

エルンガ・コルワ語民話『蛍の婿』*

Bandhu Ram 口述

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キーワード：丘陵コルワ語 ムンダ語 オーストロアジア語 民話 書き起こし

要旨

2015年3月に録音した、オーストロアジア語族ムンダ語派ケルワル語群の文法未記述言語であるエルンガ・コルワ語の民話を書き起こし、語注と訳を付した。

はじめに

本稿は、2015年3月10日にインド・チャッティースガル州ジャシュプル県カド・パニ村で同村の50代男性 Bandhu Ram 氏から録音した民話を、同村助役 Phaguwa Ram 氏と小学校教諭 Pandri Bai 氏の解説のもと書き起こし、行間語釈と英訳を付したものである。調査の概要は Bai, Bhinsari and Masato Kobayashi (2015) を参照されたい。本テキストの音声ファイルは http://gengo.1.u-tokyo.ac.jp/ernga/150310_BandhuRam_firefly.mp3 にある。

エルンガ・コルワ語の音素は最大次の通り：a, i, u, e, o, 長音 ā, ī, ū, ē, ō とそれらの鼻母音 ā, ī, ū, ē, ō 等, k, k^h, g, g^h, c, c^h, j [dʒ], j^h, t, t^h, d, d^h, p, p^h, b, b^h, ŋ, ɲ, (ŋ), n, m, r, ɽ, l, w, y [j], s, h, ʔ。

凡例：斜体は借用語であることを表す。- は形態素境界、=は接語境界を、´ は内破音を表す。略号：1: first person; 2: second person; 3: third person; CAUS: causative; CLF: classifier; COMP: complementizer; COMPL: completive; CVB: converb; EXPR: expressive; FIN: finiteness; GEN: genitive; IMP: imperative; INAN: inanimate; INCL: inclusive; ITJ: interjection; ITR: intransitive; LOC: locative; NEG: negative; NPST: nonpast; OBJ: object; ONOM: onomatopoeia; PASS: passive; PL: plural; POS: possessive; PRF: perfect; PST: past; RED: reduplicant; REFL: reflexive; REL: relativizer; SG: singular.

0'00 mi-go^huj pahil sāt-juga-ʔa kahani dohon-en-a aur kathaguyt doho-nen-a hana
one-CLF former seven-era-GENstory be-PST-FIN and storyITJ be-PST-FIN this
This is a story of very olden times, seven eras ago.

0'11 ab=ijn kahāni-ta=ɲ ma ab=ijn mer=ijn ririj-a hole
now=I tell-NPST=1SG that now=1SGnot=1SG forget-FIN if
I am now telling it, if I have not forgotten it.

0'16 sapayāt-ku kahani ahana guyt
old.person-PL story this ITJ
This is a story of old people.

0'21 ka pahil juge-re=ko doho-nen-a
COMP former era-LOC=3PL be-PST-FIN

* Phaguwa Ram, Pandri Bai の両氏および訪問を周到に計画下さった Bablu Tirkey 氏に心からの謝意を表す。本研究は科学研究費補助金（基盤研究 C: 26370475）による成果である。

They lived in an ancient era.

0'27 baɽe baɽe=ku doho-nen-a sapāyaɽ-ku
big big=3PL be-PST-FIN old.person-PL

The people of olden times were big.

0'33 se haku do hoɽ-ku doho-nen-a =ku kām k^heti jōm-a
then those TOP person-PL be-PST-FIN 3PL workcultivation eat-FIN

Those people used to get food by cultivation work.

0'37 =ku kām kām =ku kām buɽao-goɽ-a=ku kahī k^hiti-bari mer hoy-a
3PL workwork3PL workdie-PRF-FIN=3PL anywhere cultivation not become-FIN

Working and working, they expired one by one. There was no crop.

0'44 se hanku kām buɽao-goɽ-a do mer hoy-a-ʔ-a
then those workdie-PRF-FIN then not become-PST-FIN

They worked and expired. There was no crop.

0'46 ukar.bād-re hanku katao-a ne goy lain-ku kara.uɽi=bu kām
after.that-LOC those talk-FIN ITJ ITJ child-PL how=1PL.INCL work
jiyao-ta goy
live-NPST ITJ

Then they talked. 'Look, children, how shall we cultivate and survive?'

0'52 kara.uɽi cila =bu jiye-jage-ta
how what 1PL.INCL live-cook-NPST

'How shall we live, and what shall we cook?'

0'58 bohre lain-ku do=bu atiɽ-jom goy aman
ITJ child-PL let's.go=1PL.INCL dig-eat ITJ that

'Well, children, let's dig and eat something! Let's go!'

1'03 =bu kām jom-ta? do mer hoy-a-ʔ-a tabu sēnahī do=bu
1PL.INCL work eat-NPST then not become-NPST then let's.go let's.go.1PL.INCL
ab=bu
now=1PL.INCL

'We were getting food by cultivation, but there was not enough crop. Let's go now!'

1'09 kanda-kuila jeljaɽjail gāeɽ-lakōa jeljaɽjael-te =bu jiya? goy
root-tuber root tuber.name-tuber.name root-with =1PL.INCL live ITJ

'We will live with tuber and roots, *gaet* and *lakoa*.'

1'16 do=bu hama apan-apan=bu ɽel-idi-jom
let's.go=1PL ITJ self-self 1PL.INCL look-bring-eat

‘Let’s go, now each of us will look for tubers, take them back and eat them.’

1'22 ab naŋɔ̃ do =bu kām sota-ɔ̃-a mer hoyag-a na
 now here TOP IPL.INCL worktry-PST-FIN not become-FIN isn't.it

‘Here we tried and worked, but there is no crop, is there?’

1'25 se apan-apangaɔ̃a jom =ku sēn-a =ku
 then self-self dig eat =3PL go-FIN =3PL

Each of them went to dig and eat.

1'30 jama-ku tora =ku ab apan-j^hapan atij-jom tora =ku
 all-3PL go.FIN 3PL now self-ECHO dig-eat go 3PL

They all went. Now each of them went to dig and eat.

1'37 apan-apan pahaɔ̃ se bar-hoɔ̃ ɔ̃kɔ̃a ɔ̃kɔ̃i =kin hakin =ku
 self-self jungle fromtwo-CLS old.man old.woman 3DU they.DU 3PL
 aɔ̃aʔ-aɔ̃ud-a -kin ekla =ku higar-goɔ̃-tetkin
 abandon-leave-FIN -3DU alone 3PL become.alone-PRF-CVB

[There were] two people, an old man and woman. Having become separate, they left those two people alone.

1'45 ukar:bād-re hakin waser-peska-muŋɔ̃aic-te =kin
 after.that-LOC they.DU tuber.name-tuber.name-tuber.name-with 3DU
 atij atij-ken atij and^hra-yan
 dig dig-PRF dig became.dark-PST

After they were left alone, they were digging *waser*, *peska* and *mundaic* tubers. Then it became dark.

1'54 tabu wec-laga =kin bayao-yan hakin do be-aigina kaɔ̃i
 then come-for 3DU be.confused-PST they.DU TOP without-fire wood
 be-seŋgelna j^hori-re
 without-fire brushwood-LOC

Then the couple became at a loss, unable to join others. They had no fire on their firewood or brushwood.

2'00 ne sayāɔ̃i kara.uɔ̃i =laŋ dewer-ta
 ITJ lady how =1DU go.home-NPST

‘How shall we go home, dear?’

2'03 do=me ber hae to sēn-a =e aɔ̃i lambu-ta do=laŋ
 then=IPTV sun that TOP go-FIN 3SG leave sink-NPST then=1DU
 dewer jom-ta jama-ko dewer-yan-a
 go.home eat-NPST all-PL go.home-PST-FIN

‘The sun is setting now, leaving us alone. Everyone got food and went home.’

2'11 do ab haec' dɔkra =e. kata-e-tan sayãti =laŋ gaða
 then now that old.man 3SG speak-3SG.OBJ-NPST lady 1DU dig
 d̪ai=laŋ aŋ tukaʔ-t-alaŋ pere-juʔ-a alaŋ gaðaɛ tobe.do
 keep=1DU I basket-POSS-1DU fill-not.yet-FIN 1DU dig let's.go.on

The old man said, 'Dear, let's keep digging while our baskets are not full. Let's go on digging.'

2'22 =laŋ goʔ-ʔuŋiwa ne=laŋ haneʔnama =laŋ jom idi-ter-a
 1DU collect-pile ITJ=1DU after.that 1DU eat bring-PRF-FIN

'Let us collect and pile up the tubers. After that, let us (?) take them home in order to eat them.'

2'27 and^hra-reʔ-laŋ-ta sayãti do=me gaŋ jom ida
 become.dark-stop-1DU-NPST lady let's.go=2SG cook eat be

'Dear, it is getting dark and we are left here. We have to cook and eat the tubers!'

2'33 are do=me do=iŋ sudi-tan nahĩ
 ITJ let's.go=IPTV let's.go=1SG live-NPST no?

'Let's do that and stay alive, shalln't we?'

2'36 mi-hoŋ araʔ-laŋ mi-goʔuŋ buid=e ewa-ter-iŋ-a hana buid-re =laŋ
 one-CLF son.in.law-1DU one-CLF idea=3SG give-PRF-1SG-FIN that idea-LOC=1DU
 sen-ta
 go-NPST

'Our son-in-law, he gave me an idea. Let's go with that idea.'

2'44 do hãic'tohõ arat haẽ hãic'pipĩoŋ ja=e araʔ-ter-a ja
 then he too son.in.law he that firefly ITJ=3SG make.son.in.law-PRF-FIN ITJ

He had a son-in-law. He made a firefly his son-in-law.

2'52 hanae macua=e arat-ter-a do hãe ab
 he FILLER=3SG make.son.in.law-PRF-FIN then he now

He made it his son-in-law.

2'55 hana d̪eyat gatarsengel s̪en-a hana=e katao-aʔne
 that behind body fire go-FIN it=3SG speak-CVB

Fire bums at the hinder part of the firefly's body. He told [the old man and said the following.]

2'58 ki iŋ-araʔ han-uŋi s̪e[n-a] katao-aʔ-iŋ-a
 COMP I-son.in.law that-way 3SG go-FIN tell-PRF-1SG-FIN

'My son-in-law told me [that he] goes that way.'

3'03 do hãe hanʔa buid-re doho-nen hanʔa ayum-ta teʔkan
 then he that idea-LOC be-PST that hear-NPST CVB

He lives with that idea (of lighting his own bottom). [The old man] heard that, and

3'08 ber buḡao-nenka ḡokrat=e katao-a sayāṭi
 sun set-CVB old.man=3SG speak-FIN lady
 he spoke after the sun set, 'Dear,'

3'12 man nuhu do ara-ij kar-ece-re =ij katao-am-ta
 that now TOP son.in.law-I way-FILLER-LOC =1SG talk-2SG-NPST
 'now I am talking to you, with the idea of our son-in-law.'

3'18 man nuhudo man =ij sobg-eṅ=me ja ij- deī-gatar
 that now TOP that =1SG shove-1SG=IPTV ITJ I- back-body
 'Now let's do that. Shove [fire] in my buttocks.'

3'22 sobge-ṅ=me ja ij- deī-gatar ij ece deī-gatar hole
 shove-1SG=IPTV ITJ 1SG- back-body 1SG FILLER back-body then
 seṅgel uḡmu?-ta han?a marsal-re =laṅ sen-ta
 fire emit-NPST that light-LOC =1DU go-NPST
 'Shove [it into] me, my buttocks. Then my back will emit fire. We will go with that light.'

3'32 do hāic ḡokrat hō haic sayāṭit baṅea-roṭabuḡi rem-teṭ
 then he old.man too she old.woman big-big shovel raise-CVB
 Then the old lady lifted up a very big shovel.

3'38 ḡokrat han do haṅḡa hai deī sobo? goc gotedḡ
 old.man that then there she back shove kill COMPL
 She shoved it in the bottom of the old man and killed him.

3'45 ab=e sobo? goc gotedḡ ikar.bād-re do ab haic ḡokra do
 now=3SGshove kill COMPL after.this-LOC then now he old.man TOP
 karat-hor=e rem-u?-na =kin wec
 which.side raise-REFL-CVB 3DU come

Now she shoved it and killed her husband. Now which side of the body is he going to [light and] lift up, and how can they go back?

3'51 sayāṭit hae ab haṅḡa ab =e duru? ango-teṭna
 lady she now there now 3SG sit let.it.dawn-CVB
 Now the old woman collapsed and was sitting there until morning came.

3'57 ab haic sayāṭit hāe han-ra? iyam-tan kahī hoṭ naha mata macua mi-hoṭ
 now she lady that that-GEN cry-NPST some person this then FILLER one-CLF
 Now the old woman was crying about him. Then one person [was there].

4'10 cuamana hāe cele hoṭ doho-nen-a haic ayumyam-teḡitke katao-e-tan
 who.knows that what person be-PST-FIN he hear-CVB speak-3SG-NPST

Who knows what a person he was? He heard her crying voice and talked to her,

4'17 cila-laga =m iyam-ta sayāṭi
what-for 2SG cry-NPSTlady

‘Why are you crying, madam?’

4'20 se cila-laga =ṅ iyam-ta iṅ do nae hena ḍokra=ṅ naṛa-uṭi-yan-a
ITJ what-for 1SG cry-NPSTI TOP this then old.man=1SG this-way-PST-FIN

‘[Are you askin] why I am crying? I did this to my husband.’

4'25 kae karec-nen-a nae
what do.what-PST-FIN this

‘How on earth did it happen?’

4'28 aliṅ do atij jom =liṅ wec-eḍ-a han-mela =e kata-uduṛa-ter-iṅ-a
we.DU TOP dig eat 1DU come-PST-FIN that-time 3SG talk-say-PRF-1SG-FIN
arat-kar
son.in.law-GEN

‘We two came here in order to dig and eat tubers. At that time he told me about our son-in-law’s [idea].’

4'35 =e uduṛa-ter-i-a hanṛa buid-re mane iṅ nehen=e
3SG talked-PRF-3SG-FIN that idea-LOC namely I now=3SG
kata-uduṛ bedḥawa-ter-iṅ-a
talk-say give.the.idea-PRF-1SG-FIN

‘[Our son-in-law] told [my husband that idea], and my husband explained to me about that idea.’

4'42 soboṛ-ḷ-a gotedṭiy-a ka nahen ḍokra-ṅ do=e goj`-e-a
shove-3SG-PST COMPL-FIN COMP now old.man-1SG TOP=3SG kill-3SG-PST

‘I shoved [a shovel] into him. And I killed my husband.’

4'46 hana lagam=aṅ iyam-ta kara.uṭi =ṅ sen kara.dur =iṅ sen
that for=1SG cry-NPSThow 1SG go which.way 1SG go

‘That is why I am crying. How and which way shall I go?’

4'51 kahike mane iyam-a do haic mi-hoṛ kata-teḍ aha=m iyam-a
say.CVB namely cry-FIN then he one-person speak-PRF don't=2SG cry-FIN

Saying that, she cried. Then that man said, ‘Don’t cry.’

4'56 iṅ am =iṅ goṛ-me-ta ar=iṅ uduṛw-am-ta hana dur =me sen
I you 1SG take-2SG-NPST and=1SG talk-2SG-NPST that road =2SG go

‘I will take you, and I will tell you which way to go.’

5'03 se hāc mata dur macua hane awir sodor-teḍ-i
then he thereupon road FILLER that take.alongreach-PRF-3SG

He took her along on a road and took her back.

5'09 *ikar.bād-re hae kořarto ořa? macua=e awir sodor-tr-i-a*
 after.this-LOC he granddaughter house FILLER=3SG take.alongreach-PRF-3SG-FIN

After he took her back, he took her to her granddaughter's house.

5'12 *do kořarto ořa? =e awir sodor-ter-i-?ka katao-e-tan*
 then granddaughter house 3SG take.alongreach-PRF-3SG-CVB speak-3SG-NPST

After he took her to her granddaughter's house, [the old woman] told [her granddaughter],

5'19 *neka kořar=iŋ natnin=eŋ kara.uři om kata-udu? bed^ha?-ter-a*
 say granddaughter=1SG granddaughter=1SG how ITJ talk-speakgive-PRF-FIN

'Listen, my granddaughter, how [he] got the idea [of kindling himself].'

5'24 *man am-ric' aja do=iŋ sobo? goc-goteđ-i-a*
 that you-GEN grandfather TOP=1SG shove kill-COMPL-3SG-FIN

'I shoved [a shovel to] your grandfather and killed him.'

5'29 *han?a=m kata-ter-a han?a uři=iŋ salao-teđ do goc'-(n)atud-iŋ-a*
 that=2SG say-PRF-FIN that way=1SG bang.down-CVB then kill-leave-1SG-FIN

'He told me to do that. I banged down the shovel that way. I killed him and left there.'

5'36 *kara.uři=iŋ jiyao*
 how=1SG live

'How shall I live?'

5'38 *haic kořarto kata-teđ*
 that granddaughter say-CVB

The granddaughter said,

5'42 *tumin ka haŋđa-naŋđa dāřa cuwer-ko-a*
 how.muchCOMP here-there roam turn.around-3PL-FIN

'How much did you roam here and there?'

5'45 *sayāři naŋđama mi-re=laŋ jiya*
 lady here one-LOC=1DU live

'Grandma, let us live here together.'

5'49 *=laŋ jiya?-ta se.nahī ki*
 1DU live-NPST please COMP

'We will live [together], shall'nt we?'

5'52 *am sen-a anam ŋam goy iŋ sen iniŋ ŋam goy*
 you go-FIN you.EMPH find ITJ I go I.EMPH find ITJ

‘When you go out, you will find food. When I go, I will do so.’

5'56 aur mi-re suru-k^huru =laŋ
and one-LOC huddle.together =1DU

‘We will huddle together in one place.’

5'58 aru jom-ta mi-re =laŋ jiyaʔ-ta
and eat-NPST one-LOC =1DU live-NPST

‘We will eat and live together.’

6'02 aur deĩ-dur tononj gatar=ku wec hole anama ij =me war-eŋ=me
and back-way any body=3PL come if you.EMPH I 2SG send=IPTV

‘If anyone comes later, send me there.’

6'07 sompa-ijn kahike jiyat =e kataoa-ter-a
marry.off-me say.CVB grandmother 3SG speak-PRF-FIN

‘Marry me off.’ She said that to her grandmother.

6'13 hanku sompa-kue jiyao-nenakin jagao-nenaka hãe sompa-teŋ-i-a
those marry.off-3PL live-CVB eat-CVB she marry.off-PRF-3SG-FIN

They marry off [their children]. Living and eating, [the old lady] married off the granddaughter.

6'20 =e sompa-teŋ-i ikar.bãd-re cuamana kara rajj-re
3SG marry.off-PRF-3SG after.this-LOC who.knows which country-LOC
sompateŋ-i-a kara gaõ-re
marry.off-PRF-3SG.FIN which village-LOC

She married her off. In some country, in some village, she married off her granddaughter.

6'26 hante hõ hãic sayãŋit mer sudig-a
then too she lady not know-FIN

Even the old lady did not know where she married her off.

6'30 sayãŋit hõ enekle jiya-ʔ-a hante koŋarto hõ enekle
lady too alone.EMPH live-PST-FIN then granddaughter too alone.EMPH
jiya-ʔ-a natnin
live-PST-FIN granddaughter

Then the old woman lived by herself. The granddaughter also lived by herself.

参考文献

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An Ernga-Korwa (Hill Korwa) Folk Tale, “Son-in-law who is a Firefly”

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Keywords: Ernga, Hill Korwa, Kherwarian Munda, Austroasiatic, glossed transcript

Abstract

A glossed and translated transcript of a folk tale told by Mr. Bandhu Ram on March 2015 in Ernga Korwa (Hill Korwa), a language of the Kherwarian subgroup of the Munda branch of the Austroasiatic family.

(こばやし・まさと 東京大学准教授)