037	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
76	2.04	72.6	17	18.5	6.733	6.731	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
85	2.10	75.5	19	18.4	6.738	6.556	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
94	2.10	75.2	19	18.4	6.584	6.532	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-
112	2.12	75.3	12	18.4	6.596	6.557	-0.519	8.331	2.230	1.06	1.07	1.31	7	7.1	6.8	-

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Table 13. Summary of hydrogeologic data at Station 13*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth
Jul. 9, 1975	22:58-23:16	56°59.5'N	168°00.5'W	81 m
Weather	Air temp.	Baz. pressure	Sea	Swell
drizzle	7.4	1022.3	4	4
SE-10.0			6	10
Dep.	Temp.	Sal.	σ_t	Δ_{st}
(m)	(°C)	(‰)	(cl/ton)	(ml/l)
0	5.3	31.9	960	25.26
				272
				7.693
				7.642
				107.2
				106.5
				-0.515
				-0.464
				-0.452
				358
				347
				323
				223
				220
				0.25
				0.58
				15
				17
				0.2
				0.5
				0.9
				1.0
				1.5
				1.0
0	5.17	989	30	259
				7.664
				7.652
				106.3
				-0.464
				-0.452
				351
				351
				325
				63
				18
				25
				16
				33
				33
				95
				231
				1.38
				1.33
				1.64
				28
				36
				6.2
				6.9
				10
				6.1
				7.2
				6.3
				6.3
				5.8
				5.8
				6.5
				7.4
				7.1
				5.7
				10
				5.7
				5.8
				2.2
				2.6

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 14. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 14*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth			
Jul. 10, 1975	10:28-10:40	56°59'.21'-56°59'.1'N	165°31'.9'-165°32'.1'W	74 m			
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
cloudy	6.4	S-8.0	1006.9	3	4	6	9
Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	a_t (g/ton)	Δ_{st} (ml/l)	O_t (ml/l)	$O_{sat.}$ (%)	AOU (ml/l)
0	4.0	31.778	25.25	2713	8.086 8.054	109.0 108.6	-0.667 -0.635
10	3.91	776	26	272	8.099 8.105	108.9 109.0	-0.664 -0.669
20	3.87	772	26	272	8.011 8.035	107.6 107.9	-0.568 -0.591
30	-0.44	901	65	235	7.570 7.495	91.1 90.2	0.742 0.817
40	-0.49	901	65	235	7.538 7.558	90.6 90.8	0.785 0.766
50	-0.49	903	65	235	7.586 7.559	91.1 90.8	0.738 0.765
59	-0.48	897	65	235	7.555 7.527	90.8 90.5	0.767 0.795
69	-0.48	898	65	235	7.534 7.408	90.6 89.0	0.787 0.913

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 15. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 15*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth			
Jul. 10, 1975	20:50-21:00	56°59'.61'-56°59'.6'N	162°59'.0'-162°59'.1'W	60 m			
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
cloudy	6.2	SE-3.0	1012.4	2	2	7	9
Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	a_t (g/ton)	Δ_{st} (ml/l)	O_t (ml/l)	$O_{sat.}$ (%)	AOU (ml/l)
0	5.8	31.810	25.08	289	8.086 8.093	113.9 114.0	-0.986 -0.994
10	5.49	805	12	286	8.186 8.185	114.4 114.4	-1.032 -1.031
20	5.33	812	14	284	8.057 8.016	112.2 111.6	-0.876 -0.835
30	1.28	747	44	255	7.712 7.720	97.0 97.1	0.238 0.231
40	1.26	741	44	255	7.664 7.681	96.3 96.6	0.292 0.274
50	1.16	740	44	255	7.676 7.643	96.2 95.8	0.300 0.333

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 16. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 16*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth			
Jul. 11, 1975	06:45-07:04	58°15'.2"	164°55'.9"	44 m			
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
		ESE-5.0	1012.1	2	2	7	10
0	3.2	31.401	25.03	294	7.621	7.638	100.4
10	3.16	403	03	294	7.628	7.649	100.4
20	3.16	398	03	294	7.615	7.648	100.3
30	3.10	395	03	294	7.609	7.774	100.0
40	3.09	405	04	293	7.566	7.613	99.4

Dep. (m) Temp. (°C) Sal. (‰) σ_t (cl/tom) Δ_{at} (ml/l) O_2 (ml/l) $O_{\text{sat.}}$ (%) AOU (ml/l)

pH	Alk	$\text{PO}_4^{\text{-}}\text{-P}$ (	\text{Tot-P	$\text{SiO}_2\text{-Si}$ $\mu\text{g at/l}$	$\text{NO}_2\text{-N}$	$\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_4\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_3\text{-N}$
8.207	2.210	2.199	0.62	1.02	2	3	0.2	0.4
197	193	195	0.88	0.90	2	2	0.1	0.7
204	198	205	0.57	0.57	2	3	0.2	0.1
207	209	209	0.96	0.96	2	2	0.2	0.5
207	205	204	0.95	0.95	3	2	0.2	0.5
205	191	192	1.01	1.01	2	2	0.2	0.5
205	190	209	0.95	0.95	2	1	0.3	0.4
212	192	209	0.55	0.55	1	1	0.1	0.5

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 17. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 17*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth			
Jul. 11, 1975	17:40-17:59	50°11'.5"	167°00'.1"-167°00'.2" W	30 m			
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
		SE-8.0	1012.5	3	2	5	10
0	4.5	31.450	24.94	302	7.714	7.723	105.0
10	4.47	444	94	303	7.714	7.720	105.0
20	4.48	449	94	302	7.750	7.706	105.5
28	4.48	449	94	302	7.729	7.692	105.2

Dep. (m) Temp. (°C) Sal. (‰) σ_t (cl/tom) Δ_{at} (ml/l) O_2 (ml/l) $O_{\text{sat.}}$ (%) AOU (ml/l)

pH	Alk	$\text{PO}_4^{\text{-}}\text{-P}$ (	\text{Tot-P	$\text{SiO}_2\text{-Si}$ $\mu\text{g at/l}$	$\text{NO}_2\text{-N}$	$\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_4\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_3\text{-N}$
8.347	2.215	2.213	0.10	0.09	2	3	0.0	0.4
378	365	365	0.99	0.99	1	1	0	0.5
201	198	203	1.3	1.3	1	1	0	0.7
198	196	206	1.09	1.09	2	2	0	1
196	191	206	1.1	1.1	0	0	0	0.5
206	190	209	0.95	0.95	0	0	0	0.5
209	192	209	0.55	0.55	0	0	0	0.5

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 18. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 18*

Date	Time	Lat. ^b	Long.	Depth		
Jul. 12, 1975	05:43-06:10	58°15'.7" N	16°01'.0" W	54 m		
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
	4.9	SE-6.5	1014.2	2	6	10
0	3.95	31.717	25.21	277	8.288	8.239
10	3.93	716	21	8.263	8.262	111.1
20	3.69	719	24	275	8.280	8.267
30	3.41	714	26	273	8.190	8.200
40	1.14	747	45	254	7.640	7.621
50	1.11	743	45	254	7.571	7.577

Dep.	Temp.	Sal.	a_t	Δ_{st}	O_t	$O_{sat.}$	AOU	pH	Alk.	$PO_4^{3-}P$	Tot-P	SiO_2-Si	NO_3-N	NO_2-N	NH_3-N	NH_4-N	
(m)	(°C)	(‰)	(cl/tan)	(ml/l)	(ml/l)	(‰)	(ml/l)			(μ g at/l)		(μ g at/l)					
0	3.95	31.717	25.21	277	8.288	8.239	111.5	110.9	-0.856	-0.808	8.363	8.361	2.213	2.205	0.35	0.79	
10	3.93	716	21	8.263	8.262	111.1	111.1	-0.827	-0.828	8.382	8.373	212	204	39	0.35	0.79	
20	3.69	719	24	275	8.280	8.267	110.7	110.5	-0.801	-0.788	8.388	8.379	209	206	36	0.37	0.92
30	3.41	714	26	273	8.190	8.200	108.7	108.9	-0.658	-0.668	8.362	8.375	211	207	40	1.32	1.32
40	1.14	747	45	254	7.640	7.621	95.7	95.5	0.340	0.359	8.304	8.319	210	210	95	1.37	1.37
50	1.11	743	45	254	7.571	7.577	94.8	94.9	415	409	197	208	210	212	1.11	1.05	1.41

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 19. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 19*

Date	Time	Lat. ^b	Long.	Depth		
Jul. 13, 1975	00:52-01:17	56°00'.1" N	16°59'59".9" W	134 m		
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
	9.5	SE-4.5	1012.5	1	2	10
0	7.0	31.876	24.99	298	7.199	7.198
10	6.81	872	25.01	296	7.228	7.220
20	6.21	880	09	288	7.360	7.381
30	6.24	986	17	281	7.320	7.324
40	3.48	32.216	65	235	7.176	7.145
50	2.98	325	78	223	6.914	6.903
60	2.93	440	88	214	6.831	6.798
70	2.91	549	96	205	6.739	6.698
80	2.90	676	26.07	196	6.345	6.332
90	3.01	828	18	185	5.479	5.476
100	3.03	891	23	180	5.313	5.299
130	3.02	914	24	179	5.425	5.429

Dep.	Temp.	Sal.	a_t	Δ_{st}	O_t	$O_{sat.}$	AOU	pH	Alk.	$PO_4^{3-}P$	Tot-P	SiO_2-Si	NO_3-N	NO_2-N	NH_3-N	NH_4-N	
(m)	(°C)	(‰)	(cl/tan)	(ml/l)	(ml/l)	(‰)	(ml/l)			(μ g at/l)		(μ g at/l)					
0	7.0	31.876	24.99	298	7.199	7.198	104.4	104.3	-0.301	-0.299	8.351	8.358	2.216	2.218	0.43	0.42	0.63
10	6.81	872	25.01	296	7.228	7.220	104.3	104.2	-0.298	-0.290	8.396	8.354	217	223	35	0.38	0.63
20	6.21	880	09	288	7.360	7.381	104.7	105.0	-0.332	-0.353	8.337	8.340	216	226	47	0.47	0.74
30	6.24	986	17	281	7.320	7.324	104.3	104.4	-0.302	-0.306	8.317	8.322	221	224	61	0.55	0.74
40	3.48	32.216	65	235	7.176	7.145	95.4	95.4	0.317	0.348	8.157	8.227	233	1.40	1.41	1.51	1.51
50	2.98	325	78	223	6.914	6.903	91.2	91.2	668	680	0.914	0.91	235	-	1.75	1.77	1.82
60	2.93	440	88	214	6.831	6.798	90.0	89.6	788	803	0.05	0.240	240	1.88	1.87	1.91	1.91
70	2.91	549	96	205	6.739	6.698	88.3	88.3	846	886	0.46	0.254	244	1.93	1.92	1.95	1.95
80	2.90	676	26.07	196	6.345	6.332	83.7	83.5	1.239	1.248	7.989	7.987	249	2.18	2.16	2.13	2.13
90	3.01	828	18	185	5.479	5.476	72.6	72.5	2.072	2.075	956	937	259	2.39	2.39	2.27	2.27
100	3.03	891	23	180	5.313	5.299	70.4	70.2	2.231	2.245	906	903	272	-	2.47	2.40	2.40
130	3.02	914	24	179	5.425	5.429	71.9	72.0	2.120	2.116	906	905	278	2.56	2.56	2.47	2.47

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 20. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 20*

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t (g/ton)	Δ_{nw} (ml/l)	O ₂ (ml/l)	O ₂ sat. (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk.	Po ₄ P (μ)	Tot-P (μ)	SIO ₂ -Si mg/l	NO ₂ -N NO-N (μ g/l)	NH ₃ -N NH ₄ -N (μ g/l)											
0	6.8	32.696	25.66	235	6.994	6.961	101.5	101.0	-0.100	-0.067	8.254	8.259	2.247	1.18	1.22	1.27	35	8.1	8.5	0.15	1.8	2.0	1.3		
9	6.83	693	65	235	6.957	6.962	101.0	101.1	-0.068	-0.073	264	231	265	260	1.09	1.11	1.24	29	7.9	8.0	14	1.9	1.7	1.8	
26	6.75	693	66	234	6.980	6.977	101.1	101.1	-0.077	-0.074	268	265	250	260	1.09	1.16	1.22	29	8.0	8.1	13	1.8	2.0	2.5	
44	4.40	760	99	203	6.885	6.843	94.3	94.4	0.414	0.406	146	138	257	252	1.69	1.73	1.72	37	16.1	15.8	26	2.9	1.8	0.7	
64	3.30	866	26.18	185	7.085	7.064	94.5	94.5	410	431	507	506	273	272	2.12	2.17	2.09	52	49	22.1	22.5	37	2.7	2.0	3.0
85	3.08	922	25	179	7.942	6.941	92.1	92.1	591	593	031	035	276	277	2.17	2.23	2.17	54	51	25.8	24.8	40	1.5	2.2	1.9
126	2.75	33.110	42	162	7.664	6.550	87.8	87.7	923	937	7.999	004	282	285	2.41	2.39	2.32	57	57	29.0	29.0	62	0.1	2.3	0.6
167	2.73	202	50	155	7.303	6.298	83.0	83.1	1.283	1.288	975	7.986	287	295	2.38	2.43	2.35	61	62	30.3	30.4	10	0.5	0.5	0.4
208	2.64	241	54	151	7.192	6.224	81.5	81.9	1.409	1.377	985	979	298	303	2.33	2.32	2.32	59	61	30.6	30.6	13	2	6	4
247	3.18	383	60	145	4.666	4.656	62.3	62.2	2.825	2.836	853	881	307	317	2.74	2.67	2.60	75	73	33.6	33.8	15	3	6	7
405	3.59	742	85	121	2.422	2.435	32.7	32.9	4.976	4.963	712	727	329	342	3.08	2.96	2.95	95	95	39.3	39.5	03	2	1	1
574	3.38	34.029	27.10	98	1.198	1.194	16.1	16.1	6.224	6.228	639	657	350	363	3.40	3.38	3.22	122	124	42.7	42.6	02	2	5	0
750	3.13	220	27	81	0.662	0.657	8.9	8.8	6.797	6.802	608	617	371	380	3.56	2.49	2.31	139	139	44.3	43.7	03	1	1	3
932	2.93	305	36	73	612	588	8.2	7.9	6.881	6.904	644	658	404	404	3.43	3.42	3.24	152	150	44.1	44.0	03	1	1	2
1120	2.59	411	47	62	619	641	8.2	8.5	6.932	6.911	645	668	424	427	3.58	3.59	3.34	168	168	44.3	43.5	04	2	7	8

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 21. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 26*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth
Jul. 18, 1975	0610-10:41	49°59.7' -49°58.8' N	155°00.1' -155°00.7' W	4800 m
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea
overcast	8.5	NN-9.5	1013.2	4
drizzle		W-11.0	1013.5	6
				10

Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t	Δ_{str} (cl/ton)	O ₂ (ml/l)	O _{sat.} (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk.	PQ _{-P} (μ g al/l)	Tol-P (μ g al/l)	SiO ₂ -Si (μ g al/l)	NO _x -N	NO ₂ -N	NH ₃ -N J _{ox}
0	8.6	32.764	25.45	254	6.910	6.898	104.5	104.3	-0.298	-0.287	8.211	8.209	2.247	1.58	1.69
10	8.66	773	45	254	6.915	6.907	104.7	104.6	-0.313	-0.305	198	197	2.247	1.51	1.68
30	6.67	802	76	225	7.166	7.136	103.7	103.3	-0.256	-0.226	180	181	2.247	1.48	1.55
50	5.10	854	99	203	7.175	7.180	100.1	100.1	-0.004	-0.009	159	164	2.247	1.65	1.59
75	4.69	867	26.04	198	7.175	7.148	98.7	98.7	0.067	0.094	142	148	2.247	1.70	1.79
100	4.14	934	15	187	6.893	6.900	94.0	94.0	0.444	0.437	119	112	2.247	1.84	1.85
150	4.01	33.724	79	126	3.236	3.244	44.2	44.3	4.086	4.078	7.892	7.882	2.247	2.78	2.70
200	3.77	801	88	118	2.526	2.504	34.3	34.0	4.835	4.858	787	806	2.247	2.98	2.88
250	3.74	883	95	112	1.731	1.731	23.5	23.5	5.632	5.632	719	729	2.247	3.22	3.22
300	3.73	932	99	108	1.370	1.362	18.6	18.5	5.992	6.000	693	689	2.247	3.29	3.29
500	3.53	34.155	27.18	90	0.704	0.707	9.5	9.5	6.684	6.681	673	658	2.247	3.50	3.50
700	3.25	282	31	77	567	569	7.6	7.7	6.867	6.864	680	670	2.247	3.59	3.58
900	2.92	368	41	68	515	517	6.9	6.9	6.976	6.974	685	670	2.247	3.63	3.66
1100	2.66	438	49	61	594	8.0	6.9	6.937	6.943	693	692	2.247	4.11	4.11	
1300	2.44	487	55	712	690	9.4	9.1	6.884	6.886	698	699	2.247	4.17	4.17	
1413	2.34	517	58	822	11.4	10.8	6.729	6.772	696	713	2.247	4.48	4.48		
1500	2.26	525	59	874	885	11.5	11.6	6.735	6.724	677	715	2.247	4.44	4.44	
1649	2.12	573	64	46	1.073	1.077	14.1	14.1	6.561	6.556	700	724	2.247	4.45	4.45
1885	1.97	601	68	43	1.368	1.363	17.9	17.8	6.294	6.298	746	744	2.247	4.53	4.53
2120	1.86	619	70	41	1.635	1.631	21.3	21.2	6.047	6.052	770	767	2.247	4.55	4.54
2356	1.74	636	72	39	1.917	1.872	24.3	24.9	5.787	5.833	783	782	2.247	4.67	4.67
2584	1.68	650	74	37	2.154	2.144	27.9	27.8	5.562	5.572	794	792	2.247	3.03	3.03
2830	1.62	666	76	35	2.429	2.432	31.4	31.5	5.298	5.295	851	839	2.247	3.20	3.20
3068	1.57	673	76	35	2.692	2.680	34.8	34.6	5.045	5.057	893	846	2.247	3.13	3.17
3304	1.53	681	77	34	2.924	2.917	37.7	37.8	4.820	4.827	869	834	2.247	3.13	3.17
3540	1.51	687	78	33	2.999	2.990	38.7	38.6	4.749	4.758	926	887	2.247	2.85	2.86
3776	1.49	695	79	32	3.181	3.181	41.0	41.0	4.570	4.571	988	854	2.247	3.07	2.77
4014	1.49	695	79	32	3.18	3.216	41.5	41.5	4.534	4.536	897	819	2.247	3.01	2.97
4251	1.51	704	79	32	3.302	3.299	42.6	42.6	4.445	4.448	908	880	2.247	3.08	2.76
4490	1.53	700	79	32	3.260	3.262	42.1	42.1	4.483	4.481	917	895	2.247	2.86	2.56

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 22. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 30*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth		
Aug. 2, 1975	19:39-23:43	49°59'.1'-49°57.4'N	144°28.1'-144°27.9'W	4150 m		
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Sea swell	Visibility	Cloud amount
overcast	11.6	N-11.0	1009.2	6	6	10
fog	10.9	N- 8.0	1009.7	5	5	
Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	Δ_t (cl/ton)	O_2 (ml/l)	O _{sat.} (%)	AOU (cm/l)
0	10.3	32.602	25.05	292	6.603	5.585
10	10.32	60.1	05	292	6.604	6.622
30	8.15	67.4	45	254	6.993	6.991
50	6.55	70.8	70	231	7.046	7.009
75	5.11	76.7	92	210	7.009	6.995
100	4.54	80.6	26.01	6.998	7.004	96.2
150	4.90	33.614	61	144	4.385	4.388
200	4.50	82.0	82	124	3.172	4.164
250	4.22	86.9	89	118	2.209	2.207
300	4.09	92.4	94	112	1.534	1.543
499	3.68	34.120	27.14	94	0.763	0.764
698	3.35	259	28	80	487	477
897	3.04	353	39	70	416	421
1095	2.73	428	48	62	495	6.7
1292	2.50	476	53	56	589	570
1356	2.46	485	54	55	641	629
1488	2.30	520	59	52	752	9.9
1586	2.24	544	61	49	0.836	0.861
1818	2.04	578	65	45	1.139	1.164
2052	1.91	606	69	42	1.432	1.409
2287	1.79	625	71	40	1.720	1.701
2521	1.71	643***	73	38	2.020	2.039
2754	1.64	660	75	36	2.330	2.326
2986	1.58	670	76	35	2.577	2.555
3218	1.54	682	77	34	2.747	2.749
3450	1.53	688	78	33	2.816	2.789
3683	1.51	687	78	33	3.029	3.037
pH						
Alk.						
PO ₄ -P						
Tot-P						
SiO ₂ -Si						
µg al/l						
NO ₂ -N						
NO ₃ -N						
NH ₃ -N						
) _{ox}						

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.
 ** Values interpolated.

Table 23. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 33*

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Depth																			
Ang. 11, 1975	05:05-09:08	47°55'.9"	-47°55'.0"	171°00'.7"-171°01'.2"E	6100 m																		
Weather	Air temp.	Wind	Bar. pressure	Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount																	
cloudy	11.4	SE-2.0	1022.3	1	3	8																	
	11.6	calm	1022.7	2	7	9																	
Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	σ_t	Δ_{in} (g/ton)	O_2 (ml/l)	$O_{\text{sat.}}$ (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk	$\text{PO}_4^{\text{-}}\text{-P}$ (μ)	Tot-P	$\text{SiO}_4^{\text{-}}\text{-Si}$ μg at/l	$\text{NO}_x\text{-N}$	$\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_3\text{-N}$	$\text{NH}_4\text{-N}$ μg at/l							
0	11.2	37.756	25.02	295	6.540	6.541	104.8	-0.298	8.151	8.152	2.269	1.59	1.65	1.75	35	37	15.5	15.9	0.19				
10	10.99	37.759	07	292	6.548	6.570	104.4	-0.278	-0.300	165	269	2.272	1.55	1.57	1.71	35	36	16.0	15.6	0.17			
30	5.26	33.043	26.12	191	6.532	6.488	91.6	0.602	0.645	146	150	2.176	1.19	1.79	1.88	44	45	20.5	22	0.2			
49	3.39	085	35	169	7.143	7.437	99.7	99.7	0.023	0.029	0.075	279	280	1.99	2.05	2.04	49	49	24.1	21.9	1.7		
74	2.38	132	47	157	7.487	7.496	97.8	97.9	169	160	0.072	0.071	0.282	2.02	2.10	2.09	47	49	23.9	23.8	1.9		
99	1.86	177	55	150	7.391	7.394	95.3	95.3	365	362	0.058	0.059	0.280	2.03	2.11	2.12	52	52	24.2	24.8	0.3		
148	2.24	400	70	136	5.221	5.203	68.1	67.8	2.449	2.467	7.882	7.892	2.01	2.59	2.55	2.55	66	67	31.0	30.1	0.2		
197	3.04	729	89	117	2.443	2.655	35.2	35.4	4.857	4.845	717	727	3.12	3.11	3.05	3.05	88	88	38.3	37.2	0.2		
246	3.22	831	96	111	1.952	1.935	26.2	25.9	5.509	5.526	665	670	3.26	3.15	3.13	3.06	99	99	39.8	40.9	0.4		
296	3.30	930	27.03	104	1.436	1.444	19.3	19.4	6.005	5.997	652	663	3.40	3.24	3.25	3.22	107	105	41.0	42.6	0.2		
493	3.30	34.163	21	87	0.802	0.805	10.8	10.8	6.027	6.624	624	618	3.58	3.47	3.51	3.37	125	125	43.3	43.2	0.4		
690	3.08	298	34	75	499	492	6.7	6.6	6.965	6.972	614	609	3.76	3.51	3.49	3.43	143	143	44.9	44.4	0.2		
887	2.77	379	43	66	738	755	9.8	10.1	6.780	6.762	634	632	4.00	3.54	3.48	3.33	151	154	44.8	44.6	0.0		
1084	2.55	440	50	60	775	769	10.3	10.2	6.781	6.787	652	634	4.18	3.47	3.43	3.33	158	158	43.8	44.4	0.0		
1281	2.36	493	56	54	838	837	11.0	11.0	6.753	6.754	651	638	4.26	3.52	3.54	3.34	168	167	43.9	44.0	0.1		
1392	2.27	514	58	52	901	908	12.8	13.3	6.637	6.599	659	656	4.27	3.50	3.54	3.24	171	171	44.0	42.9	0.1		
1478	2.20	534	60	50	984	1.003	12.9	13.4	6.635	6.596	659	652	4.24	4.29	3.48	3.34	170	169	44.4	43.9	0.0		
1625	2.08	563	64	47	1.253	1.246	16.4	16.3	6.388	6.394	692	697	4.36	4.39	3.44	3.20	173	174	42.8	42.4	0.2		
1857	1.93	593	67	43	1.551	1.548	20.2	20.2	6.118	6.121	720	722	4.43	4.41	3.40	3.15	174	173	41.1	42.5	0.1		
2089	1.81	618	70	40	1.941	1.941	25.2	25.2	5.750	5.750	753	743	4.48	3.27	3.27	3.09	173	170	41.3	42.0	0.2		
2224	1.71	640	73	38	2.206	2.206	28.6	28.6	5.503	5.504	778	771	4.50	4.47	3.19	3.16	2.94	2.94	170	174	39.4	39.5	0.3
2558	1.65	651	74	37	2.497	2.472	32.3	32.0	5.224	5.249	784	792	4.52	4.50	3.13	3.17	2.87	2.87	170	172	38.9	39.0	0.1
2792	1.59	668	76	35	2.685	2.704	34.7	35.0	5.047	5.028	816	811	4.57	4.55	3.05	3.06	2.81	2.81	167	165	38.3	37.7	0.3
3026	1.54	674	77	34	2.921	2.897	37.4	37.4	4.821	4.844	831	826	4.60	4.59	3.05	3.02	2.79	2.79	164	164	36.8	37.2	0.5
3258	1.51	680	77	34	3.091	3.082	39.9	39.8	4.656	4.666	834	829	4.63	4.64	3.03	3.02	2.75	2.75	166	166	37.2	38.5	0.2
3491	1.49	687	78	33	3.150	3.168	40.6	40.6	4.601	4.583	908	899	4.66	4.65	2.73	2.70	2.49	2.49	158	159	36.3	36.6	0.3
3724	1.47	687	78	33	3.379	3.375	43.6	43.5	4.376	4.380	864	853	4.71	4.66	3.13	2.92	2.66	2.66	158	159	36.2	36.2	0.4
3955	1.46	692	79	32	3.438	3.432	44.3	44.3	4.319	4.324	866	858	473	471	2.88	2.90	2.61	2.61	158	156	36.0	35.7	0.5
4189	1.49	692	79	33	3.500	3.506	45.2	45.2	4.250	4.245	866	865	486	479	2.85	2.85	2.67	2.67	158	156	35.4	35.9	0.6
4422	1.50	692	78	33	3.484	3.490	45.0	45.0	4.264	4.258	870	867	486	487	2.71	2.71	2.47	2.47	155	156	35.6	36.1	0.8
4654	1.53	690	78	33	3.574	3.553	46.0	46.0	4.169	4.180	862	867	491	493	2.79	2.75	2.55	2.55	154	154	35.2	35.7	0.3

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.

Table 24. Summary of hydrographic data at Station 35*

Date	Time	Lap.	Long.	Depth													
Aug. 12, 1975	11:37-15:57	46°58.1'N	46°56.8'E	167°00.8'W	167°00.7'E	5900 m											
Weather	Air temp.						Swell	Visibility	Cloud amount								
cloudy	11.4	W-7.0	1020.3	2	3	7	10										
	11.5	N-5.5	1019.6	2	2	6											
Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Sal. (‰)	a _i (cf/ton)	Δ _s	O ₂ (ml/l)	O _{sat.} (%)	AOU (ml/l)	pH	Alk.	PO ₄ -P (μ)	Tot-P	SiO ₂ -Si (mg/l)	NO _x -N (μ)	NO ₂ -N (μ)	NH ₃ -N (μ)	NH ₄ -N (μ)	
0	11.8	32.789	24.93	303	6.539	6.541	106.1	106.2	-0.378	8.170	8.176	2.264	2.256	1.37	1.60	0.18	
10	11.07	302	25.08	290	6.653	6.669	106.3	106.6	-0.395	0.412	189	192	262	253	1.33	1.65	0.17
30	3.74	33.051	26.29	175	7.190	7.768	105.2	104.9	-0.386	-0.364	149	152	272	266	1.72	1.96	0.26
50	2.36	087	44	160	7.587	7.571	98.8	99.0	0.075	0.071	093	098	278	271	1.89	1.91	0.38
75	1.75	098	49	155	7.539	7.559	96.9	97.1	243	224	068	079	285	283	2.02	2.06	0.20
100	1.63	189	57	147	7.287	7.283	93.4	93.3	514	519	039	047	293	298	2.11	2.15	0.55
150	2.55	526	77	129	4.465	4.451	58.7	58.5	3.138	3.152	7.843	7.836	7.843	7.843	2.68	2.72	0.55
200	2.95	729	90	117	2.539	2.561	33.8	34.1	4.977	4.956	690	705	322	324	3.06	3.14	0.87
250	3.09	834	97	110	1.681	1.665	22.5	22.2	5.804	5.820	654	661	330	338	3.26	3.34	0.87
300	3.19	912	27.02	105	1.326	1.318	17.7	17.6	6.136	6.144	644	644	349	359	3.25	3.26	0.96
500	3.26	34.165	22	86	0.894	0.903	12.0	12.1	6.543	6.533	604	616	371	375	3.45	3.44	1.03
700	2.99	294	35	74	697	9.3	9.3	6.786	6.783	610	606	394	395	3.47	3.52	1.02	
900	2.75	382	44	66	715	736	9.5	9.8	6.806	6.785	621	608	412	411	3.51	3.56	0.91
1100	2.51	453	51	58	812	811	10.7	10.7	6.751	6.753	629	636	420	418	3.42	3.43	0.91
1300	2.30	502	57	53	880	871	11.6	11.5	6.722	6.730	646	656	422	415	3.49	3.52	0.91
1389	2.23	518	59	51	957	972	12.6	12.8	6.657	6.643	666	669	426	420	3.46	3.40	0.91
1500	2.15	542	62	49	4.087	4.079	14.2	14.1	6.542	6.550	647	661	422	418	3.47	3.49	0.91
1621	2.05	569	64	46	1.284	1.275	16.8	16.7	6.362	6.371	683	701	431	429	3.36	3.30	0.91
1872	1.92	597	68	43	1.582	1.570	20.6	20.5	6.089	6.100	723	737	435	444	3.32	3.31	0.91
2084	1.78	623	71	40	1.922	1.947	25.0	25.3	5.775	5.750	763	760	440	452	3.26	3.20	0.91
2315	1.68	643	73	38	2.259	2.266	29.3	29.4	5.456	5.449	773	774	449	449	3.17	3.13	0.91
2546	1.62	657	75	36	2.517	2.505	32.6	32.4	5.210	5.221	792	791	453	453	3.10	3.08	0.91
2776	1.57	668	76	35	2.117	2.128	35.1	35.3	5.019	5.008	833	823	461	461	3.04	3.03	0.91
3007	1.55	678	77	34	2.907	2.896	37.6	37.4	4.832	4.843	831	840	468	465	2.96	2.96	0.91
3238	1.515	683	78	33	3.096	3.090	40.0	39.9	4.650	4.656	835	840	477	477	2.95	2.95	0.91
3468	1.505	687**	78	33	3.138	3.118	40.5	40.2	4.610	4.630	935	933	492	485	2.68	2.64	0.91

* Water samples were collected by Nansen bottles.
** Value extrapolated.

Table 25. Summary of hydrographic data at G-1 Station

Date:	Jul. 17, 1975	Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Dep. (m)	Sal. (‰)	NO ₃ ⁻ (NO ₂ ⁻ (NH ₄ ⁻ (Phe) μg atom/l	SiO ₂	PO ₄)	Chl. a (μg/l)	Chl. c (μg/l)	POC	PON (μg/l)
Time:	08:10-08:30			0	7.6									
Lat.:	52°09'.8'N			10	7.5	0	32.719	15.5	0.18	0.7	24.9	1.46	0.030	0.019
Long.:	161°01'.5'W			20	7.5	8	717	15.3	18	0.8	1.2	23.6	1.48	0.028
Depth:	4600 m			30	7.5	17	715	15.3	20	1.0	1.2	24.4	1.48	0.020
Weather:	overcast			40	7.5	23	714	15.2	18	0.8	1.1	25.2	1.51	0.097
Air temp.:	7.6°C			50	7.4	56	849	19.4	35	1.9	1.3	32.8	1.84	0.028
Wind:	W-8.5			75	3.4	85	33.343	32.4	08	0.4	0.6	57.4	2.62	0.032
Bar. pressure:	1016.1			100	3.6									0.018
Sea:	3			125	4.2									51.3
Swell:	3			150	4.2									7.0
Visibility:	7			175	4.2									55.1
Cloud amount:	10			200	4.2									6.4
Transparency:	17 m													
Surface irradiance:	12,000 lux													

Table 26. Summary of hydrographic data at G-2 Station

Date:	Jul. 18, 1975	Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Dep. (m)	Sal. (‰)	NO ₃ ⁻ (NO ₂ ⁻ (NH ₄ ⁻ (Phe) μg atom/l	SiO ₂	PO ₄)	Chl. a (μg/l)	Chl. c (μg/l)	POC	PON (μg/l)
Time:	10:42-11:30			0	8.6									
Lat.:	49°58'.8'N			10	8.5	0	32.769	15.0	0.23	0.6	1.2	35.6	—	0.54
Long.:	155°00'.7'W			20	8.5	7	765	15.4	21	7	0.6	35.6	1.52	64
Depth:	4800 m			30	7.5	14	763	15.3	21	9	6	35.8	1.46	131
Weather:	drizzle			40	6.0	19	765	15.1	22	6	1.4	36.5	1.50	129
Air temp.:	8.5°C			50	5.2	46	844	17.2	18	1.2	35.0	1.63	72	20.9
Wind:	W-11.0			75	4.7	69	878	18.1	37	1.3	35.0	1.67	66	143
Bar. pressure:	1013.5			100	4.2									21.5
Sea:	4			125	4.1									46.6
Swell:	4			150	4.2									4.8
Visibility:	6			175	4.1									58.9
Cloud amount:	10			200	4.0									8.8
Transparency:	11 m													
Surface irradiance:	28,200 lux													

Table 27. Summary of hydrographic data at G-3 Station

Date:	Jul. 19, 1975	Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Dep. (m)	Sal. (%)	NO ₃ ⁻	NO ₂ ⁻	(Phe) (Oxi) μg atom/l	NH ₄ ⁻ (Phe) (Oxi) μg atom/l	SiO ₂	P0 ₄	Chl. a (μg/l)	Chl. c (μg/l)	POC (μg/l)	PON (μg/l)
Time:	08:05-08:45			0	9.1										
Lat.:	49°57'.5"N			0	9.0										
Long.:	151°38'.9"W	10	9.0	0	32.696	14.0	0.18	0.7	1.2	33.6	1.36	0.76	0.52	143	24.8
Depth:	4850 m	20	9.0	7	694	13.8	18	7	1.3	0	1.41	1.39	75	47	89.8
Weather:	drizzle	30	8.6	14	685	14.0	18	6	0.6	29.4	1.41	1.40	76	49	12.7
Air temp.:	9.2°C	40	6.0	19	693	14.0	18	6	0.6	29.4	1.41	1.40	76	54	141
Wind:	W-9.5	50	5.6	46	810	16.5	17	9	4	30.6	1.60	1.60	47	28	73.3
Bar. pressure:	1011.4	75	5.3	68	824	17.0	20	1.2	1.0	32.6	1.64	1.65	24	14	10.0
Sea:	4	100	4.6												
Swell:	4	125	4.5												
Visibility:	6	150	4.5												
Cloud amount:	10	175	4.4												
Transparency:	9 m	200	4.3												
Surface irradiance:		225	4.2												
		250	4.0												

Table 28. Summary of hydrographic data at G-4 Station

Date:	Jul. 20, 1975	Dep. (m)	Temp. (°C)	Dep. (m)	Sal. (%)	NO ₃ ⁻	NO ₂ ⁻	(Phe) (Oxi) μg atom/l	NH ₄ ⁻ (Phe) (Oxi) μg atom/l	SiO ₂	P0 ₄	Chl. a (μg/l)	Chl. c (μg/l)	POC (μg/l)	PON (μg/l)
Time:	08:17-08:55			0	9.8										
Lat.:	50°00'.6"N	10	9.8	0	32.672	12.3	0.15	0.8	1.2	29.6	1.32	0.32	0.19	63.9	10.2
Long.:	144°28'.7"W	20	9.8	9	654	12.6	15	9	1.0	26.9	1.35	1.33	31	18	145
Depth:	4200 m	30	9.5	18	675	12.5	15	8	0.7	25.1	1.33	1.35	26	19	21.6
Weather:	overcast	40	7.4	27	658	12.7	15	9	1.3	1.32	1.35	29	18	66.8	8.8
Air temp.:	10.4°C	50	7.0	60	712	13.5	17	1.3	2.1	27.0	1.44	1.41	29	33	73.3
Wind:	S-7.0	75	5.8	90	752	15.1	33	1.5	3.3	30.4	1.58	1.55	24	14	9.4
Bar. pressure:	1013.7	100	5.0												
Sea:	3	125	4.6												
Swell:	3	150	4.9												
Visibility:	7	175	5.1												
Cloud amount:	10	200	5.0												
Transparency:	17 m	225	4.8												
Surface irradiance:		250	4												

Table 29. Summary of hydrographic data at G-5 Station

Table 30. Summary of hydrographic data at G-6 Station

Table 31. Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g chl./l}$), POC and PON ($\mu\text{g/l}$)
at hydrographic stations

Sta. 2 Jun. 27, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		$\mu\text{g/l}$		$\mu\text{gC/l}$	$\mu\text{gN/l}$
0	-	-	-	-	-
10	-	-	-	-	-
20	-	-	-	-	-
30	0.54	0.26	0.40	95.2	16.6
50	36	11	20	104	12.8
75	26	11	11	64.7	7.5
100	09	05	05	62.3	7.2
125	09	02	03	93.6	7.1
150	08	05	02	45.2	5.2
175	12	01	03	85.2	10.7
200	08	01	02	44.5	5.0
444	-	-	-	74.8	-
657	-	-	-	91.8	-
869	-	-	-	58.8	-
1082	-	-	-	61.1	-
1294	-	-	-	101	-

* Uncorrected..

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 3 Jun. 28, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		$\mu\text{g/l}$		$\mu\text{gC/l}$	$\mu\text{gN/l}$
0	-	-	-	153	18.3

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 4 Jun. 29, '75

Depth* m	Chl. a** μg/l	Chl. c** μg/l	Chl. a ⁺	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	0.97	0.44	1.01	295	46.9
10	74	22	0.73	349	56.3
20	1.02	37	94	275	44.3
30	2.91	1.18	3.23	423	84.5
50	0.67	0.18	0.60	133	16.8
75	38	16	27	143	21.0
100	27	07	18	53.7	7.3
125	21	04	14	55.3	6.8
150	21	06	12	68.5	9.2
175	23	07	11	76.5	9.7
200	19	01	08	73.3	11.1
293	-	-	-	101	14.8
486	-	-	-	135	11.4
679	-	-	-	81.5	9.9
872	-	-	-	146	20.9
1065	-	-	-	61.8	7.8
1244	-	-	-	111	16.8

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 5 Jun. 30, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m.		µg/l		µgC/l	µgN/l
0	0.64	0.79	0.71	193	29.0
10	52	50	60	193	32.6
20	53	28	62	214	33.3
30	67	40	78	217	35.5
50	44	35	24	105	16.6
75	14	14	06	61.1	7.0
100	14	17	05	76.0	10.0
125	14	20	04	95.6	14.4
150	11	14	05	134	11.1
175	-	-	-	-	-
200	09	11	02	93.6	10.2
325	-	-	-	74.2	8.7
519	-	-	-	72.0	5.4
712	-	-	-	71.4	6.7
906	-	-	-	53.5	5.6

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 6 Jul. 1, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ µg/l	POC µgC/l	PON µgN/l
0	0.44	131	21.2
10	54	104	14.7
20	73	123	18.8
30	50	109	18.8
50	25	70.0	10.0
75	08	36.2	4.7
100	06	39.6	5.6
125	04	28.5	3.5
150	06	29.4	3.3
175	04	36.6	3.1
200	-	-	-
291	-	40.6	4.2
485	-	35.6	2.2
679	-	42.2	3.3
873	-	30.2	2.4
1087	-	29.5	2.3
1382	-	55.0	5.5
1678	-	32.5	3.0
1974	-	52.4	3.4
2270	-	22.8	3.0
2566	-	34.0	3.3
2842	-	35.5	3.0
3136	-	16.1	1.0
3430	-	25.3	2.6
3724	-	21.6	1.6
4018	-	22.3	1.1
4312	-	23.3	1.8

Sta. 7 Jul. 2, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ µg/l	POC µgC/l	PON µgN/l
0	0.46	241	37.0
10	40	185	28.8
20	55	135	22.9
30	21	137	23.8
50	07	87.8	14.9
75	02	38.8	6.1
100	01	45.0	5.1
125	01	40.1	5.3
150	01	71.5	5.2
175	02	78.7	6.2
200	01	53.9	9.1
297	-	43.0	7.6
494	-	78.3	8.8
692	-	72.7	8.2
890	-	48.4	4.3
1083	-	51.4	5.5
1280	-	29.8	5.4
1477	-	66.0	6.1
1723	-	45.2	5.8
1970	-	47.2	5.4
2216	-	67.6	6.7
2450	-	42.3	4.8
2695	-	43.6	4.2
2940	-	30.6	3.3
3185	-	32.7	3.6
3430	-	36.9	4.8
3675	-	74.7	7.2

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.

Sta. 8 Jul. 5, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/l	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	0.78	161	48.2
10	96	122	26.0
20	60	161	30.7
30	31	125	23.5
50	11	81.6	17.4
75	02	37.4	6.3
100	02	38.7	4.4
125	02	22.6	2.8
150	02	33.5	4.3
175	-	-	-
200	01	38.2	4.7
290	-	53.3	6.7
483	-	50.3	5.2
676	-	32.5	2.7
870	-	85.0	7.1

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 9 Jul. 6, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/l	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	0.63	121	18.9
10	52	113	13.3
20	71	115	17.2
30	1.08	127	20.1
50	0.73	78.5	8.3
75	22	42.9	4.0
100	07	58.7	5.6
125	06	56.3	5.8
150	03	41.9	4.0
175	-	-	-
200	02	47.1	4.5
293	-	40.6	3.3
489	-	26.5	2.7
684	-	25.6	2.1
880	-	42.4	2.6
1078	-	20.8	1.4
1274	-	33.5	2.7
1470	-	51.2	3.0
1715	-	20.0	1.6
1960	-	40.8	2.9
2205	-	18.7	1.1
2401	-	28.8	3.0
2641	-	35.2	3.5
2881	-	22.3	1.6
3121	-	25.4	2.6
3362	-	33.1	2.6
3602	-	33.9	3.0

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 10 Jul. 7, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/1	POC μgC/1	PON μgN/1
0	1.07	131	21.6
10	.06	153	23.6
20	.05	79.5	17.7
30	.10	186	26.2
50	0.80	94.6	16.0
75	25	43.3	6.6
100	10	44.7	5.9
125	04	37.0	5.4
150	03	53.5	6.4
175	-	-	-
200	02	52.8	6.5
292	-	26.8	4.6
487	-	43.3	-
681	-	40.0	5.5
876	-	23.8	-
1048	-	38.7	5.0
1239	-	21.9	-
1430	-	22.5	4.0
1668	-	28.6	-
1906	-	19.9	3.3
2145	-	36.3	-
2392	-	32.4	5.2
2631	-	25.8	-
2870	-	41.0	7.6
3109	-	26.2	-
3348	-	41.2	6.4
3588	-	41.9	-

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.

Sta. 11 Jul. 8, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		μg/l		μgC/l	μgN/l
0	0.44	0.27	0.52	114	11.9
10	46	24	55	77.8	9.5
20	50	21	63	77.6	11.0
30	28	15	28	46.0	10.0
50	14	11	10	33.7	7.2
75	13	15	06	71.2	6.0
100	12	05	04	26.9	2.8
125	11	05	03	52.4	4.7
150	10	03	04	29.8	2.7
175	10	04	04	33.5	2.7
200	09	04	03	32.1	3.5
296	-	-	-	48.2	5.6
497	-	-	-	33.8	3.5
697	-	-	-	25.5	1.8
901	-	-	-	33.2	3.2
1102	-	-	-	39.0	2.9
1303	-	-	-	56.0	-
1492	-	-	-	38.4	3.3
1739	-	-	-	26.7	2.2
1986	-	-	-	23.9	1.2
2261	-	-	-	60.7	9.1
2511	-	-	-	19.1	1.4
2762	-	-	-	42.0	7.9
3008	-	-	-	31.7	2.4
3257	-	-	-	39.4	3.6
3498	-	-	-	46.2	3.8

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 12 Jul. 9, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/l	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	0.45	95.6	14.9
10	44	109	16.3
20	94	98.6	14.6
30	70	111	16.6
50	87	149	23.0
75	50	113	14.7
100	53	84.1	-
125	63	154	16.0

Sta. 13 Jul. 9, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/l	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	1.84	227	36.1
10	57	208	31.7
20	35	256	39.0
30	0.92	181	28.0
40	1.95	204	28.5
50	2.07	233	34.0
60	66	212	30.4
69	54	261	39.6

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.

Sta. 14 Jul. 10, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		µg/l		µgC/l	µgN/l
0	2.14	1.52	2.17	267	43.2
10	1.89	2.02	1.96	278	44.8
20	2.13	2.22	2.69	269	44.1
30	2.20	1.09	3.25	224	35.6
40	3.07	1.56	2.61	199	28.1
50	2.88	1.08	3.21	207	30.9
60	2.45	1.35	2.79	149	21.2
70	2.52	1.17	3.40	177	28.1

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 15 Jul. 10, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		µg/l		µgC/l	µgN/l
0	1.73	0.71	1.62	292	-
10	0.59	0.70	1.64	315	-
20	2.44	1.11	2.51	298	-
30	1.58	0.92	1.43	215	31.7
40	0.97	1.00	0.66	153	22.1
50	0.92	0.61	1.59	179	-

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 16 Jul. 11, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		µg/l		µgC/l	µgN/l
0	0.94	0.28	1.05	125	18.2
10	0.96	64	1.14	158	22.4
20	0.98	42	0.94	112	16.0
30	1.06	30	1.16	107	15.5
40	1.35	42	1.50	152	22.7

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 17 Jul. 11, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		µg/l		µgC/l	µgN/l
0	2.13	0.86	1.53	1039	67.5
10	3.37	1.39	1.82	821	79.4
20	1.51	0.48	1.51	496	33.3
28	2.63	1.06	2.95	664	49.7

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 18 Jul. 12, '75

Depth*	Chl. a**	Chl. c**	Chl. a ⁺	POC	PON
m		µg/l		µgC/l	µgN/l
0	1.33	1.48	1.40	456	47.0
10	2.15	1.24	1.48	525	72.4
20	1.29	1.37	1.46	462	42.8
30	2.93	2.23	1.73	426	46.6
40	3.46	1.70	2.67	460	51.1
50	5.46	2.46	5.07	517	53.7

* Uncorrected.

** Determined by the spectrophotometric method.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 19 Jul. 13, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/l	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	0.62	82.8	10.9
10	55	85.8	11.6
20	59	110	15.0
30	49	64.8	8.9
40	27	59.5	7.5
50	17	59.7	7.6
60	07	46.2	5.7
80	03	53.5	5.9
100	04	85.9	9.6
130	11	157	16.8

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 26 Jul. 18, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/l	POC μgC/l	PON μgN/l
0	0.99	152	21.9
10	82	150	20.0
20	84	175	24.7
30	78	170	22.9
50	35	101	11.9
75	21	53.8	4.6
100	24	29.8	3.2
125	04	72.4	8.1
150	02	42.3	4.0
200	02	76.8	6.4
305	-	38.2	3.6
518	-	51.2	4.4
731	-	39.7	4.4
944	-	34.9	3.1
1156	-	42.0	3.5
1369	-	64.6	6.8
1535	-	62.7	5.4
1786	-	33.9	3.1
2037	-	29.7	2.6
2288	-	33.0	3.5
2540	-	32.9	2.8
2791	-	40.3	4.1
3203	-	30.1	3.3
3467	-	25.2	1.8
3732	-	19.9	1.9
3996	-	58.3	5.4
4261	-	43.6	3.9

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the fluorometric method.

Sta. 30 Aug. 2, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/1	POC μgC/1	PON μgN/1
0	0.40	79.2	13.8
10	44	92.6	16.1
20	41	166	23.7
30	36	111	18.9
50	23	66.2	9.9
75	13	37.0	4.2
100	03	37.9	4.7
125	02	71.1	10.0
150	02	33.7	4.4
175	03	63.0	9.4
200	01	47.8	6.2
272	-	32.1	3.7
445	-	38.1	4.1
706	-	35.1	2.8
910	-	50.8	4.7
1150	-	71.6	9.1
1368	-	60.8	8.8
1597	-	54.4	6.2
1807	-	42.7	4.1
2120	-	41.7	5.5
2397	-	24.3	3.1
2708	-	19.0	2.2
2977	-	20.9	2.4
3276	-	81.4	11.5
3546	-	50.6	5.9
3833	-	40.9	5.3

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.Sta. 33 Aug. 11, '75

Depth*	Chl. a ⁺ μg/1	POC μgC/1	PON μgN/1
0	0.42	100	14.9
10	35	106	15.5
20	39	157	19.8
30	47	101	-
50	69	162	18.6
75	-	68.7	7.7
100	-	69.4	7.2
125	-	246	17.7
150	-	94.4	10.8
175	-	129	14.3
275	-	73.9	8.0
458	-	59.4	-
642	-	46.9	5.0
825	-	39.7	-
1007	-	50.2	4.7
1190	-	44.5	4.2
1373	-	27.8	2.3
1602	-	37.8	-
1831	-	59.9	7.4
2060	-	79.9	-
2318	-	181	18.6
2781	-	48.5	-
3245	-	58.4	7.6
3708	-	51.9	-
4172	-	58.0	7.9
4635	-	41.2	-

* Uncorrected.

+ Determined by the
fluorometric method.Sta. 35 Aug. 12, '75

Depth*	POC μgC/1	PON μgN/1
0	120	16.3

* Uncorrected.

Table 32. Summary of hydrographic data at S stations

No.	Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	T (°C)	S (‰)	Po ₄ (μ g at/l)	SiO ₂ N _{03+N₀₂) μg at/l}	NH ₄ μg C/1	POC* μg N/1
S 1	Jun. 22	06:00	36°18.3'N	142°03.2'E	20.0	34.246	0.04	0.09	5	0.5
S 2	12	12.6	143 00.3	19.7	421	0.01	0.01	16	1.6	-
3	18	14.3	59.9	19.5	773	14	0.05	11	0.7	-
4	00	56.5	145 03.0	19.2	377	-	0.13	11	0.2	-
5	06	39 52.1	57.8	15.5	112	0.07	0.13	14	1.3	-
6	12	40 19.0	146 50.5	11.5	33.172	88	0.90	19	0.9	-
7	18	41 07.9	147 26.8	14.0	878	35	0.2	3.8	2.2	-
8	24 00	42.9	148 41.0	8.0	32.940	58	0.3	0.2	0.9	-
9	06	42 06.1	00.1	9.7	33.130	75	0.3	0.3	0.9	-
10	26 00	43 04.3	145 44.4	9.5	32.917	58	0.51	28	1.3	-
11	11	06	27.3	147 10.8	6.7	982	83	41	9.0	-
12	12	53.3	148 39.9	-	924	87	96	18	7.1	-
13	18	44 17.0	150 06.2	8.3	987	1.13	1.32	46	12.9	-
14	28 01	47 00.8	154 30.0	4.5	33.042	1.64	1.70	-	17.0	-
15	15	12	30.3	155 24.1	5.5	32.968	1.23	38	48	121
16	18	48 24.9	156 32.2	5.9	33.015	1.82	1.75	55	20.6	17.0
17	29	18	50 28.2	159 25.8	-	32.415	0.26	0.25	4	3.9
18	30 00	51 13.3	160 43.3	7.7	33.086	1.15	1.16	21	15.0	13.4
19	Jul. 1	00	53 04.2	163 32.3	7.1	0.61	0.94	10	12.5	10.1
20	2	00	55 13.0	165 10.2	-	32.929	48	46	7	1.2
21	06	56 21.3	166 18.6	7.2	33.148	1.38	1.34	46	12.6	13.2
22	5 00	59.7	169 36.8	7.4	32.994	0.85	0.86	11	12	14.8
23	6 18	58.7	176 22.6	6.2	32.950	1.48	1.45	19	20	10.2
24	25	7 21	178 54.3'W	6.3	32.969	1.65	1.68	28	30	33.9
25	8 20	07.2	175 13.9	6.2	-	1.37	1.40	4	10.2	14.0
26	27	9 18	59.0	173 05.0	-	33.131	1.48	1.45	19	20
27	28	6 18	58.7	176 22.6	6.2	0.83	1.66	1.67	18	16.8
28	30	12	51 50.7	160 06.3	8.2	647	1.66	1.67	12.5	17.9
29	31	12	52 23.1	161 37.8	8.0	733	1.37	1.37	19	16.7
30	32	18	50 41.4	156 49.8	8.4	761	1.63	1.67	39	17.0
33	34	19 06	49 56.8	152 20.2	9.4	769	1.68	1.70	35	17.5
35	36	18	50 05	143 07.8	10.7	626	1.18	1.15	20	10.6
37	38	20 00	59.0	146 25.2	10.4	647	1.33	1.34	26	12.5
39	39	21 00	49 59.6	141 26.2	10.7	638	1.27	1.26	22	12.2
40	41	12	50 30	139 28.2	11.2	613	0.98	0.99	16	14.8
42	43	18	42.3	137 43.0	12.1	-	58	58	8	1.3
44	45	22 00	35.3	134 02.6	14.9	414	52	53	11	1.1
46	47	23 00	29.6	124 52.9	11.1	400	1.87	1.87	35	1.1
48	49	31 00	31.8	132 02.4	13.6	217	45	48	14	1.5
50	51	12	42.7	126 37.4	12.0	31.750	2.03	2.02	54	1.5
52	53	Aug. 1	00	27.3	132 15.8	13.6	338	42	40	1.2
54	55	2 00	33.8	134 07.8	13.5	374	49	49	15	1.4
56	57	2 06	53.3	139 45.2	11.2	568	99	1.00	17	1.4
58	59	12	42.7	135 58.8	13.1	332	43	47	13	1.4
60	61	4 18	49 02.3	128 21.1	14.8	0.90	30	34	26	1.4
62	63	18	49 02.3	128 21.1	14.8	409	30	34	22	1.4
64	65	6 00	12.4	148 51.6	9.8	734	1.53	1.53	32	1.4
66	67	12	12.9	150 37.8	10.2	708	1.48	1.51	33	1.3
68	69	7 00	10.9	156 29.9	9.9	752	1.60	1.60	32	1.2
70	71	12	12.0	158 17.0	9.8	742	1.65	1.64	34	1.1
72	73	18	10.8	160 07.6	9.8	784	1.68	1.60	34	1.0
74	75	12	12.3	162 03.3	10.1	741	1.42	1.35	32	1.0
76	77	8 00	11.7	154 25.1	10.1	751	1.56	1.53	33	1.0
78	79	12	44.3	173 57.8	9.6	696	1.34	1.32	32	1.0
80	81	18	30.9	175 45.2	9.7	788	1.33	1.48	32	1.0
82	83	13 00	46 22.9	174 45.8	10.6	831	1.49	1.49	25	1.0
84	85	6 06	45 52.2	162 55.7	13.7	33.163	1.07	1.06	26	1.0
86	87	14 00	43 26.8	156 11.2	19.7	33.331	14	13	38	1.0
88	89	12	42	50.5	154 36.5	20.9	970	11	11	1.0
90	91	15 00	41 31.8	153 07.3	20.8	32.727	18	21	0	0
92	93	6 06	40 51.1	151 37.7	21.7	33.055	15	12	2	0
94	95	16 00	47 21.7	168 30.9	11.8	822	1.55	1.54	18	0.9
96	97	12	12.1	164 39.7	13.2	987	0.93	0.95	23	0.9
98	99	18	44 38.2	159 21.2	16.7	728	0.35	0.25	4	0.8
100	100	06	43 03.8	157 39.8	15.8	32.942	45	51	5	0.2

* Corrected for dissolved organic carbon adsorbed on filter.

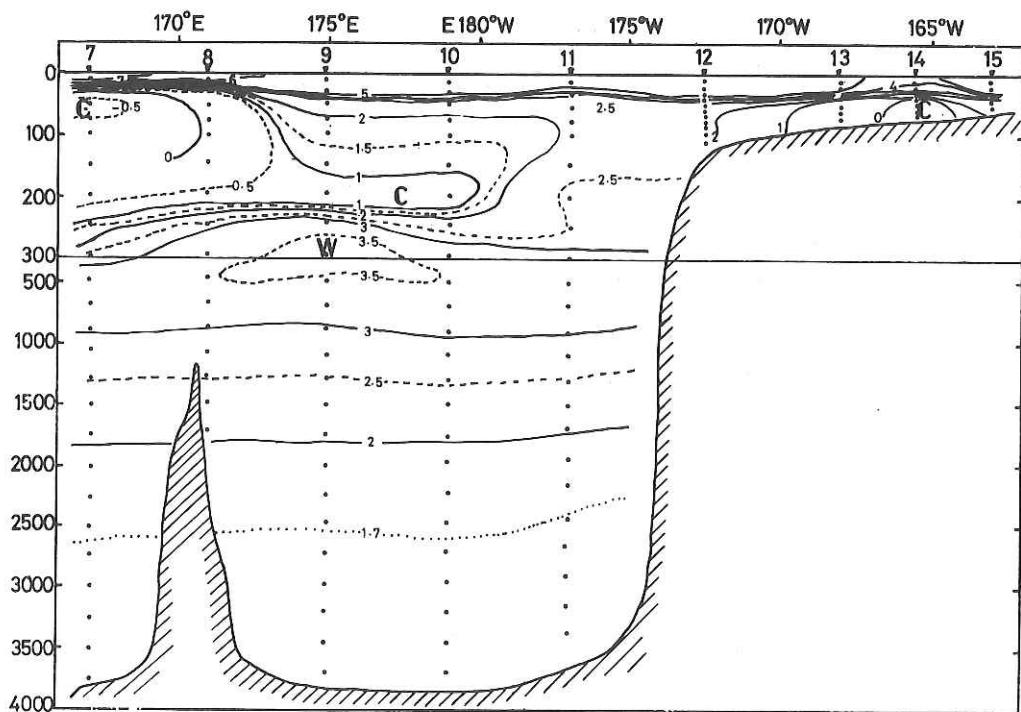


Fig. 2. Cross section of temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

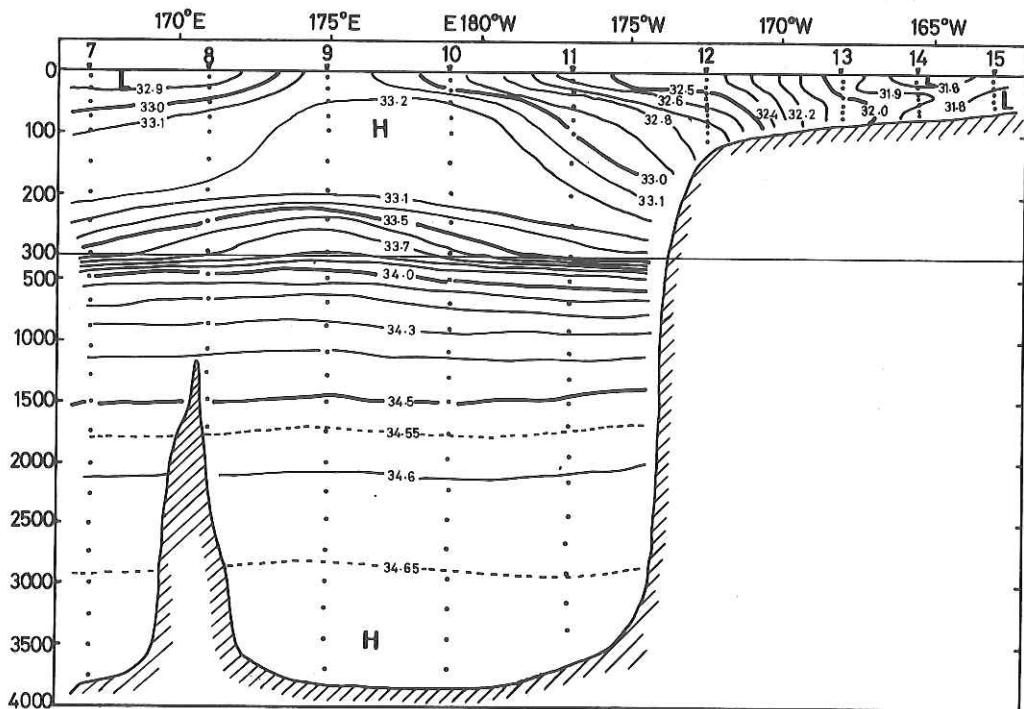


Fig. 3. Cross section of salinity (\textperthousand) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

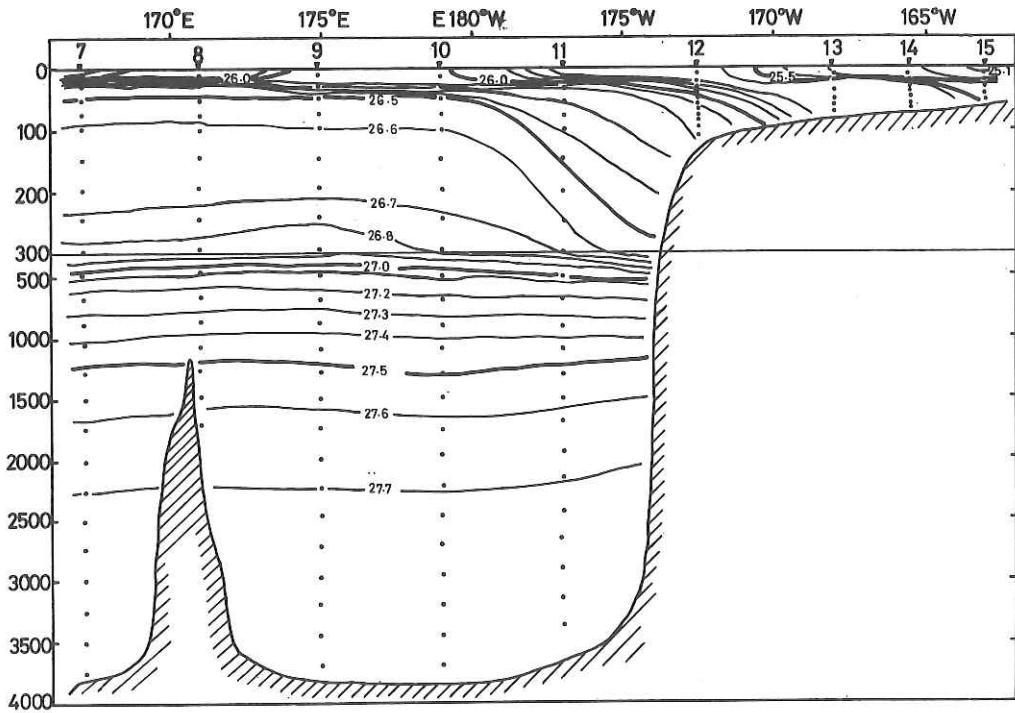


Fig. 4. Cross section of density (σ_t) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

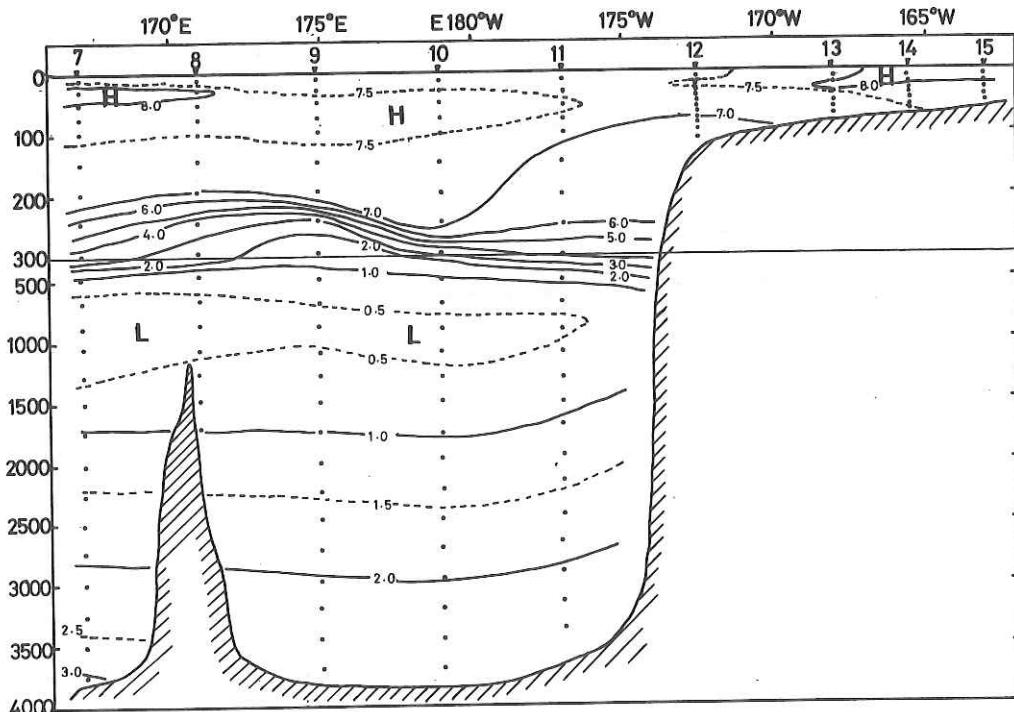


Fig. 5. Cross section of dissolved oxygen (ml/l) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

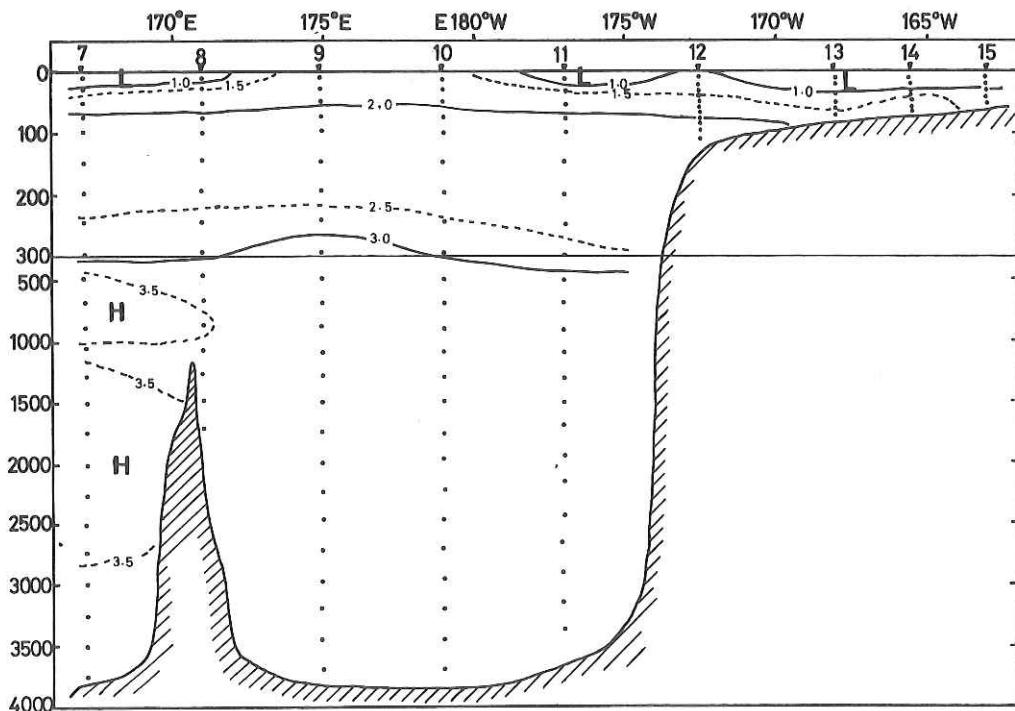


Fig. 6. Cross section of phosphate ($\mu\text{g at.P/l}$) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

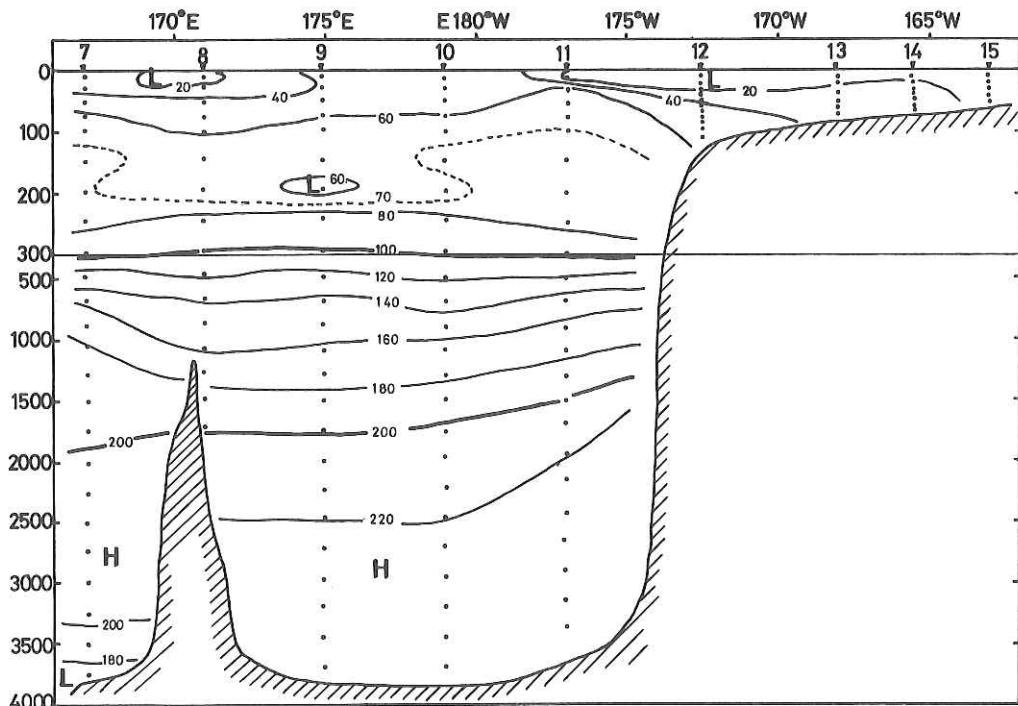


Fig. 7. Cross section of silicate ($\mu\text{g at.Si/l}$) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

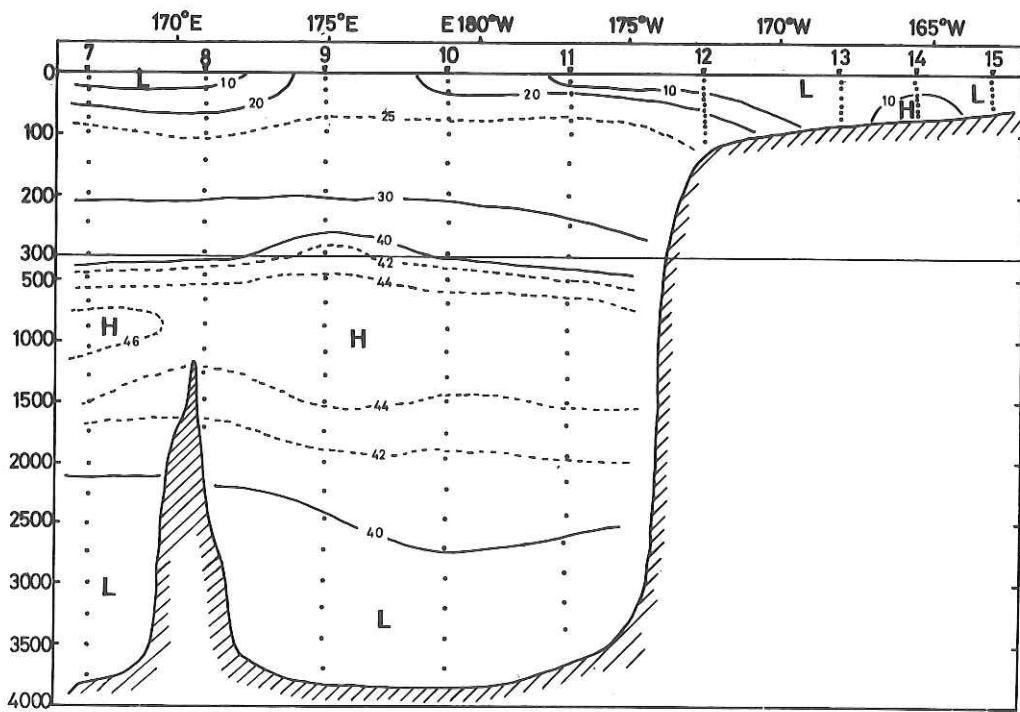


Fig. 8. Cross section of nitrate ($\mu\text{g at.N/l}$) in the Bering Sea along 57°N

Hydrographic characteristics of studied sea areas

T. Nakai, H. Otobe and A. Hattori

1. Sea area along the Kurile Islands and off Kamchatka (Stations 2-6)

Six hydrographic stations were occupied in the western subarctic gyre of the North Pacific Ocean, where the Oyashio Current flows southwestward. In the time of year we investigated, the western subarctic water was characterized by marked stratification with strong seasonal thermocline at about 20m depth and by remarkable dichothermal layer at approximately 100m depth (Fig. 9). The minimum temperature in this cold layer was about -0.5°C at Station 4. Below the temperature minimum zone, a positive temperature gradient was observed. A weak temperature maximum was located at about 200m in the northern part of this section (Station 6) and tended to lower southward. At Station 2, it was observed at about 600m.

Salinity in the surface water ranged 32.5‰ to 33.1‰. The remarkable halocline lay under the dichothermal layer, and separated the upper watermass from the deep watermass (Fig. 10). The salinity below 400m gradually increased to 34.7‰ near the bottom.

The surface oxygen contents ranged from 7ml/l to 8ml/l. The maximum oxygen content existed near the surface between 30m and 50m (Fig. 11). Below the oxygen maximum layer, a distinct oxygen transition layer was observed which coincided with the halocline.

2. The Bering Sea Basin (Stations 7-11)

The surface temperatures of this region were slightly lower than those off Kamchatka. Temperature and salinity in the western part of this section (Stations 7 and 8) were closely related to those in subarctic region of the North Pacific south of the Aleutian Islands Arc. The strong seasonal thermocline occurred between 20m and 30m depth, and a core of the cold water of about -0.5°C was observed at 50m depth at Station 7 (Fig. 2).

The thermocline became slightly deeper eastward, from 30m to 40m,

and characteristic mode water with temperature of approximately 1.5°C and salinity of 33.2% was located just under the thermocline at Stations 9 and 10. A tongue of low temperature of less than 1°C , 50m thick, extended eastward at about 200m depth. The mesothermal water higher than 3.5°C was centered at 300m depth of Station 9. This feature corresponded to those observed on salinity and dissolved oxygen (Figs. 3 and 5).

At Station 11, located in the eastern margin of the Bering Sea Basin, the double dichothermal layers were found in the upper layer. Surface salinity decreased gradually eastward near the continental slope.

Dissolved oxygen contents in the upper 200m were relatively homogeneous and ranged from 7ml/l to 8ml/l. An outstanding oxygen minimum with a marked oxygen gradient (Fig. 5) resided in the same depth as the halocline (Fig. 3!).

In the deeper layers, the distributions of temperature and salinity were similar to those in the open ocean. However, the oxygen content was much lower, attaining a value of 2.5ml/l in the eastern basin of the Olyutorski Ridge.

3. Continental shelf region (Stations 12-19)

Water structure over the shallow continental shelf is complicated owing to seasonal cooling and heating and run-off from large rivers. According to the temperature distribution (Fig. 2), two layers can be distinguished. Upper one is mixed layer extending to 30m depth. Below the seasonal thermocline to the bottom, the temperature was very cold. Salinity was nearly homogenous in the vertical plane, but laterally it decreased along latitude 57°N , from 32.5% in the western margin of the continental shelf to 31.8% in the eastern inner part. The dissolved oxygen contents increased eastward and exceeded 8ml/l at the eastern end of the section (Stations 18 and 19). The oxygen was fully or nearly fully saturated.

4. Density profiles and current

The density profiles were similar to those of temperature, and the thermocline coincided well with the pycnocline. Geostrophic currents (Table 33) are generally in good agreement with the Bering Sea circulation described by Natarov (1963), Arsen'ev (1967) and others. The calculated velocities are probably underestimated because the selection of observational line was insufficient to carry out accurate dynamic calculation.

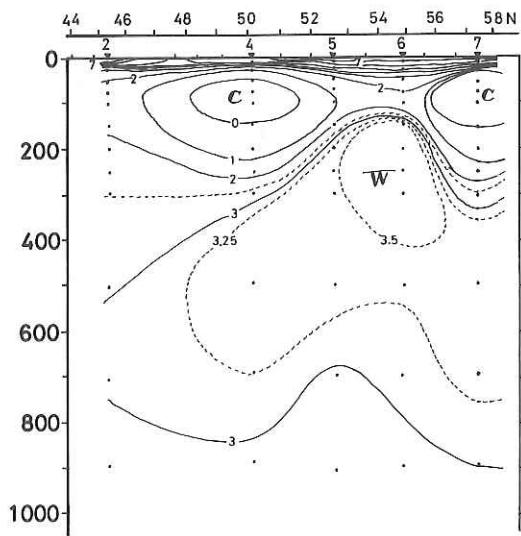


Fig. 9. Cross section of temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) in the northwestern North Pacific (cf. Fig. 1)

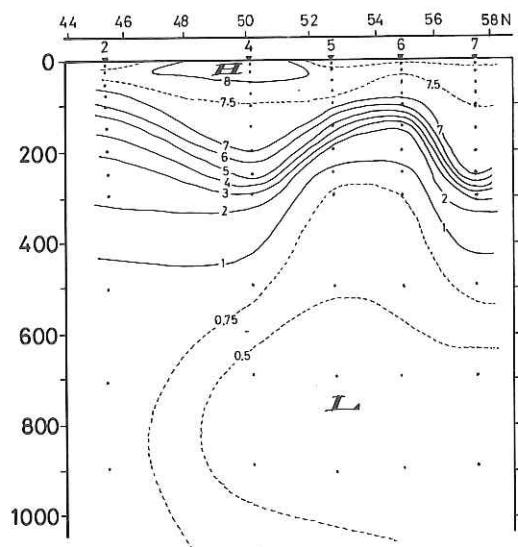


Fig. 11. Cross section of dissolved oxygen (ml/l) in the northwestern North Pacific (cf. Fig. 1)

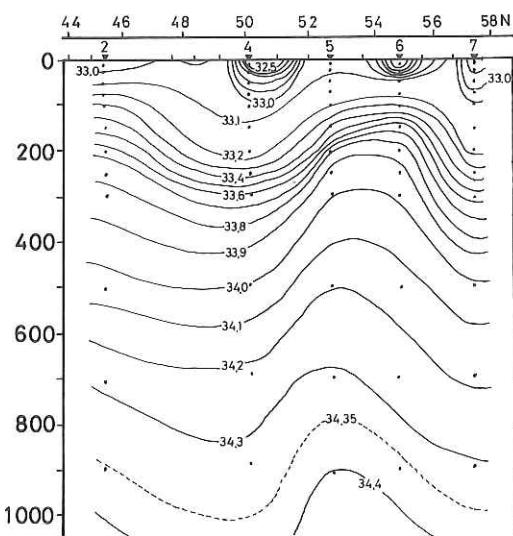


Fig. 10. Cross section of salinity (\textperthousand) in the northwestern North Pacific (cf. Fig. 1)

Table 33. Current and volume transport estimated
by dynamic calculations

Stations	Distance (km)	Mean surface velocity (cm/sec)	Volume transport ($\times 10^6 \text{m}^3/\text{sec}$)	Flow component
2 - 4	770	-1.2	-3.9	NW
4 - 5	391	3.1	5.2	SE
5 - 6	321	-0.9	-1.7	NW
6 - 7	321	-2.8	-4.1	NW
7 - 8	235	0.6	0.6	S
8 - 9	239	0.8	1.0	S
9 - 10	248	-1.8	-2.3	N
10 - 11	243	-2.1	-0.9	N

STD observation

T. Nakai, H. Otobe and A. Hattori

The vertical distributions of salinity and temperature were measured with a HYTECH Model 9006 STD system at 14 stations in the Bering Sea (Table 34). The records are reproduced in Fig. 12.

Table 34. STD observation record

Stations	Date	and Time	Position		Depth
7	Jul.	3 08:00-09:33	56°57.0'N,	167°05.5'E	3800m
8		4 06:50-08:33	57°00.7'	170°57.4'	1800
*9		6 09:53-11:40	00.5'	174°52.1'	3800
*10		7 11:07-12:30	02.0'	179°04.6'	3800
*11		7 08:05-09:52	03.6'	176°56.9'W	3650
12		9 06:55-07:34	01.4'	172°28.6'	123
13		10 00:00-00:20	56°59.4'	168°00.3'	80
14		10 11:51-12:07	58.8'	165°33.7'	72
15		10 21:29-21:47	59.8'	162°58.1'	62
16		11 07:37-07:56	58°16.4'	164°55.2'	44
17		11 17:20-17:34	59°31.1'	166°59.2'	29
18		12 06:40-07:01	58°16.4'	167°00.6'	55
19		13 00:29-00:53	56°00.3'	00.0'	135
*20		13 13:35-15:50	55°02.0'	168°01.5'	1000

* Fitted with water-samplers (Resette Multi-Sampler, Model RMS-12) and reversing-thermometers for STD caliblation.

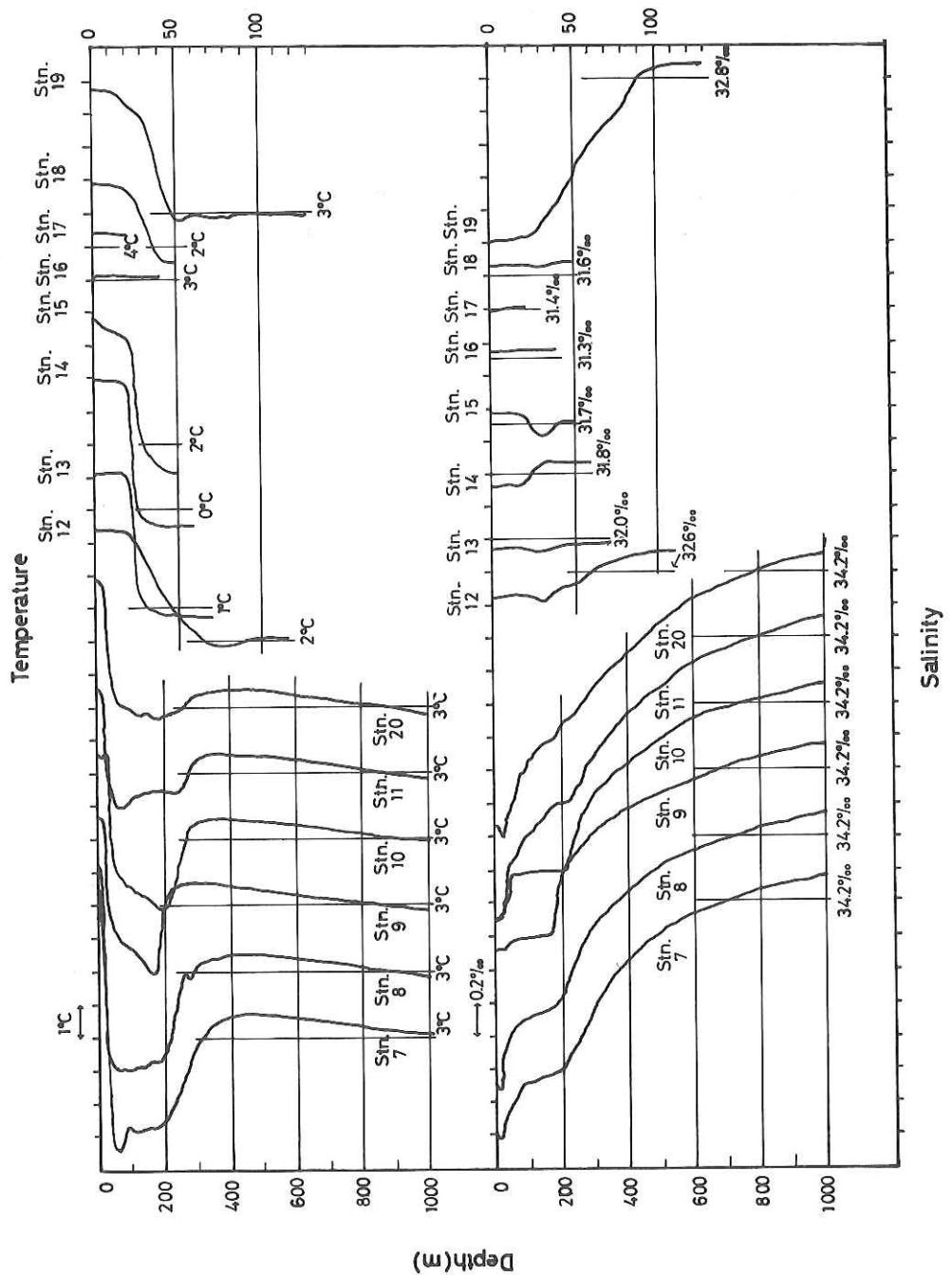


Fig. 12. Vertical profiles of temperature and salinity as measured by a Hytech STD system

Measurements of underwater irradiance and transparency

H. Otobe, T. Nakai and A. Hattori

The underwater irradiance was measured at 20 stations using an irradiance-meter, Model IU-2C ISHIKAWA TRADING CO., Ltd. Tokyo. The transparency was simultaneously determined with a Secchi disk. The depths of 50%, 25%, 10%, 1% and 0.1% light penetration, relative to the light in the surface, are presented in Table 35. To avoid error introduced by water turbulence near the surface, the surface values were estimated by extrapolating subsurface values (5-30 m) to 0 m in semilogarithmic plot.

Table 35. Submarine irradiance and transparency in the Bering Sea
and the northern North Pacific

Stations	Date Time	Location	Surface (lux)	50 %	25 %	10 %	1 %	0.1 %	Transp. (m)
				Depth (m)					
4	Jun. 29 11:36-11:55	49°38.9'N 158°02.0'E	73000	7	14	23	47	70	-
5	Jun. 30 08:18-08:26	52°00.4'N 162°00.6'E	15000	7	14	23	47	70	-
6	Jul. 1 11:07-11:20	54°31.3'N 164°26.6'E	91000	7	14	23	46	68	16
7-1	Jul. 3 07:16-07:45	56°56.8'N 167°05.3'E	65000	5	10	17	33	50	12
7-2	Jul. 4 11:14-11:25	57°00.0'N 167°04.7'E	11000	6	12	19	38	58	10
8	Jul. 5 08:43-08:52	57°00.2'N 170°55.6'E	19000	8	15	25	50	75	14
9	Jul. 6 11:50-11:58	57°00.2'N 174°52.4'E	31000	8	17	28	56	83	16
10	Jul. 7 12:35-12:48	57°02.6'N 179°05.8'E	22000	9	17	28	56	84	14
12	Jul. 9 10:30-10:38	57°01.2'N 172°28.0'W	45000	7	14	23	46	68	20
14	Jul. 10 13:25-13:35	56°59.2'N 165°31.5'W	34000	5	11	17	35	52	13
16	Jul. 11 08:03-08:07	58°16.8'N 164°55.1'W	14000	5	10	17	33	50	12
17	Jul. 11 17:07-17:15	59°30.8'N 166°58.3'W	16000	3	6	9	19	28	7
18	Jul. 12 07:10-07:17	58°16.8'N 167°01.3'W	8500	4	8	14	28	41	10
20	Jul. 13 12:08-12:30	55°01.6'N 168°01.3'W	11000	10	20	32	65	97	17
G-1	Jul. 17 08:16-08:23	52°07.8'N 161°01.5'W	9000	9	17	29	58	86	17
G-2	Jul. 18 10:53-11:05	49°58.8'N 155°00.7'W	21000	6	12	20	40	60	11
G-3	Jul. 19 08:10-08:24	49°57.5'N 151°38.9'W	8800	5	10	17	34	52	9
G-4	Jul. 20 08:25-08:34	50°00.6'N 144°28.7'W	31000	8	16	26	52	79	17
G-5	Jul. 21 08:10-08:16	49°54.5'N 138°48.1'W	17000	8	16	26	52	79	15
G-6	Jul. 22 08:08-08:22	49°20.3'N 131°20.8'W	17000	7	13	22	44	66	17

Measurements of radiation fluxes

H. Otobe

Fluxes of short- and long-wave solar radiation were continuously measured to assess the heat budget on the sea surface of the Bering Sea in summer. The short- and longwave sensors (Mole type thermopile, Eiko-Seiki-Sangyo Co., Ltd., Tokyo) with upward and downward components were installed on the observational bow-boom stuck out 4m from the top of the bow and 8m above the sea surface. The routine meteorological data were simultaneously collected.

Chemical and radiochemical studies of the North Pacific

S. Tsunogai, M. Minagawa, S. Konishi, M. Kusakabe,
T. Shinagawa and M. Nishimura

1. Chemical composition of particulate material in sea water.

Sea water samples collected at all hydrographic stations were filtered through a pre-weighed HA Millipore filter (pore size: 0.45) or a CPR Nuclepore filter (pore size: 0.4 μ) (47 mm in diameter). Duplicate or triplicate samples of particulate material were collected from each depth. The filters were washed with 3.5% ammonium carbonate, and dried at 30°C. The dry weight of particulate material was later determined as described elsewhere (Tsunogai, Minagawa and Arita, 1974).

Concentrations of Na, K, Mg, Ca, Cl, Si, Fe and P were determined by the methods as described by Tsunogai, Kido, Minagawa and Yamada (1973).

2. Size distribution of particulate material in sea water

With the same sea water samples (450 samples) as used for the dry weight determination, size distribution of particulate material was determined. The numbers of particles larger than 4 μ and smaller than about 100 μ were counted with a Model ZB Coulter

counter by dividing the size range into 15 fractions.

3. ^{210}Pb , ^{210}Po and ^{234}Th in particulate material

The usefulness of these nuclides as natural tracers to assess the behavior of particulate material in sea water has been discussed by Tsunogai, Nozaki and Minagawa (1974). At Stations 7, 11 and 30, about 90 l of seawater samples were collected from various depths and filtered through an HA Millipore filter. ^{210}Pb , ^{210}Po and ^{234}Th were chemically separated and their radioactivities were determined. High specific activities of ^{234}Th and ^{210}Po were found in particles collected from layers between 1000 and 1500 m at Station 30.

4. ^{226}Ra , ^{210}Pb and ^{234}Th in sea water

^{226}Ra seems to be a good tracer of the deep water movement. The deficiency of ^{210}Pb from ^{226}Ra activity in deep waters may indicate the particulate removal in the deep. We can also estimate the settling velocity of particulate material in the surface from the distributions of ^{234}Th and ^{210}Pb . We have devised an analytical method of these nuclides by using the same 20 - 30 l sample, which will be described elsewhere. Seawater samples were obtained (from various depths) at all the hydrographic stations.

5. Calcium in sea water

The calcium concentration in deep water increases gradually with time. The results on calcium together with data on alkalinity may be used to study the problems such as calcium carbonate dissolution, circulation of deep water, etc. Samples were collected at the hydrographic stations and will be analyzed by the method of Tsunogai, Nishimura and Nakaya (1968).

6. Chemical composition of bottom water

Samplings of bottom water were attempted at Stations 7, 11 and 30 with the aid of a sonar pinger. Unfortunately, we could succeed in obtaining samples only at Station 7. Nutrient concentrations of the bottom water were determined. Ca, Hg, ^{210}Pb , ^{234}Th , ^{226}Ra and other inorganic components in particulate material were

also determined.

7. Mercury in sea water, maritime air and maritime rain

The behavior of mercury in the earth's surface was investigated, 116 sea water samples (44 from the surface and 72 from various depths at 5 stations), 18 maritime rain samples were collected. Particulate material was obtained by filtering 5 - 10 l of sea water. Air samples were collected by bubbling 1 - 2 m³ of the surface air through KMnO₄-H₂SO₄ solution. The mercury content will be determined by flameless atomic absorption spectroscopy (Nishimura, Matsunaga, Konishi, 1975).

8. Chemical and radiochemical studies of deep sea sediments

This work was performed as a part of integrated investigation on the cycling of chemical elements in the ocean and/or in the earth's surface. The migration of manganese in the deep sea sediments was specially emphasized. Collection of deep sea sediments were attempted at 5 stations using a piston core sampler. Sampling was successful at 3 stations. The following items were or will be determined:

- a) Water contents (Table 36)

Sediment samples were dried at 110°C.

- b) Ignition losses.

Sediments were heated at 450°C, for 3 hr.

- c) Carbonate content.

- d) Io-Th age determination.

- e) U content and $^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ ratio.

- f) ^{226}Ra and ^{210}Pb content -- Diffusion of Ra in sediments.

- g) Mn and Fe in various forms in the sediments.

- h) Estimate of diffusion rates of Ra in sediments by laboratory experiments.

- i) P and Si contents in interstitial water (Table 37).

Interstitial water was obtained with a squeezer under a pressure of 1.5 - 2 atm with N₂ at room temperature.

Table 36. Water contents in sediments

Station 5		Station 7		Station 11	
depth (cm)	%	depth (cm)	%	depth (cm)	%
10 - 15	62	10 - 15	61	5 - 10	74
30 - 35	59	20 - 25	65	25 - 30	74
40 - 45	57	35 - 40	63	45 - 50	71
50 - 55	57	40 - 45	61	65 - 70	69
60 - 65	53	50 - 55	48	85 - 90	69
70 - 75	55	55 - 60	59	105 - 110	67
80 - 85	57	60 - 65	57	125 - 130	71
90 - 95	49	70 - 75	48	145 - 150	72
100 - 105	52	80 - 85	56	166 - 171	65
110 - 115	46	90 - 95	46	186 - 191	49
120 - 125	41	100 - 105	57	206 - 211	69
130 - 135	47	110 - 115	62	226 - 231	65
140 - 145	44	120 - 125	48	246 - 251	66
152 - 157	43	130 - 135	61	266 - 271	33
192 - 197	46	140 - 145	59	306 - 311	63
252 - 257	46	150 - 155	56	326 - 331	60
272 - 277	47	182 - 187	58	346 - 351	59
292 - 297	44	202 - 207	56	376 - 381	61
312 - 317	47	222 - 227	53	406 - 411	53
332 - 337	47	242 - 247	43	436 - 441	59
572 - 577	46	262 - 267	46	466 - 471	61
622 - 627	45	282 - 287	51	519 - 524	55
672 - 677	44	302 - 307	50	549 - 554	56
758 - 763	44	322 - 327	50	579 - 584	50
		345 - 350	44	609 - 614	54
		365 - 370	53	639 - 644	50
		405 - 410	48	669 - 674	22
		425 - 430	57	679 - 684	51
		445 - 450	54	694 - 699	52
		465 - 470	53	724 - 729	52
		485 - 490	29	754 - 759	27
		505 - 510	51	784 - 789	52
		579 - 584	42	814 - 819	24
		639 - 644	45	844 - 849	37
		669 - 674	48	854 - 859	38
		629 - 697	47	879 - 884	56
		742 - 747	45	909 - 914	52
		792 - 797	31	939 - 944	52
		842 - 847	46	969 - 974	55
		965 - 970	47	999 - 1004	54
		1053 - 1058	43		

Table 37. Concentrations of phosphate and silicate in interstitial waters

Station 5			Station 7			Station 11		
depth (cm)	P μg-atm/l	Si	depth (cm)	P μg-atm/l	Si	depth (cm)	P μg-atm/l	Si
10 - 15	9.2	992	10 - 15	22.7	937	0 - 5	12.5	971
20 - 25	6.5	910	20 - 25	15.9	906	10 - 15	12.2	966
30 - 35	8.5	956	30 - 35	14.4	1152	20 - 25	10.2	956
40 - 45	11.6	833	40 - 45	10.3	962	30 - 35	12.2	1001
50 - 55	8.0	703	50 - 55	11.4	973	40 - 45	19.3	1031
60 - 65	9.9	788	60 - 65	8.7	950	50 - 55	16.6	1001
70 - 75	10.9	820	70 - 75	5.4	898	60 - 65	18.4	999
80 - 85	9.9	828	80 - 85	7.3	908	70 - 75	15.0	923
90 - 95	5.7	659	90 - 95	1.9	744	80 - 85	17.0	981
100 - 105	33.7	684	100 - 105	6.8	890	90 - 95	20.3	974
110 - 115	13.4	708	110 - 115	6.2	861	100 - 105	17.8	944
			120 - 125	5.5	861	110 - 115	-	963
			130 - 135	6.6	824	120 - 125	19.2	954
			140 - 145	6.1	788	130 - 135	25.6	974
			150 - 155	6.0	827	140 - 145	22.6	955
			162 - 167	2.4	740	150 - 155	27.2	955
			182 - 187	9.5	767	161 - 166	22.3	894
			202 - 207	8.6	752	181 - 186	23.1	812
			222 - 227	8.9	749	201 - 206	31.2	907
			242 - 247	8.0	781	221 - 226	30.8	846
			262 - 267	11.6	661	241 - 246	35.3	942
			282 - 287	10.1	474	261 - 266	34.0	911
			302 - 307	16.3	744	281 - 286	42.1	935
			322 - 327	17.5	647	301 - 306	37.2	851
						321 - 326	46.5	926

j) Mn and other metals in interstitial water.

Aliquots of the interstitial water samples were reserved for the later determinations of metals with atomic absorption spectroscopy.

9. Nitrogen compounds in the atmosphere over the ocean.

The sources of the atmospheric nitrogen compounds and their flux were studied with the following samples.

a) Gaseous ammonia in maritime air

Ammonia in the surface air and aerosols was sampled during the cruise. The sampling was made only when the wind blew against the vessel. The sampling device was set on the bridge deck about 10 m above the sea surface. The air was sparged through a G-3 glass filter into 0.2 N sulfuric acid placed in three bottles connected in series. The air sampling was continued for 10 - 20 hrs at a flow rate of 0.5 - 1.0 l/min. The concentration of ammonia was determined by the oxidation method of Shinagawa and Tsunogai (unpublished). Only a few reliable data were obtained because of the low absorption efficiency and tail wind at the sampling.

b) Nitrogen compounds in aerosols

Aerosols in maritime air were collected by filtering air successively through a Millipore RA filter and a Millipore GS filter. The collectors were set on the bridge deck. The sampling was operated for 20-70 hrs at a flow rate of about 2 l/min. 30 samples were collected.

c) Nitrogen compounds in maritime rain

A rain water sampler with 0.6 m^2 surface area was set on the compass bridge deck. 33 samples were collected.

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Copper in sea waters

M. Mayeda

The distribution and behavior of copper in sea waters of highly productive areas of the northern North Pacific and the Bering Sea were investigated. 10 to 40 l of sea water samples were collected with Van Dorn polyethylene bottles.

Occurrence of copper : Twenty-three samples were collected at Stations 7, 11, 30 and 33. 3 l aliquots of the sea water samples were filtered through an HA Millipore filter as soon as possible. Their 500 ml portions were acidified with HNO₃ and the rest of them were frozen. The filtrates and the unfiltered sea water samples acidified with HNO₃ were brought back to the laboratory on land for further treatment. Total, reactive or organically bound copper will be determined.

To examine the effects of filtration, freezing and storage of sea waters on copper behavior, with selected samples, organically bound copper was extracted with chloroform on board ship. Reactive copper in unfiltered and/or filtered sea water samples was chelated with APDC at its native pH, and extracted with chloroform on board ship.

Change of copper concentration in bottled sea water : To study changes of total, reactive or organically bound copper with time,

18 sea water samples were collected from 0, 50, 100, 200, 500 and 1000 m at Stations 11, 30 and 33. 30 l of the sea water sample (10 l at Station 33) were poured into a polyethylene bottle without any pretreatment. At intervals of a day or two, 2.5 l portions were taken out from the bottle. 500 ml of each portion was acidified without filtration : the rest of them were filtered through an HA Millipore filter and acidified or frozen. The size distribution of particulate matter in the samples was simultaneously determined.

The copper content will be determined by means of flameless atomic absorption spectrophotometry.

Concentration of urea in sea waters

Y. Satoh

Aliquots of water samples collected with Nansen bottles were filtered through a Whatman type C glass fiber filter immediately after sampling, and the concentrations of urea were determined on board ship by the method of Newell et al. (1967). Duplicate analysis was carried out. Most of the samples were analyzed immediately after filtration, but some were stored frozen and then analyzed within a few days. The precision of the determination was $\pm 0.15 \mu\text{g at.N/l}$.

Urea concentrations ranged from 0.31-1.65 $\mu\text{g at.N/l}$, averaged 0.75 in the Oyashio area (Stations 2-6), from 0.21-1.65 $\mu\text{g at.N/l}$, averaged 0.67, in the deep Bering Sea (Stations 7-11, and 20), from 0.38-1.61 $\mu\text{g at.N/l}$, averaged 0.81, in the continental shelf area (Stations 12-19), and from 0.32-1.67 $\mu\text{g at.N/l}$, averaged 0.64 in the northern North Pacific (Stations 26-35). The euphotic zone samples from the Gulf of Alasca (Stations G1 - G6) contained 0.43-1.99 $\mu\text{g at.N/l}$, averaged 0.97.

The vertical profile of urea does not show any definite trend, although sometimes some peaks appeared. With 86 percent of all the

samples, urea concentration was less than 1.00 µg at.N/l ,

Reference

Newell, B. S., B. Morgan and J. Cundy (1967) J. Mar. Res. 25, 201-202.

Geochemical study on organic matter from marine sediment

N. Handa

Ocean floor sediments were collected with a piston corer at stations 5, 7 and 11. Interstitial water was obtained by squeezing the sedimentary samples. Interstitial water and sediment were analyzed for organic carbon and nitrogen, carbohydrate, amino acid, protein, lipid, hydrocarbon, humic acids and plant pigments to pursue early diagenetic change of organic matter in marine sediment.

Excretion of dissolved organic matter by zooplankton

N. Handa

Zooplankton were collected by an ORI conical net (160 cm mouth diameter, 750 cm in length, and 1.0 mm in mesh size) at Stations 8, 9, 12 and 26. Portions of the catch were suspended in fresh GF/C-filtered sea water to give population density of 30 individuals per 1 liter. The zooplankton were incubated in a glass bottle (10 liters) at 2°C for 30 min to 6 hr.

At intervals, 1 liter aliquots were withdrawn and filtered through a Whatman type C glass fiber filter. The fecal pellet of zooplankton collected on the filter was analyzed for chlorophyll pigments and organic composition. The filtrate was analyzed for various organic compounds, and the contribution of zooplankton excretion to the production of dissolved organic materials was evaluated.

¹³C abundance in dissolved inorganic
and particulate organic carbons

N. Handa

¹³C content in carbonate and particulate organic matter in sea waters was measured to assess how much of total carbon dioxide in deep water is originated from the oxidation of organic matter.

The samples were collected from 31 water layers from the surface down to maximum 5,000 m depth at all of the stations where hydrocast with Nansen bottles was conducted. Immediately after the retrieval of the bottles, the sea water samples were transferred to glass bottles (250 ml). With their aliquots, total carbon dioxide was determined by an IR method. Barium hydroxide solution was introduced to the sea water, and the bottles sealed tightly with paraffin and nylon tape to prevent the contamination of air. The isotopes were later determined in laboratory on land by the mass spectrometric method.

Photosynthetic production of organic constituents

by marine diatoms

E. Tanoue, and N. Handa

Phytoplankton samples mainly consisted of diatoms (cf. Ishimaru and Nemoto, p. 76) were collected from the surface layer by towing the plankton net with NXX 18 nylon bolting cloth at Stations 6, 7 and 11. The phytoplankton were suspended in filtered sea water to give ca 10^5 cells/ml, and introduced into 250 ml or 1,000 ml glass bottles. $\text{NaH}^{14}\text{CO}_2$ was added and the bottles were incubated in the light (18 klux) or in the dark at 15°C for 2 hours. The reaction was stopped by the addition of formalin (0.5 % in final concentration). Phytoplankton were collected on a Whatman type C glass fiber filter, and stored in a freezer (-20°C) for later

analysis of ^{14}C distribution in various organic constituents. Some incubated samples were stored without filtration, to examine the excretion of photosynthates.

Distribution of particulate organic matter and its decomposition processes in the marine environment

N. Handa and K. Matsunaga

Particulate matter was collected onto a Whatman type C glass fiber filter by filtration of sea water samples obtained from 24 water layers of the surface through 5000 m depth at Stations 7 and 11 in the Bering Sea and Station 30 in the northern North Pacific Ocean.

Organic carbon and nitrogen were determined by a CHN analyzer, Yanaco MT-IS (Tables 25-32). Carbohydrate, amino acid, protein, lipid and plant pigments were determined by spectrophotometric methods.

The decomposition rates of particulate organic matter were estimated from its vertical profiles by applying the diffusion-advection model and/or box model. The rates ranged from 60 to 80 $\text{mgC}/\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{day}$ at depth between 50 and 200 m.

Distribution of dissolved organic matter and its decomposition processes in the marine environment

K. Matsunaga and N. Handa

Three hundred ml of water samples collected from various depths at all of the stations where hydrocast with Nansen bottles was conducted were filtered through a Whatman type C glass fiber filter. The filtrates were allowed to stand in a freezer (-20°C). Analyses were made for dissolved organic carbon and nitrogen,

carbohydrate, amino acid, protein, lipid and organic acids in the laboratory on land.

Sea water samples from Van Dorn sampler were fractionated using diaflow membranes (Amicon Co. Ltd.), and the molecular weight distribution of dissolved organic matter was examined.

The rates of assimilation and decomposition of dissolved organic matter was determined by ^{14}C tracer technique. ^{14}C -labeled acetic acid, glucose or starch was added to sea water samples from 20, 75 and 200 m depths. The reaction was ceased by the addition of mercuric chloride. Carbon dioxide was extracted by aeration and absorbed in ethyl cellosolve. The particulate matter was collected on an Millipore filter (HA). The Millipore filter was dissolved in scintillater (5 ml) and radioactivity was determined by a liquid scintillation counter in the laboratory on land.

Photosynthetic activity in the Bering Sea and the northern
North Pacific

K. Satake, T. Saino and A. Hattori

Photosynthetic activity in the Bering Sea and the northern North Pacific Ocean was determined by a standard ^{14}C method (Strickland and Parsons, 1972). Water samples were collected with Van Dorn nonmetallic samplers from depths of 100 %, 50 %, 25 %, 10 % and 1 % of light penetration. The sample water (80 ml) was placed in glass bottle, and incubated together with 5 μCi of ^{14}C - NaHCO_3 in a tank exposed to artificial light (daylight fluorescent lamps) of about 10,000 lux for 3 hr. Neutral filters with 50, 25 and 10 % light transmission were applied to simulate natural light conditions. The samples were filtered through an HA Millipore filter, and radioactivity of particulate matter collected on the filter was counted with a GM gas flow counter, Aloka Super Scaler Model TDC-6. Results obtained are summarized in Table 38. Here, the data at maximum

depth represent the photosynthetic activity at a 100 % light intensity.

Reference

Strickland, J. D. H. and T. R. Parsons (1972)

A Practical Handbook of Seawater Analysis. Fisheries Research Board of Canada, Ottawa, p. 267.

Table 38. Photosynthetic activity ($\text{mgC}/\text{m}^3/\text{hr}$) in the Bering Sea and North Pacific

	Station 2	Station 3	Station 4	Station 5	Station 6	Station 7
0(m)	0.69	0	0.78	0	0.23	0
10	0.45			6	0.18	6
20	0.25			11	0.15	12
40	0.11			16	0.09	18
50	0.00			40	0.01	40

	Station 9	Station 11	Station 14	Station 16	Station 18	Station G1
0	0.16	0	0.40	0	0.58	0
10	0.16	5	0.27	11	0.42	5
20	0.08	10	0.25	18	0.22	10
30	0.03	15	0.10	36	0.28	15
75	0.05	30	0.08	55	0.56	33

	Station G2	Station G3	Station G4	Station G5	Station G6
0	0.17	0	0.50	0	0.20
7	0.35	7	0.41	18	0.16
14	0.35	14	0.37	27	0.07
19	0.10	19	0.14	60	0.05
46	0.07	46	0.09	90	0.08

Silicic acid uptake and regeneration in the North Pacific Ocean

J. J. Goering

Silicic acid consumption (uptake) and production (regeneration) were measured in the euphotic zone and just below at six (6) stations during late July 1975 in the North Pacific Ocean using the stable silicon isotope procedure (Goering et al, 1972; Nelson, 1975). At one station regeneration was measured at various depths down to 2000 m.

Detail of study

The rate of silica dissolution in surface seawater where silicic acid uptake occurs simultaneously was measured on Cruise KH-75-4 by a reverse labeling technique which employs ^{28}Si , the most abundant isotope of silicon, as a tracer. In this procedure ^{30}Si -labeled silicic acid is added to a sample of whole natural seawater and the isotopic composition of the total silicic acid pool (ambient plus added label) measured before and after an incubation. Dissolution of natural silica, containing silicon which is 92.18 atom % ^{28}Si , is measured as an increase in the ^{28}Si content of the dissolved silicic acid during the incubation period. Since dissolution is measured as a change in the isotopic composition rather than the total concentration of silicic acid the measurement is unaffected by biological uptake, which may alter the silicic acid concentration but is not isotopically selective. The procedure consists of three steps: incubation of a sample in the presence of ^{30}Si -enriched silicic acid, analysis of the initial and final isotopic composition of the silicic acid, and calculation of the dissolution rate from isotopic data. Since ^{30}Si -labeled silicic acid is added to the seawater initially, a simultaneous measurement of silicic acid uptake can be obtained by measuring the ^{30}Si content in the particulate material at the termination of incubation.

On Cruise KH-75-4 silicic acid consumption and regeneration were measured at six stations in water collected from the 100,

50, 15, 1 and .1 % light depths. After addition of ^{30}Si the water was placed into plexiglass containers that were wrapped with neutral density wire screens that simulated the above light levels. Incubation occurred for 24 hours in a tank cooled with running surface seawater that was exposed to natural light. At one station an attempt to measure silicic production at various depths down to 2000 m (i.e., 150, 300, 500, 900, 1500 and 2000 m) was also completed.

Little information currently exists concerning the cycling of silicic acid in the surface water of the North Pacific Ocean. Results from the above measurements should, however, provide useful information concerning rates of consumption and production of silicic acid in the North Pacific.

References

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Studies on nitrogen metabolism of marine bacteria with
special reference to denitrification and amino acid utilization
I. Koike and A. Hattori

1. Denitrification in the Bering Sea sediments

Denitrification activity was measured using a ^{15}N isotope method. Sediment samples were collected at Stations 12, 14 and 19 using a core sampler. With surface sediments (0 - 3 cm) the activity measurements were carried out within a few hours after sampling. The sediments (ca. 1 gram each) were placed in vacuum tight flasks. The flasks were filled with autoclaved sea water saturated with nitrogen gas, and ^{15}N -nitrate (50 % ^{15}N) was introduced. Effects of nitrate concentrations and incubation time on the activity were examined. After incubation, dissolved gas was extracted, and ^{15}N

content in nitrogen gas was determined by mass spectrometry. The concentrations of nitrate and nitrite in interstitial water were simultaneously determined.

Denitrification activity in the surface sediments of the eastern Bering Sea ranged 1.0 to 1.4×10^{-3} μg at.N/gram sediment/hr.

2. Amino acid metabolism in the surface water of the Bering Sea and North Pacific

Uptake and deamination of amino acids by microorganisms in the surface water were measured using ^{14}C - and ^{15}N - labeled glutamate, aspartate, lysine and glycine. 400 ml (for ^{15}N) or 200 ml (for ^{14}C) of sea water (Sta. 9, 20 m; Sta. 30, 20 m) was incubated for 4 hours in darkness. After incubation, particulate matter was collected by a Yumicron filter (0.40μ , 25 mm). ^{15}N -ammonia in filtrate was separately collected in dilute HCl by steam distillation. ^{15}N content of particulate matter was measured by mass spectrometry.

After the acidification (pH 3.5) evolved CO_2 was absorbed in the mixture of ethanolamine and methyl cellosolve. Particulate matter was collected on a Yumicron filter (0.40μ , 25 mm). Radioactivities in CO_2 and particulate matter were determined by a liquid scintillation counter and a gas flow counter, respectively.

Turnover rate of ammonia

H. Iizumi and A. Hattori

Turnover rates of ammonia in sea waters were measured with a ^{15}N isotope dilution technique. Samples were collected from the ammonia maximum layers (30 m) at Stations 7 and 11, and from 100 m at Station 7. ^{15}N labeled ammonia was introduced in 10 liters of sampled sea water so as to give several atomic percent excess of ^{15}N in ammonia. Incubation was carried out at $4-5^\circ\text{C}$ in the dark. At intervals, 2 liter aliquots were removed and filtered through a Whatman type C glass fiber filter. The filters and filtrates were

stored under refrigeration for isotope analysis.

Nutrient analysis of interstitial waters

H. Iizumi, I. Koike and A. Hattori

Core samples were collected with a pilot corer attached to the lever of a piston corer at Stations 5, 7, 11 and 33. A Phleger core sampler was used at Stations 12, 14 and 17. Interstitial waters were expressed with a gas-operated squeezer (Reeburgh, 1967) within 2 hours after sampling, and kept frozen until use. Ammonia was determined by the method of Solorzano (1969) after dilution with low ammonia sea water, nitrite by the method of Bendschneider and Robinson (1952) after dilution with deionized water, and nitrate by the method of Wood, Armstrong and Richards (1967) as modified for small volume of sample. C and N contents of sediments were determined by a Yanagimoto MT-1 CHN analyzer.

References

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Solorzano, L. (1969) Limnol. Oceanogr., 14, 789.
Wood, E. D., F. A. Armstrong and F. A. Richards (1967)
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Estimate of the in situ growth rate of phytoplankters
in the northern North Pacific and the Bering Sea

T. Saino and A. Hattori

Experiments to measure the in situ growth rate were carried out with surface waters collected at Stations 5, 7, 9, 11, 14, G1, G2, G3 and G4.

Surface waters, filtered through net cloth (0.3 mm mesh) to eliminate the larger zooplankters, were introduced into 5-liter glass bottles and incubated in a deck incubator cooled by surface water under natural sun light. Aliquots were taken out once a day for 3 to 4 days. At the end of experiments, remaining samples were filtered through a preheated Whatman type C glass fibre filter, and particulate matter was collected.

Concentrations of particulate matter (4-64 μ^3) in the subsamples were measured by a Coulter counter (Model ZB, 200 μm aperture). Aliquots of the subsamples were simultaneously fixed with neutralized formalin or glutaldehyde.

Growth rates of the phytoplankters were estimated from (1) cell number, counted by microscopic observation, (2) volume of the particulates, determined by a Coulter counter, or (3) concentration of carbon or nitrogen in the particulate matter.

Growth rates thus obtained are compared with those estimated from uptake rates of CO_2 , $\text{NH}_4^+ + \text{NO}_3^-$ and SiO_2 .

Acetylene reduction in the northern North Pacific

and the Bering Sea

T. Saino and A. Hattori

Acetylene reduction was measured at 4 stations in the northern North Pacific and 3 stations in the Bering Sea.

Surface waters were filtered through net cloth (0.3 mm mesh) immediately after sampling, and introduced into 5 l glass bottles. Acetylene gas (Product of Matheson Co.) was introduced into 1 l. of gas space to yield its partial pressure of 0.1 atmosphere. The bottles were incubated in a deck incubator cooled by surface water under natural sun light. Aliquots of gas were withdrawn with vacutainers once a day for several days. Control experiments were run in the presence of 0.1 mM HgCl_2 .

No acetylene reducing activity was detected.

Downward transport of particulate matter into deep water

K. Iseki and S. Nishizawa

There is convincing evidence (Nakajima, 1971; Ichikawa, 1975) to show that the concentration of particulate organic matter in deep layers of the open sea is positively correlated, on a broad scale, with the concentration in the overlying surface layer observed simultaneously. The correlation has so far been confirmed to be highly significant at least down to 2000 m depth for the data obtained from more than 20 localities of the entire Pacific and adjacent seas among which the average surface concentration varied from 20 to 300 $\mu\text{gC/l}$. This suggests that the actual transport of organic particles into deep layers has to be quite rapid compared with the slow processes as supposed so far from experimentally determined sinking rates of living phytoplankton and small particles. The sinking of large particles such as fecal pellets, zooplankton carcasses, molts and other aggregates would probably provide an important mechanism for the rapid transport. This would contribute a major fraction of the total flux because of its rapidity and large mass per particle although these particles are caught only rarely by the routine water sampling procedure (McCave, 1975).

We designed in situ particle collectors (Fig. 13) and suspended them deep in the water during this cruise to test the above hypothesis. The collector used is a polyethylene bottle about 1 m long with a wide mouth 50 cm in diameter. At the bottom of the collector is connected a glass bottle containing a formalin solution to prevent bacterial decomposition of collected particles during the suspension. The collector is equipped with a lid-cover which is opened while lowered and is closed before upheaval by a tripping messenger system triggered by an electric time releaser.

The collections were performed at Stations 7, 14 and 27 (Table 39), and 2 - 4 collectors were arrayed on a mooring system (Fig. 14) together with the current meters which Dr. K. Takano took charge of.

Samples collected from about 1600 - 1800 m depth at Stations 7 and 27 revealed green color and contained considerable amounts of large fluffy particles including fecal pellets.

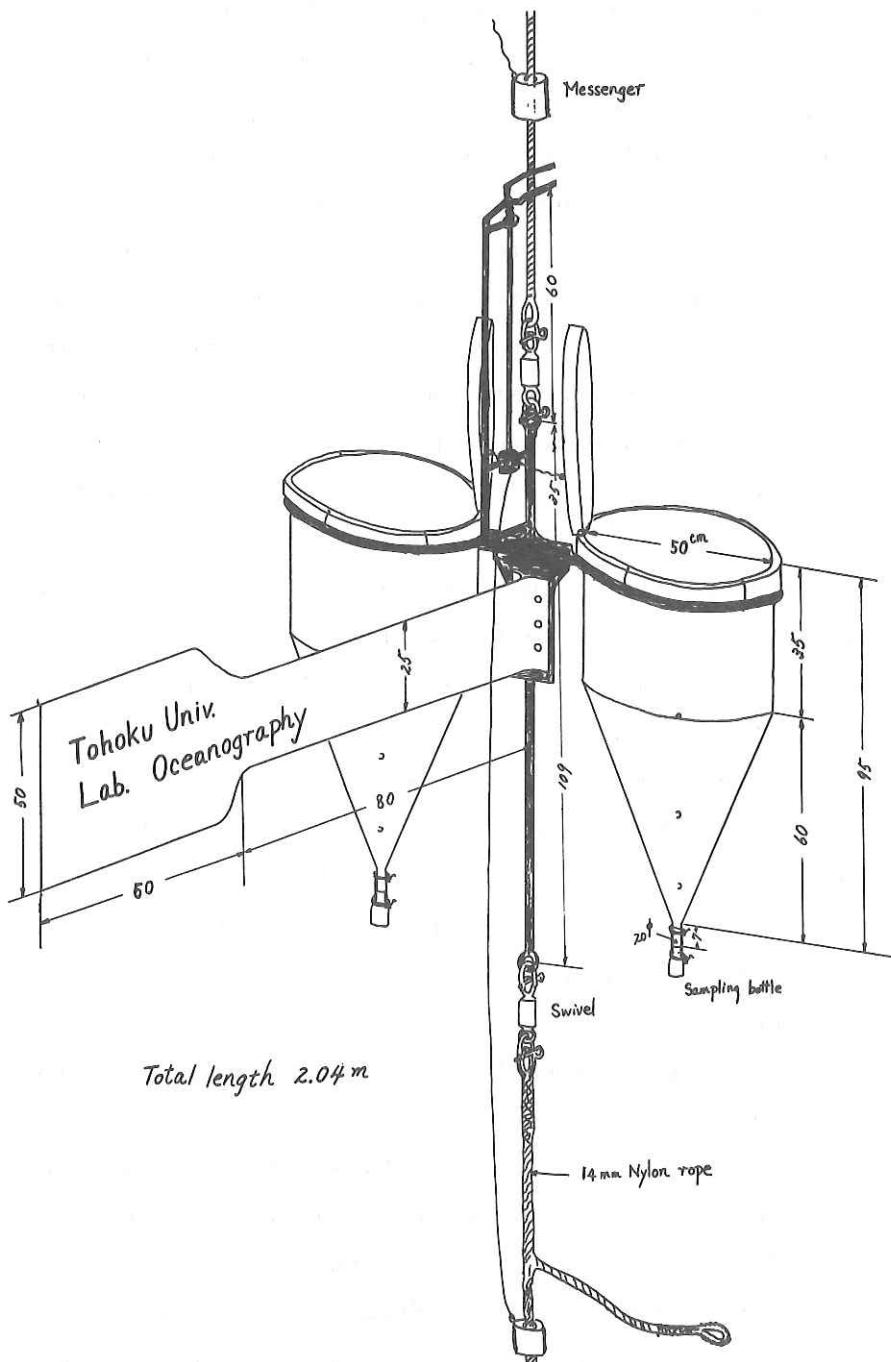


Fig. 13. In situ particle collector

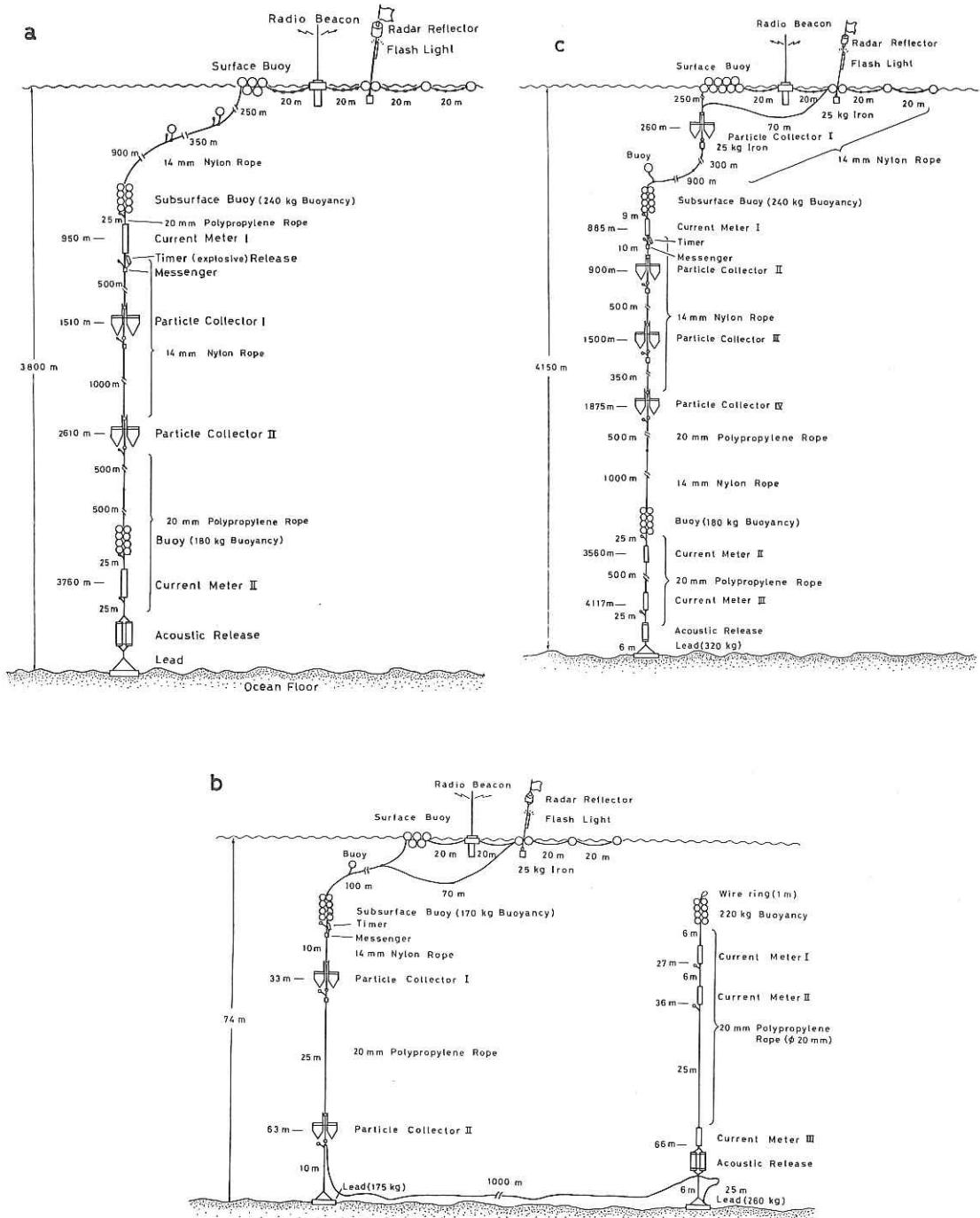


Fig. 14. Moring arrangements. a: at Station 7; b: at Station 14;
c: at Station 27

References

- Nakajima, K. 1971. Suspended particulate matter in the western North Pacific Ocean. Doct. thesis, Fac. Fish. Hokkaido Univ. 106p.
- Ichikawa, T. 1975. Particulate carbon and nitrogen in the Pacific Ocean and adjacent seas. Doct. thesis, Fac. Agri. Tohoku Univ. 130p.
- McCave, I. N. 1975. Vertical flux of particles in the ocean. Deep-Sea Res. 22: 491 - 502.

Table 39. Particle collector record

Sta.	Date	Collection time (hr)	Location		Sampling depth (m)	Bottom depth (m)
			Lat.	Long.		
7	July 2	47	$56^{\circ}59.1'N$	$167^{\circ}00.8'E$	1510	3800
	July 4				2610	
14	July 9	54	$56^{\circ}58.8'N$	$165^{\circ}36.5'W$	33	74
	July				63	
27	July 20	307	$50^{\circ}00.8'N$	$144^{\circ}29.8'W$	260	4150
	Aug. 3				900	
					1500	
					1875	

Distribution of phytoplankton

T. Ishimaru and T. Nemoto

Phytoplankton were collected by vertical haul of NORPAC net (xx13) from 150 m to the surface, and by Van Dorn bottles from predetermined depths between the surface and 200 m. The collected samples were immediately fixed with 10 or 2 % neutralized formalin. Population of macrophytoplankton was examined with net-collected

samples. The water samples were filtered through a HA Millipore filter, and microphytoplankton collected on the filter were dried at 60°C. The Millipore filters were treated with Nikon immersion oil to make transparent and specific composition and population densities of phytoplankton were examined under a phase contrast microscope (Table 40). According to Tsuji et al. (1976), water samples were also fixed with glutaraldehyde, and microphytoplankton were collected on a German TCM 450 filter to examine naked flagellates. The filters were immediately processed with glycine and gelatin to facilitate microscopic inspection. Generally, diatoms were abundant at all stations. This was especially the case with the waters east of Kamchatka peninsula (Stations 5, 6, 7 and 8.). Chaetoceros convolutus, Denticula sp., Nitzschia seriata, Thalassiosira decipiens, Rhizosolenia alata, and Rh. hebetata were widely distributed. Benthic diatoms such as Melosira sulcata and Navicula sp. were found in Bristol Bay.

High population densities of coccolithophorids were found in Gulf of Alaska and its adjacent areas (Stations 26, G3, G4, G5, G6 and 30). Their morphological investigation, using a scanning electron microscope, is now in progress.

Reference

Tsuji, T., Y. Yokota and T. Yanagida (1976).

Proceeding of 1976 Spring Meeting of Oceang. Soc. Japan, 96.

Table 40. Cell number of phytoplankton per milli-litre

		Sta. 2	Sta. 3	Sta. 4	Sta. 5	Sta. 6	Sta. 7											
		0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m					
Diatoms	total number of diatoms	54.6	46.0	18.1	52.8	27.5	26.8	162.7	97.8	173.5	44.3	133.6	170.1	133.1	123.8	29.0	5.2	
Asteromphalus sp.		0.5	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.9	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.4	-	
Biddulphia aurita (Lyngbye) Brevisson		-	-	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Chaetoceros atlanticus Cleve		0.1	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	0.1	35.8	2.8	0.5	2.5	5.1	-	-	-	
Ch. convolutus Castracane		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.9	19.4	1.9	7.6	7.1	6.1	2.5	0.1	-	
Ch. compressus Lauder		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.0	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ch. debilis Cleve		-	-	-	-	17.8	14.2	-	-	2.5	4.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ch. didymus Ehrenberg		-	-	-	-	1.8	-	143.8	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Ch. furcellatus Bailey		-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	0.6	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ch.-Hyalochaeta spp.		-	-	1.9	-	-	-	11.2	-	-	-	5.1	-	39.6	-	11.2	1.6	
Corethron hystrix Hensen		-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	1.5	0.9	0.1	0.5	1.5	-	-	-	0.5	
Coscinodiscus asteromphalus Ehrenberg		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cos. debilis Grove		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cos. marinatus Ehrenberg		-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Denticula sp.		35.8	26.7	8.1	37.3	-	-	-	2.3	4.6	34.8	3.4	47.8	64.0	29.0	4.1	2.0	1.9
Melosira suicata (Ehrenberg) Kützing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Navicula spp.		-	1.1	0.6	-	9.1	4.3	8.3	2.8	26.7	86.2	25.8	54.9	77.2	54.4	100.5	15.2	1.7
Nitzschia seriata Cleve		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
N. delicatissima Cleve		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pleurosigma sp.		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rhizosolenia alata Brightwell		0.5	0.4	-	-	-	1.9	-	-	2.5	5.3	-	7.6	6.1	1.5	2.0	0.1	-
Rh. hebetata Gran		1.0	0.3	-	-	0.3	0.5	0.1	-	3.6	1.5	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.3	-
Thalassionema nitzschioides Grunow		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Thalassiosira decipiens (Grunow) Jørgensen		14.9	15.5	7.5	-	3.3	0.2	4.0	2.2	7.4	9.9	3.9	4.1	6.6	2.5	2.5	8.3	1.1
Thalassiosira longissima Cleve & Grunow		0.9	0.6	-	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	3.6	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	-	-	0.5	1.0	-
Tropidoneis sp.		0.3	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dinoflagellates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cerium spp.		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Peridinium spp.		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dinophysis spp.		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coccolithophorids		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
total number of coccolithophorids		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Silicoflagellates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Distephanus speculum (Ehrenberg) Haeckel		0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	-	-	0.3	0.8	0.1	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	

	Sta. 8					Sta. 9					Sta. 10					Sta. 11					Sta. 12				
	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m				
Diatoms																									
total number of diatoms	101.4	97.1	2.0	28.5	2.4	13.1	12.9	17.0	7.8	16.2	22.1	11.7	36.9	4.7	5.8										
<i>Asteromphalus</i> sp.	0.3	0.8	-	4.1	0.3	-	0.7	0.5	0.4	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Biddulphia aurita</i> (Lyngbye) Brevisson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Chaetoceros atlanticus</i> Cleve	6.6	7.4	0.1	-	0.3	0.3	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Ch. convolutus</i> Castracane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Ch. compressus</i> Lauder	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Ch. debilis</i> Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Ch. didymus</i> Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Ch. furcellatus</i> Bailey	92.5	87.6	0.8	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.1	3.5	1.3	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Ch.-Hyalochaeta</i> spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Corethron hystrix</i> Hensen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Coscinodiscus asteromphalus</i> Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Cos. debilis</i> Grove	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Cos. marginatus</i> Ehrenberg	-	-	1.3	0.8	3.6	0.4	2.2	9.5	13.8	1.9	1.3	2.2	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Denticula</i> sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Melosira sulcata</i> (Ehrenberg) Kützing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Navicula</i> spp.	-	-	-	8.1	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Nitzschia seriata</i> Cleve	2.0	-	-	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	1.3	4.8	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-			
<i>N. delicatissima</i> Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Pleurosigma</i> sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	7.0	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Rhizosolenia alata</i> Brightwell	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Rh. heterata</i> Gran	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.1	0.3	11.2	3.4	2.0	15.9	1.8	1.8	-	-				
<i>Thalassionema nitzschiae</i> Grunow	-	-	-	0.3	12.7	1.0	7.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Thalassiosira decipiens</i> (Grunow) Jørgensen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	1.4	1.6	3.7	1.1	1.0	1.5	3.2	0.4	1.1	-	-	-	-				
<i>Thalassiothrix longissima</i> Cleve & Grunow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.4	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Tropidoneis</i> sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Dinoflagellates																									
<i>Cerium</i> spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Peridinium</i> spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
<i>Dinophysis</i> spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Coccolithophorids																									
total number of coccolithophorids	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1				
Silicoflagellates																									
<i>Distephanus speculum</i> (Ehrenberg) Haekel	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				

	Sta. 13				Sta. 14				Sta. 15				Sta. 16				Sta. 17				
	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m
Diatoms																					
total number of diatoms	21.6	7.4	2246.6	58.5	62.7	33.6	35.8	53.9	13.0	40.7	46.0	29.2	14.3	21.8	22.7						
Asteromphalus sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biddulphia aurita (Lyngbye) Brønsvig	0.6	0.9	12.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetoceros atlanticus Cleve	15.0	5.2	-	57.7	62.7	30.2	-	32.5	12.2	-	-	-	12.4	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-
Ch. convolutus Castracane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. compressus Lauder	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. debilis Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. didymus Ehrenberg	0.6	0.5	2115.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	3.8	-	-	19.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. furcellatus Bailey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	38.1	4.6	15.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch.-Halicheta spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corethron hystrix Hansen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coscinodiscus asteromphalus Ehrenberg	-	-	1.3	-	-	0.8	-	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Cos. debilis Grove	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	1.0	6.9	10.9	13.0	-	-	-
Cos. marinatus Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Denticula sp.	3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melosira sulcata (Ehrenberg) Kützing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.8	-	-	9.1	3.0	4.8	3.5	6.9	-	-	-	-
Navicula spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	0.2	1.3	0.3	-
Nitzschia seriata Cleve	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N. delicatissima Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pleurosigma sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	1.9	5.1	2.0	-
Rhizosolenia alata Brightwell	0.1	0.3	2.5	-	-	-	-	3.3	27.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.8	-	-	-
Rh. hebetata Gran	0.8	-	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	13.0	-	0.1	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thalassionema nitzschiooides Grunow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	-	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thalassionema decipiens (Grunow) Jørgensen	-	0.5	114.3	-	-	2.3	-	-	-	0.8	-	-	-	0.3	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thalassiothrix longissima Cleve & Grunow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tropidonia sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinoflagellates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cerium spp.	0.6	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peridinium spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.3	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinophysis spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coccolithophorids	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
total number of coccolithophorids	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Silicoflagellates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distephanus speculum (Ehrenberg) Haeckel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3

	Sta. 18	Sta. 19	Sta. 20	G1	Sta. 26 (G2)	G3	G4
	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	0 m
Diatoms total number of diatoms	132.8	75.7	119.2	25.3	32.3	18.5	37.0
Asteromphalus sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biddulphia aurita (Lyngbye) Brevisson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetoceros atlanticus Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. convolutus Castracane	14.7	16.3	59.2	-	1.3	0.5	0.3
Ch. compressus Lauder	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.1
Ch. debilis Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. didymus Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. furcellatus Bailey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch.-Halothaeta spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corethron hystrix Hensen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coscinodiscus asteromphalus Ehrenberg	0.2	0.2	0.8	-	-	-	-
Cos. marginatus Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Denticula sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melosira sulcata (Ehrenberg) Kützing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Navicula spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nitzschia seriata Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
N. delicatissima Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pleurosigma sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhizosolenia alata Brightwell	0.3	0.3	-	0.5	0.5	0.8	-
Rh. hebetata Gran	0.3	-	-	-	1.0	0.5	-
Thalassionema nitzschioides Grunow	-	-	5.0	2.3	5.1	-	-
Thalassiosira decipiens (Grunow) Jørgensen	-	3.0	-	-	8.2	6.8	-
Thalassiosira longissima Cleve & Grunow	0.5	-	-	-	3.0	0.1	-
Tropidoneis sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinoflagellates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cerium spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peridinium spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinophysis spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coccolithophorids total number of coccolithophorids	-	-	-	-	-	133.3	94.2
Silicoflagellates	-	-	-	-	0.8	0.5	0.1
Distephanus speculum (Ehrenberg) Haeckel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						70.7	33.5

	G5	G6	Sta. 30	Sta. 33	Sta. 35			
	0 m	0 m	0 m	20 m	50 m	20 m	50 m	0 m
Diatoms								
total number of diatoms	11.5	26.2	0.5	5.4	2.4	8.9	9.5	15.2
Asteromphalus sp.	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	-
Biddulphia aurita (Lyngbye) Brivissen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetoceros atlanticus Cleve	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.4
Ch. convolutus Castracane	-	-	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6
Ch. compressus Lauder	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.1
Ch. debilis Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. didymus Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch. furcellatus Bailey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ch.-Hyalochaeta spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corethron hystrix Hensen	0.1	-	0.1	0.3	-	-	-	-
Coscinodiscus asteromphalus Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cos. debilis Grove	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cos. marinatus Ehrenberg	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.1	-
Denticula sp.	1.7	-	-	3.3	-	3.8	2.2	2.7
Melosira sulcata (Ehrenberg) Kützing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Navicula spp.	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	4.6	9.5
Nitzschia seriata Cleve	8.3	15.8	-	-	-	-	-	7.6
N. delicatissima Cleve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pleurosigma sp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhizosolenia alata Brightwell	0.8	8.3	0.1	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.6	1.3
Rh. hebetata Gran	-	0.8	-	-	0.3	-	-	-
Thalassionema nitzschioides Grunow	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thalassiosira decipiens (Grunow) Jörgensen	0.6	1.3	-	0.3	0.5	1.4	1.0	0.5
Thalassiotrix longissima Cleve & Grunow	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.1	0.1	3.0
Tropidoneis sp.	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-
Dinoflagellates	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	-
Cerium spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peridinium spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dinophysis spp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coccolithophorids								
total number of coccolithophorids	15.5	97.0	8.1	69.8	10.2	3.3	1.4	1.3
Silicoflagellates	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	0.3	-
Distephanus speculum (Ehrenberg) Haeckel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Studies on zooplankton and micronekton

T. Nemoto and T. Ishimaru

Following sampling methods were adopted to collect zooplankton and micronekton in the Bering Sea and its adjacent waters:

Water bottle sampling for ultraplankton,
NORPAC net sampling for general zooplankton,
MTD net sampling for macrozooplankton,
ORI net sampling for macrozooplankton and micronekton,
IKMT net sampling for micronekton, and
Neuston net sampling for neuston.

The biomass of zooplankton, macrozooplankton and micronekton were measured (Table 41). Pisces micronekton biomass was extremely high in the Bering Sea. Two myctophids, Stenobranchius leucopsarus and S. nonnachir, were dominant species. Pelagic shrimps, mysids and euphausiids were also other important components in micronekton. However, they showed more local differences in abundance.

The feeding behavior of micronekton was examined. Euphausiids mainly feed on phytoplankton at night. On the other hand, mesopelagic mysids take detritus. Pelagic shrimps which come up the epipelagic zone feed on copepods.

The food and feeding structures of micronektonic fishes were studied on board ship. The weights of stomach contents and species of food items were examined. The most of Myctophids feed on zooplankton. The active migrants, Stenobranchius leucopsarus, and S. nonnachir are feeding mainly on Calanus plumchrus and ostracods in the epipelagic zone. The weights of stomach contents amount about up to 3 %, which is considerably higher than the results obtained for myctophids in other areas. Chauliodus sp. takes large prey of fish up to 7 % of body weight. There are clear diurnal rhythm in feeding, namely these micronektonic fishes usually take their food at night.

Table 41. Biomass (wet weight, g/1,000 m³) of micro-nekton collected by KH-75-4 Cruise

Station no.	Depth (m)	Fish	Pelagic shrimps	Mysids	Euphausiids	Copepods	Amphipods	Chaetognaths	Pelagic squids	Anomuran decapods	Polychaetes
3	640	0.78	0.58	0.15	2.31	+	0.15	0.08	0.06	-	+
3	1,400	2.38	0.48	0.24	0.27	-	0.02	-	0.11	+	--
4	700	3.69	0.66	0.03	0.68	0.03	0.02	0.13	0.01	-	--
6	600	1.66	1.05	0.13	0.99	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.14	+	-
7	520	3.39	0.04	0.07	0.35	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.04	-	0.01
7	1,400	1.17	0.52	0.43	0.11	0.02	0.01	0.01	+	-	+
8	570	3.18	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.11	0.03	0.04	0.03	-	+
10	520	2.02	0.02	0.02	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.05	-	+
11	450	8.21	0.73	0.16	2.08	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.03	-	0.01
11	960	1.63	0.61	0.39	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	-	+
12	45	-	-	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-
20	630	3.08	0.08	0.18	0.85	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	-	-
26	720	1.46	0.41	0.11	0.04	-	0.02	0.01	0.04	-	+
27	590	2.72	0.25	0.11	0.56	+	0.03	0.12	0.03	-	-
33	1,000	1.32	0.55	0.28	0.16	0.09	-	0.11	0.31	-	0.01

Ecological study of zooplankton and neuston in the subarctic waters
of the Pacific Ocean
T. Tsujita and M. Kamba

Zooplankton and larval fishes were collected from very surface and subsurface layer to investigate the community structure of neuston with special reference to specific composition, biomass and its circadian changes in the Bering Sea and the northern North Pacific Ocean.

Neuston samplings were carried out using a specially designed two-stage neuston net (20x40 cm rectangular mouth, 260 cm netting with 0.33 mm mesh opening) (Fig. 15). Neuston samples from 0-10 cm and 10-30 cm layers were separately collected. The net was towed at a speed of 1.5 to 2 knots for 10 minutes. The sampling were made at 15 stations in the Bering Sea and the northern North Pacific Ocean.

MTD nets were simultaneously towed at depths of 0, 5, 10, 30, 50 and 100 m. The net tows were repeated three to five times a day to obtain information for vertical migration of zooplankton. The plankton samples obtained were preserved in 5-10 % neutral formalin seawater. Wet weight of the samples collected by MTD nets was measured on board ship and expressed in gram wet weight per a haul (Table 42).

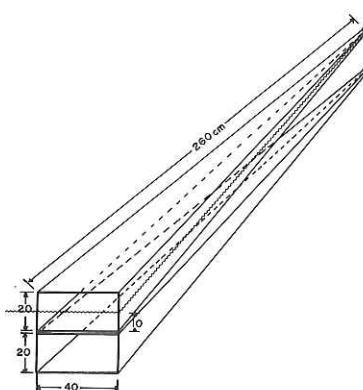


Fig. 15. Neuston net used

Table 42. Data on zooplankton samplings by neuston net and MTD net

Sta. No.	Date	Time	Location		Wet weight per a haul (gr.)					
			Net in	Net out	0 m	5 m	10 m	30 m	50 m	100 m
4	June 29	0954-1004	49-38.9N 157-01.9E	49-38.4N 158-00.7E	199.2	604.7	221.9	101.8	58.7	10.2
5	June 30	0550-0600	51-59.8N 161-59.6E	52-00.1N 162-00.7E	102.1	107.6	5.0	27.9	198.2	87.1
6	July 1	2024-2034	54-35.9N 164-45.2E	54-36.8N 164-34.1E	84.1	108.1	31.5	76.9	35.4	17.9
7	July 3	0651-0701	56-56.8N 167-05.1E	56-56.8N 167-05.3E	29.6	123.9	54.2	75.2	52.9	27.2
7	July 3	1348-1358	56-58.1N 167-08.3E	56-58.1N 167-07.2E	24.3	18.0	46.9	40.2	35.4	15.4
7	July 3	2106-2116	56-58.5N 167-05.1E	56-58.4N 167-04.6E	73.0	86.0	58.5	48.6	22.3	No sample
7	July 4	0213-0223	56-58.5N 167-09.9E	56-58.4N 167-09.3E	36.8	95.0	72.5	53.8	6.2	14.5
7	July 4	0738-0748	56-59.2N 167-08.9E	56-59.3N 167-07.5E	31.3	47.8	28.7	44.2	39.0	39.2
8	July 5	1220-1230	57-00.2N 171-03.1E	57-00.1N 171-04.8E	6.3	11.4	86.3	135.9	97.5	24.1
9	July 6	1342-1352	56-59.9N 174-53.3E	56-59.8N 174-53.6E	1.6	2.8	4.3	50.2	14.0	9.2
10	July 7	1522-1532	57-01.6N 179-14.7E	57-01.8N 179-15.3E	25.9	99.2	53.6	67.1	46.1	13.4
11	July 7'	0335-0345	57-02.2N 176-58.5W	57-03.0N 176-57.3W	83.4	145.5	98.9	65.4	36.5	10.8
11	July 7'	1500-1510	57-05.5N 176-56.1W	57-06.3N 176-57.3W	74.1	50.0	110.6	94.7	21.3	13.0
11	July 8	0207-0217	57-03.9N 177-01.1W	57-03.9N 177-00.7W	82.5	60.7	80.9	19.4	9.4	5.8
12	July 9	0927-0937	57-01.9N 172-27.3W	57-01.7N 172-27.5W	43.4	22.5	23.3	22.5	32.7	4.5
13	July 10	0128-0138	56-59.0N 168-00.0W	56-58.5N 167-59.6W	3.4	2.5	5.6	9.6	6.0	No sample
15	July 10	2240-2250	56-59.8N 162-55.8W	56-59.6N 162-52.7W	27.5	40.5	32.7	26.6 (20 m)	61.0 (30 m)	
17	July 11	1927-1937	59-33.9N 167-00.3W	59-34.5N 167-00.3W	3.2	3.7	5.2	6.1 (15 m)		
20	July 13	1937-1947	55-01.8N 168-09.5W	55-02.2N 168-08.5W	3.0	8.6	1.9	10.1	3.8	9.5
26	July 18	2132-2142	49-57.3N 155-03.9W	49-56.7N 155-04.8W	13.8	No sample	17.1	19.6	10.8	6.9
30	Aug. 3	0021-0031	49-57.3N 144-28.0W	49-57.4N 144-28.2W	21.1	19.4	13.3	9.2	13.7	No sample
30	Aug. 3	0535-0545	49-57.5N 144-29.1W	49-57.4N 144-29.7W	5.2	8.1	11.0	32.4	6.3	17.1
30	Aug. 3	1221-1231	49-57.0N 144-32.0W	49-57.0N 144-33.0W	1.2	1.8	2.0	37.9	6.6	14.5

MTD net: mouth dia.; 56 cm, mouth area; 2,462 cm², towing speed; 1.5-2 knots.

Current measurement

K. Takano

Short period current measurements using EG & G model 102 current meters were done by three moorings with pellet collectors as shown in Fig.14. The first one was installed at $56^{\circ}59.1'N$, $167^{\circ}00.8'E$ by Sta. 7 for two days, the second at $56^{\circ}58.8'N$, $165^{\circ}36.5'W$ by Sta. 13 for a little more than two days, and the last at $50^{\circ}00.8'N$, $144^{\circ}29.8'W$ by Sta. 27 for two weeks.

All were recovered. At the second site, however, current meter mooring components such as current meters, ropes, subsurface buoys, lead, acoustic release were so severely entangled that two current meters were lying down on the floor and the surfacing of the system after the release was prevented, although the pellet collector mooring line was properly set and properly recovered. The measurements at the other two sites were successful. The subsurface buoy was buoyant enough to keep the heavy mooring line almost vertical.

All the records are being analyzed.

Gravity measurement at sea

H. Fujimoto

Track of the ship : Fig. 1, Observed period : June 21-Aug. 18, 1975

Gravity meter system : T. S. S. G.; Gravity meter : Model Z-68-7-14 (string type); Vertical Gyro : Model 72-A (0.05 sec. sampling rate)

Gravity meter calibration points : Harumi, Tokyo ; Dutch Harbor, Alaska ; Vancouver, B. C.; Harumi, Tokyo

Trouble with gravity meter : None

Position fixing : Dead reckoned navigation, NNSS

Out of order time of NNSS : None

Out of order time of PDR : None